Mail Order Parcel Post

Weekly Mail Order Catalogue—The Store at Your Door—Save These Timely Advertisements

Shirt and Pants Both for $1.00

Bargain Outfit Worth $3.50

Send No Money

Trousers are of strong, dark Cottonade material (may be sewed thoroughout); alone worth $1.98. Have full size pockets, roomy cuffs, etc. In waist sizes 28 to 44; state if Cassimere navy dyed, Blue Chambray with white stripe, or Black Sateen mixture. Coat sizes 34 to 46. Send $4 to $6.

BE QUICK Only limited quantity on hand. Send Money-order; just postmaster, address, and sizes. On arrival of this big outfit pay only $1.00 plus postage. Take it home—compare—inspect as-to-see-it-to try them on—and if not the greatest bargain in or ever saw return to us for prompt refund of not your money. FREE Style Catalog included.

Bernard-Hewitt & Co.
Dept. W321 Chicago, Ill.

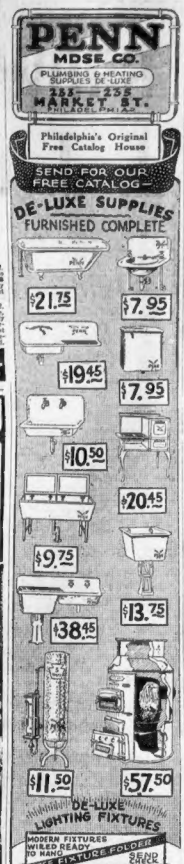
PENN MDSE. CO.

PLUMBING & HEATING SUPPLIES DE LUXE
253 MARKET ST. 255
PHILADELPHIA

Philadelphia's Original Free Catalog House

SEND FOR OUR FREE CATALOG

DE-LUXE SUPPLIES FURNISHED COMPLETE



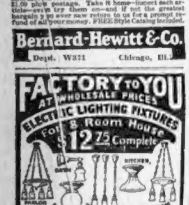
DE-LUXE LIGHTING FIXTURES

MODERN FIXTURES WIRED READY TO HANG
FREE FIXTURE FOLDER
SEND
MONEY-ORDER

Penn MERCHANDISE CO.
MEMBERS PHILA. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
233-235 MARKET ST.
PHILADELPHIA

FACTORY TO YOU AT WHOLESALE PRICES

ELECTRIC LIGHTING FIXTURES for 6 Room House $12.75 Complete



SOLID BRASS READY TO HANG

HUNDREDS OF BARGAINS LIKE THIS IN OUR

FREE CATALOG

This Big New FREE CATALOG contains hundreds of the greatest bargains in newest speed-date selection of

ELECTRIC FIXTURES

No matter what your taste or need may be, you are sure to find just what you want and at the lowest price.

Send for your copy TODAY! Look over our amazing values. Read of our liberal

MONEY BACK GUARANTEE which protects you to the limit and gives you

30 DAYS' TRIAL

SEND FOR IT NOW!

MAIL COUPON

PARAMOUNT ELECTRIC CO.
DEPT. E 930 ARCH ST., PHILA., PA.

SEND ME FREE YOUR BIG BARGAIN CATALOG

Name .....
Address .....
P. O. ..... State .....
Occupation .....

PARAMOUNT ELECTRIC CO.
Dept. E. 930 ARCH ST., PHILA., PA.

Silk Dress

genuine 100% ALL SILK Crepe de Chine Only $3.98

20% Style $3.98

Let us send you this new, lovely frock for a FREE try-on. See you can judge style & quality as read values. Instead of our low price. It is the best. Try dress—created especially for you from an importers imported model. Just send your name, size and color want—and we'll send it C.O.D.

ON APPROVAL

Every stylish woman and miss should have this dress. Made of 100% All-Silk Crepe de Chine in the season's smartest lines, shades and materials. Fashion-right, long sleeves, flare skirt, Bishop, Basque, Bishop, Panel, Box or Tuck. Sizes 16 to 20 and 36 to 46. Send your size.

SEND NO MONEY NOW

Just your name and address with your size and color choice. Pay postman only $3.98 plus a few cents postage. If not delighted return in 5 days for your money back. Be sure to write plainly and carefully.

Bernard-Hewitt & Co. Chicago Illinois
Dept. B-371

Radium Is Restoring Health To Thousands

No medicine, drugs or dieting. Just a light, small, comfortable inexpensive Radio-Active Pad worn on the back by day and over the stomach at night. Sold on free trial. You can be sure it is helping you before you buy it. Over 100,000 now on this plan. Thousands have written us that it healed them of Neuritis, Rheumatism, High Blood Pressure, Constipation, Nervous Prostration, Heart, Lungs, Liver, Kidney and Bladder trouble, etc. No matter what you have tried or what your troubles may be, try Degnen's Radio-Active Solar Pad at our risk. Write today for FREE Trial offer and descriptive literature. Radium Appliance Co., 1207 Bradbury Bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.

Buy by Mail Many Good Bargains On This Page

And Earned $4930 In 6 Months

Do you need extra money? Charles Hickey earned—a new Chevrolet, fountain pen, Gladstone bag, Elgin Watch, Crosley Radio—and $4,930.00! Car owners shown an amazing new kind of protection against blinding headlights! Test a sample at my risk.

Glaring Lights can't Blind You When You Look Through a Face-a-Lite

LET the headlights blaze in your eyes as on the darkest, narrowest road. With a Face-a-Lite shading your vision, you can drive right on without slackening speed, without the slightest bit of danger. Glaring headlights cause thousands of accidents each year. A Face-a-Lite on your car is better than paying an insurance and costs only a fraction of the premium. Although out only a short time, already over a hundred thousand car owners now use a Face-a-Lite. Joe Lasker, Anoka, Minn., writes that Face-a-Lite saved him from a serious collision with another car, stalled on the road ahead without lights.

Fits Any Car

Face-a-Lite fits any car, open or closed. You can install it yourself in a jiffy. Simply set Face-a-Lite so you can look under the hood of the screen. The tiny prisms break up the shaft of light. Face-a-Lite throws a shade over your eyes so you can steer safely around a hairpin turn. You can see every inch of the road ahead without blocking your vision, or cocking your head to one side.

FREE SAMPLE OFFER

Simply mail coupon below and learn how you can test a Face-a-Lite on your own car without obligations to buy. Chas. Hickey wrote for this no-risk sample offer. It started him on the road to success. W. M. Willy, Pres., Face-a-Lite Mfg. Co., Dept. C-1, Mitchell, S. D.

Employment For 500 Men!

I show you an easy way to make an extra income. Just in your spare moments. Simply mail coupon for my exclusive demonstration method.

Lyal Folden made $35.00 in one day. V. D. Lore made $15.00 an hour. A woman, Mrs. Alfred Lawson, made $1500 in one month within six months. H. C. Bauer writes—"They take it out of your hands." You don't need to be a salesman—Face-A-Lite sells itself. Mail coupon for proof that you can make $10.00 to $20.00 a day easy.

MAIL TODAY!

W. M. Willy, Pres.
Face-A-Lite Mfg. Co.,
Dept. C-1, Mitchell, S. D.

Yes, without obligating me, send me full description of Face-A-Lite. Also tell me all about your free sample offer and big, money-making proposition.

Name .....
Address .....
City ..... State .....

The Blood Line
Hair Papillae feed on blood. Where there is no blood, there can be no hair. Baldness results. Raise your blood line if you want new hair.

Blood Grows Hair

If you're getting bald, are troubled with falling hair or dandruff—your blood line is too low. Faulty circulation in the scalp, authorities agree, is the main cause of hair troubles. Only your blood can nourish the hair papillae and grow new hair; all other methods are futile. So Science agrees. If you would ward off baldness, raise your blood line.

Suction Does It—

[New Scientific Discovery]

A world famous scalp specialist, who has treated thousands with amazing success, has invented a marvelously simple device which stimulates blood circulation in the scalp. Instead of the other method over heavy, it actually grows hair by suction! And so simple that any one at home can use it with results as perfect as when applied by a scalp specialist. The tiny pin suction cup brings blood to the scalp in an amazingly short time—just 5 minutes a day will bring you new hair and a healthy scalp. And at trifling cost.

I make this offer to all—try my suction cup method 10 days. If you don't have a new growth of hair on that bald spot, if you don't stop falling hair, if you're not free of dandruff, the treatment won't cost you a penny! That's fair, isn't it? I take all the risk.

FREE!
1 Regular 25c Ha-Su-Ma Vita-Vial
Send Coupon

To demonstrate the amazing results of the Ha-Su-Ma Vita-Vial and suction method I offer you the first treatment absolutely free. Send coupon for one regular size 25c, hermetically sealed vial FREE—no obligation. I'll also send a valuable book on the hair and full description of my simple, harmless suction cup method. Don't succumb where costly treatments fail. Free. Send coupon now.

Ha-Su-Ma Laboratories, Inc.
7613 Lake Michigan Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Gentlemen: Please send me, free, one Ha-Su-Ma Vita-Vial and your Suction Cup Treatment for Failing Hair, Baldness and Dandruff.

Name .....
Address .....
City ..... State .....

BUNIONS

Pain Stops Instantly —Hump Vanishes—

NEW, marvelous solvent to treat BUNIONS. Stops pain almost instantly—scientific reduction of the enlarged growth starts so fast that your next pair of shoes can be a size smaller—often two sizes smaller. Prove it at my risk.

Trial FREE

The Pedodyne process is scientific, and cannot be explained here. But the *full treatment* to bring complete results may be yours to try—if you'll only clip this special coupon and mail it TODAY.

KAY LABORATORIES
Dept. N 367
180 N. Wacker Dr., Chicago, Ill.

Please arrange for me to try your *Pedodyne process*, to dissolve bunions and restore normal ease and flexibility of affected joints.

Name .....
Address .....

(Print name or paste on envelope if in a hurry)

150 Pieces in All—$1.00 Down

Extra special offer to those who hurry their order! This combination outfit shown here: —7 piece GENUINE CUT GLASS: Pitcher of 2-qt. capacity and 6 tumblers of 9-oz. capacity. Ice piece is pure, sparklingly clear, 1-in. modesty; hand cut decorations consisting of lace floral design with appropriate fringes. A useful and handsome set. Only a limited number—so act quick.

$1.00 down Sent On Free Trial

A sensational offer —only $1.00 with coupon. Below brings this 150-piece outfit (the 7-piece Genuine Cut Glass set is FREE if you send at once) to your home on free trial. Examine the value, the quality, the beauty of each piece. Compare our easy payment prices with local cash prices. After 30 days' trial and use, if you've not delighted with the bargain, send it back at our expense and we'll refund your dollar plus all transportation charges you paid. No obligation—not one penny of risk to you!

$2.70 a Month If you decide to keep the outfit, start paying only $2.70a month until you've paid our rock-bottom price—only $29.95 for the entire outfit—only $25 and a year to pay! Where else can you find a bargain like that and such easy terms? Send coupon Now!

Complete Outfit Consists of the Following:

110 Piece Ivory Ware Dinner Set Complete service for 12 people. Popular Ivory Ware now the vogue in rich homes. Rich, creamy ivory color. Stamped with Gold Leaf Decorations as illustrated. Newest Gloria shape.

Set consists of:—12 dinner plates, 9 in.; 12 breakfast plates, 7¾ in.; 12 coupe soups, 7¼ in.; 12 fruit saucers, 6½ in.; 12 oatmeal dishes, 6¼ in.; 12 cups; 12 saucers; 12 bread and butter plates, 6 in.; 1 oval vegetable dish, 9 in.; 1 round vegetable dish, 8¾ in.; 1 sugar bowl and cover (2 pieces); 1 platter, 11 in.; 1 platter 13½ in.; 1 covered vegetable dish (2 pieces); 1 gravy boat; 1 gravy boat stand; 1 bowl, 1 pint; 1 cream pitcher; 1 pickle dish; 1 butter dish, 6½ in.

26 Piece Silver Set, A silver service that will give you years of satisfaction. A pleasing pattern and popular nickel silver finish. Each piece heavily silver plated on nickel silver base. Set consists of 6 knives, 6 forks, 6 dessert spoons, 6 teaspoons, 1 sugar shell, 1 butter knife.

7 Piece Pure Linen Table Set A large tablecloth 54 x 70 ins. and 6 napkins, 11 x 11 in. made of **Pure Linen,** bleached to an attractive silver gray. Has beautiful Grecian self pattern. Launders perfectly.

FREE—7-piece Genuine Cut Glass (as described above) if you send at once. Shipping wgt. of outfit, about 125 lbs.

Order by No. G9841A. $1.00 with coupon; $2.70 monthly. Price $29.95.

Straus & Schram, Dept. 8993 **Chicago, Ill.**

Straus & Schram, Dept. 8993, Chicago, Illinois

Enclosed find $1. "Ship special advertised 150 piece Combination Outfit, (7-piece genuine cut glass set FREE). I am to have 10 days' free trial. If I keep the Outfit, I will pay you $2.70 monthly. If not satisfied, I am to return the Outfit with the 7-piece cut glass set within 30 days and you are to refund my money and any freight or express charges I paid.

150 Piece Combination Outfit, No. G9841A, $29.95.
7-piece Genuine Cut Glass Set FREE

Name .....
Street, R. F. D. or Box No. .....
Shipping Point .....
Post Office ..... State .....
Married or Single ..... Nationality or Color .....

If you want ONLY our free catalog of home furnishings mark X here ☐

Win a New Studebaker

8 CYLINDER—100 H.P.—PRESIDENT

or $2800.00 IN CASH

Speed-80 Miles per Hour

I am going to give away, absolutely free, an 8 Cylinder, 100 Horsepower, Studebaker President, to some one who answers this ad. We have already given away many automobiles to thousands of dollars in cash and prizes to advertise our business, but this is the most liberal offer we have ever made. This car will be delivered through the nearest Studebaker Dealer or winner may have its full value in cash, $2,800.00. This offer open to anyone living in the United States, outside of Chicago and suburbs.

I want your answer right away.

Solve this Puzzle

The numbers in the squares to the right spell four words. Add 1 to each number and write down the words. It is 2, 2 in 3, etc. Send me your answer right away.

25	15	21	3	1	14
23	9	14	9	20	

$550.00 IN CASH GIVEN FOR PROMPTNESS!

The offer open to anyone living in the United States, outside of Chicago and suburbs.

In addition to the Studebaker Sedan, I am also giving away a latest model Chevrolet Sedan; a Victor Orthophonic Victrola; a Stutbaugh Player; a Seven Tube Atwater Kent Receiver Radio and many other valuable prizes—entire Hundreds of Dollars in Cash—including a Special Cash Prize of $650.00 for selling the largest number of tickets. Duplicate prizes will be given in case of ties. Duplicate prizes will be awarded. Extra prizes will be given for selling tickets after the first day. Everybody Everywhere is asked to send at once for complete particulars and Free Ticket. Address

L. E. WILFERD, Mgr. Dept. 9363 315 So. Peoria St. Chicago, Ill.

Send for NEW FREE Kalamazoo Book of Reduced Factory Prices

SAVE 1/3 to 1/2

Featuring the Latest Porcelain Enamel Ranges—Bright, Cheerful, Colorful

Yours . . . this FREE book of lower prices! New features, new ideas! Porcelain enamel and nickel ranges in glistening, daily bright and cheerful ware. Pure white heavy porcelain enamel ranges, with acid resisting linings inside and outside. Also the latest Sunshine type—smaller in size. Handsome mottled ivory enamel heaters. A complete line of the famous Kalamazoo electric ranges. Every one of these stoves is sold direct from factory to you at one small profit. Stoves of every size and style for every home.

30 Days FREE Trial

Send for free book now. REDUCED FACTORY PRICES. Save from $5 to $50. 30 days FREE trial. Shipped from factory nearest you. Easy terms if you wish. Over 300 styles and sizes—as low as $5 down, $5 a month. 24 hour shipping service. 700,000 satisfied customers. Send today for this new book.

Free Stove Book—Coupon

Kalamazoo Stove Co., Mfrs.
2511 Rochester Ave.
Kalamazoo Michigan

Good and Wood Ranges ..... $37.75 to $98.50
Heating Stoves ..... $17.95 to $98.50
Parlor Heaters ..... $11.95 to $98.50
Electric Ranges ..... $89.50 to $98.50

Kalamazoo Direct to You

SALE EXTENDED

Until April 1st DEDUCT 10% FROM CATALOGUE PRICES

You can deduct 10% discount from our price listed in our Catalogue.

HEATING PLANT Complete for 6-Room House NOW $157.50

Was $175

INCLUDING 8 radiators, large steam boiler, pipe fittings, valves, air valves and asbestos cement. Freight prepaid.

Our "Royal" Bathroom Outfit Includes Bathtub, Porcelain Toilet and Lavatory. Complete with all Fittings and Pipe. Very handsomely finished. Was $57.50, Now $51.50

We Pay The Freight on Everything

Write for FREE Catalogue 200

J. M. SEIDENBERG CO., Inc.
254 West 34 St., New York

Let Uncle Sam Do Your Shopping!

IT IS CONVENIENT, SAVING, AND SATISFACTORY

LUMBER MILLWORK
Centrals
ROOFING HARDWARE
Philadelphia's Mail Order Supply
Pioneer Plumbing House
WELL KNOWN
IRON ENAMELLED PEDESTAL LAVATORY Complete with Fittings
Reg. Price Only $22.50
Sanitary, White TOILET SEAT
Reg. Price $3.50
$27 BATH TUB
Slip Joint, as Low as $22.50
CENTRAL PLUMBING SUPPLY
HOT WATER BOILER
675 Ft. Radiation for 7 Rooms.
Reg. Price $47.90
SPECIAL SALE HOT WATER RADIATORS
4 sections, 38 in., 35c per ft.
4 sections, 26 in., 45c per ft.
All Sizes at This Low Price
22c per ft.
subject to our stock sizes
SEND FOR OUR NEW FREE 100 PAGE HANDY BOOKLET OF TODAY
CENTRAL PLUMBING SUPPLY CO.
S. W. COR. 12TH & SPRING GARDEN, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

POCKET RADIO $5.95!

Latest Radio Sensation. Experts Amazed! No tubes, batteries or aerial! Complete set. AMERICAN SALES COMPANY Dept. 405, Springfield, Ill.

Old Money Wanted Will pay $100 for 1853 Dime, $ Mint, $50.00 for 1913 Liberty Head Nickel, 1net Buffalo. Big premiums paid for all rare coins. Send 4c for Large Coin Folder. May mean profit to you. NUMISMATIC CO., Dept. 113, FT. WORTH, TEX.

ANY PHOTO or SNAPSHOT ENLARGED

ONLY 48c $5.00 Style

Sent Anywhere at Your Risk. Picture Guaranteed! Return with 48c and your favorite snapshot, photo or kodak picture, any size, and we will make a beautiful enlargement, free of extra charge. Pay postman 48c plus postage—or send 50c and we pay postage. Picture returned with your enlargement. Big bargain offer—act now! Specify size wanted. Send your photo today. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Extra special: Hand colored in oils, 25c extra. Send no money. Just mail photo and pay postman 48c plus postage on arrival. Or send 50c and we pay postage. Big 5x7 inch enlargement sent C.O.D. 48c plus postage. Limit one to a customer. Write today.

PATHE ART STUDIOS
6 West Randolph St., Dept. 113, Chicago, Ill.

MALT EXTRACT

$3.74 A DOZEN—PLUS DELIVERY CHARGES

FULL 3 lb. CANS

ZEPPELIN BRAND MALT EXTRACT LITE OR DARK

OVER 60 yrs SKILL

SPECIAL INTRODUCTORY OFFER DIRECT TO USER

Save Money! Write for Catalogue.

RY-OAK PLAYOR (Hand) rendered the most perfect player in the world, only $1.00.

Continental, 41-8 West 46th St., N. Y.

LIQUOR or DRUG HABIT

Cured Forever or No Pay

Full treatment sent on trial. Can be given secretly in private of home. Guaranteed to banish craving for alcohol, whisky, gin, wine, beer or morphine, opium, morphine, heroin, cocaine or tobacco. Costs $2.00 if cures, nothing if fails. Have 30 years' success.

STANDARD LABORATORIES
Box N-87 BALTIMORE, MD.

EDITORIAL BOSTON SUNDAY ADVERTISER CITY LIFE

Boston's Greatest Circulation—Over 500,000 Every Sunday BOSTON, SUNDAY, MARCH 18, 1928 Boston's Greatest Circulation—Over 500,000 Every Sunday

HE LIVED PAST 100—FORD IS INTERESTED

AMONG human beings only one two-hundredth part of one per cent, one in twenty thousand, lives to be a hundred. Yet ninety-nine men out of a hundred, women as well, might pass the century if we lived wisely.

When the twelfth census was taken in 1900, out of seventy-six million human beings in the country, three thousand five hundred and four were one hundred years of age and over.

The number of women that had lived to one hundred was about double the number of men, and this in spite of the fact that because of deaths in child bearing women face greater danger of death than men.

WHY do more women than men live beyond a hundred? Because women are more temperate, have more self-control, are gentler, less rebellious.

* * *

Read facts about the most famous of all the world's old people of whom we have EXACT HISTORICAL KNOWLEDGE.

Luigi Cornaro, the famous Italian, was born in Venice in 1464. Travelers still visit the beautiful palace built by him at Padua, and architects study the construction of his villas, his ingenious staircases, as engineers do his work for reclaiming marsh lands, controlling tides at Venice, etc.

The doctors told Cornaro at the age of forty, "Your constitution is ruined, your digestion is gone, your high living and violent rages have destroyed you; you must prepare for death soon."

Cornaro replied, "This is interesting; I will now study my own case, and live. Life seems worth while since you tell me I must give it up."

* * *

Cornaro had sense enough to know that the body is made of what we put in it, that length of life depends upon care of the body, which includes care of the mind. His motto was, "To eat much you must eat little." Meaning, that if you eat little, you live long, and eat much in the end.

He selected his food with the greatest care, eliminating after careful test everything that did not agree with him.

He weighed everything that he ate and drank scrupulously for more than sixty years. He knew exactly how much was absorbed by the system and he lived on INCREDIBLY LITTLE.

Many a man while waiting for his real dinner to be brought to him eats bread, butter, olives, radishes, hors d'oeuvres, etc., exceeding in weight what Cornaro would eat in a whole day.

* * *

Cornaro's diet for twenty-four hours consisted of twelve ounces of solid food, and—sad to offend good prohibitionists, but it is necessary—fourteen ounces of wine.

On this diet he lived in perfect health, with marvelous strength, until past one hundred years of age.

He drank light wines, as all the world's greatest men have done, with extreme temperance.

Concerning wine, he said: "Wine is truly the milk of old age," and he knew no ill health or stomach trouble throughout his sixty years of careful living, except on occasions when he was not able to secure the wine suited to his constitution.

Needless to say, the wine that he took was the natural light Italian wine. In his daily allowance of fourteen ounces there was not more than one ounce of alcohol. He would have considered insane a man drinking whiskey, cocktails or the vile half-fermented champagne with which Americans poison themselves.

* * *

Is such a careful life as that of Cornaro WORTH WHILE? some will ask. It is, indeed. You would think so if you read his third discourse, written by Cornaro at the age of ninety-one, addressed to the Rev. Daniel Barbaro, patriarch of Aquileia.

Here is the opening paragraph of that discourse, written by a man of ninety-one:

"The intellect of man truly partakes, in some degree, of the divine prerogatives; for it was, indeed, something divine which led him to find a way of conversing, by means of writing, with another who is at a distance. And a thing altogether divine, also, is that natural faculty which enables him, when thus separated, to behold, with the eye of thought, his beloved friend; even as I now see you, sir, and address to you this my discourse on a pleasant and profitable subject."

To his reverend friend Cornaro writes, most truly: "All mankind may possess an earthly paradise after the age of eighty—a paradise with which I myself am blessed."

* * *

Cornaro points out what most men ignore, that

"As the natural heat of man gradually diminishes with the increase of age, it becomes necessary for him to decrease gradually, in proportion, the amount of his food and drink, since nature requires very little to maintain the life of an old man."

* * *

When he is ninety-five, in his last treatise on "La Vita Sobria," or sober life, he says that he and all other men ought to live to one hundred and twenty, but realizes that he will not, saying:

"Because I was born with a poor constitution, I fear I shall not live much beyond a hundred years."

As a matter of fact, the human being of average strength at birth, living with Cornaro's wisdom from the beginning, would, barring accidents, easily live to the age of one hundred and fifty.

Cornaro's own life, and the well-established facts concerning it, answer the question, "What does life amount to at that extreme age?"

At ninety-five, through his grandchildren, his large fortune had been diminished. He took his business in hand and more than made up the loss, reclaiming swamps, adding to the value of his lands. He was a good business man, with body, brain and teeth in good order at ninety-five.

When past ninety he showed the Venetians how to increase their revenues, reclaim the marshes, control the tides.

He rode horseback daily, mounting his horse without assistance—which many a modern man does with difficulty at half that age. Very truly he wrote to his reverend friend:

"In the first place, I shall say that I have, through the mercy of God, reached the age of ninety-five; that I find myself, in spite of my great age, healthy, strong, contented and happy; and that I continually praise the Divine Majesty for so much favor conferred upon me."

* * *

The greatest loss in this world is the loss of human life—the most valuable men dying nearer to the age of sixty than a hundred, whereas the age of death should and COULD be nearer one hundred and fifty than one hundred.

While the mind is active every added year means added power, since it has experience back of it.

The best tribute to the happiness of the right kind of old age is in Cornaro's words, "I NEVER KNEW THE WORLD WAS BEAUTIFUL UNTIL I REACHED OLD AGE."

* * *

The wisdom of Cornaro's life theory was shown in his own family. He married when he was old, and his wife was old. But their daughter Chiara had EIGHT SONS AND THREE DAUGHTERS, all of whom grew up to give their aged grandfather much pleasure. She must have been a healthy daughter.

And Cornaro's wife, who was doubtless nagged into living as her husband did, proved the value of his theory, for she also lived to be a hundred—in spite of the fact that she probably spent many a dull hour listening to her husband telling how wonderful he was. Women lead dull lives, and history says very little about them.

* * *

Cornaro knew how an old man should die, as well as how an old man should live and eat. He says:

"The old would be wise if they were but to reduce the quantity of their food and distribute it into several meals during the day, eating but little at a time; for the stomachs of the aged cannot digest a great quantity of food. Thus it is that an old man becomes, in regard to his nourishment, more and more like a child, who has to eat many times during the day."

Death for the old that live wisely, he said, should be like going to sleep pleasantly. And so it was with him, when he died peacefully at his palace at Padua in the one hundred and third year of his age—forty years sooner than he need to have died, had he not been foolish all the first forty years of his life. His wife died as he had done.

"Her end was an equally happy one, finding her in such perfect serenity of soul and ease of body that those at her bedside were not aware that her gentle spirit had taken its flight."

* * *

Such are a few of the facts concerning a man who lived temperately and wisely and conquered death for more than a hundred years, although the doctors declared his case hopeless at forty.

He did not advise others to live exactly as he did. A majority would require more food, some perhaps a little more light wine. The amount of light red wine that he took was about equal to the amount taken daily by the late Pope Leo, who, in spite of the Vatican confinement, remained alive with full intellectual power into extreme old age.

The important thing is to eat LITTLE, eat SLOWLY, leave the table with a desire to eat more, exercise regularly and always GENTLY after the age of fifty.

Once, when he was seventy-eight years of age, Cornaro's family persuaded him to increase slightly his allowance.

"This increase, however, was by only two ounces in weight; so that, while, with bread, the yolk of an egg, a little meat and some soup, I had formerly eaten as much as would weigh in all exactly twelve ounces, I now went so far as to raise the amount to fourteen ounces; and, while I had formerly drank but fourteen ounces of wine, I now began to take sixteen ounces."

* * *

The experiment almost ended disastrously.

"The disorder of this increase had at the end of ten days begun to affect me so much that, instead of being cheerful, as I had ever been, I became melancholy and choleric; everything annoyed me; and my mood was so wayward that I neither knew what to say to others nor what to do with myself. At the end of twelve days I was seized with a most violent pain in the side, which continued twenty-two hours."

However, he went back to his twelve ounces of food and fourteen ounces of wine and lived beyond a hundred, leaving behind him this message which we recommend to foolish young men:

"I maintain that an old man who lives regularly and temperately, even though he be of poor constitution, is more likely to live than is a young man of perfect health if addicted to disorderly habits."

* * *

"Men fear death as children fear to go into the dark; and as that natural fear in children is increased with tales, so is the other," says Bacon.

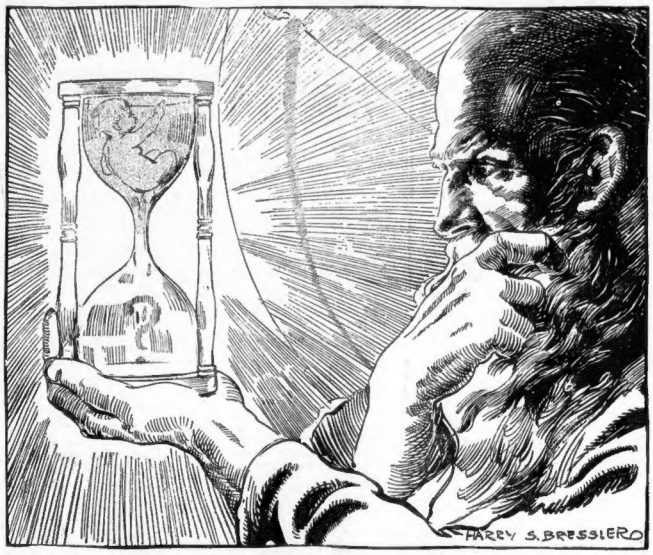
Men that live the full length of life do not fear death when it comes, and they conquer it, for with them leaving this life is not a violent fearful process, but a gentle going to sleep.

* * *

Unfortunately, in this world are millions of men and women for whom the life story of Cornaro means little. Their problem is not how little to eat, but how to get enough. Worry, constant anxiety, hard work and overwork do more to shorten life than could be undone by the most careful, temperate living. For them the problem is not how to live, but how to make this world, for the poor, a fit place in which to live.

And the above was published some time ago, before Henry Ford saw the Cornaro book. The famous old Venetian nobleman is now brought to life by Henry Ford, the Detroit industrial king.

Copyright, 1928, by New York American



THIS editorial tells about Luigi Cornaro, whose life has interested many men for several centuries past, and now interests Henry Ford, the automobile builder.

Mr. Ford has bought many copies of a book telling of Cornaro's life and sends the book to friends to remind them that they can be well and live long if they WILL.

Mr. Ford recently sent a copy of this to Albert D. Lasker, of Chicago, the man who gave a million dollars in cash to a great university to be spent finding out why men die so fast after they pass fifty.

This book interests all our readers, especially the young.

This DUMB WORLD by Bruno Lessing

The Surge of Youth

JIM ROOF and Jake Lazinsky are out on an Arizona desert. Lindabelle Larue, called Honey for short, had brought them out in her airplane.

She had fallen in love with Jake, but when she found that he had a lot of lady friends she gave him and her plane the air.

Now Jim found that there was no gold in the gold mine he had located. He also found that he was hungry. And he and Jake alone on the desert! Pretty tough. But just as the last chapter ended they saw a speck in the sky. Honey was coming back in her airplane.

CHAP. XIX.

"THE principles of the pure understanding, whether constitutive a priori (as the mathematical principles), or merely regulative (as the dynamical), contain nothing but the pure schema, as it were, of possible experience."

We came across that sentence in Kant's Critique of Pure Reason While this famous book does not belong to the Dumb World, we feel that we ought to put the above message across.

We consider it most doubtless Yet, on the other hand, one must not overlook the cadenza. Supposing it DOES contain more than one-half of one per cent! Who shall throw the first stone? And if her husband went to Galveston, Tex., why blame her? Good looks are good looks, first, last and all the time. Youth must be served

Yet, on the other hand, supposing the diabolicus exceeds the genista? And there you are. Is it not better to let Nature take its course?

* * *

THE airplane landed on the Arizona desert and Lindabelle Larue stepped out—a glorious vision.

"I have come back," she said, simply, although she wasn't such a simp as she looked. "I have decided to forgive you this time, Jake. But you must swear you will tear up that address book and never see any of those hussies again."

"I already tore it up," replied Jake, feeling his vest pocket to make sure the book was safe. "I also tore out a lot of my hair when I found you was gone. I said to Jim, 'Jim,' I said, 'I have lost the only girl in the world that's worth while for me and I don't care how soon I die.' Didn't I say just them words, Jim?"

"I ain't sure if them were the exact words," said Jim, "but that was the general idea."

"But now that you're back, Honey, and I don't have to die," Jake went on, "did you, by accident, so to speak, bring back any grub? Me and Jim need grub if we're going to stay alive."

"Why, of course I did, silly!" said Honey. "I brought back sandwiches, pies, a lot of canned stuff, bacon, eggs, oatmeal, maple syrup, chewing gum, and a big box of candy.

"Whoever first called you Honey," said Jake with fervor, "had a bunch of inspiration."

* * *

WE would like, at this point, to make a few cracks about the power of love. But that sort of business interferes with the development of our plot. What the reader wants to know is how Jim and Jake are going to get out of this mess. Will they ever find the gold mine? Will Jake and Honey get married?

It is true that Honey must have been mighty stuck on Jake Lazinsky to forgive that address book business. And it is also true that a girl never lets a fellow go hungry as long as she is in love with him and has some dough. If she sees him kiss another girl, she will cheerfully watch that girl starve. Ain't it so? But, as we said, we must get on with our tale.

* * *

SO many authors like to stall because they haven't been able to work out their plot. But the public is gradually getting onto them and is not buying their books. Just take that story by Nathaniel Hawthorne, "Moses from an Old Manse," and pipe the stuff he hands out:

"Gentle and unobtrusive as the river is, yet the tranquil woods seem hardly satisfied to allow it passage. The trees are rooted on the very edge of the water, and dip their pendent branches into it. At one spot there is a lofty bank, on the slope of which grow some hemlocks, declining across the stream with outstretched arms, as if resolute to take the plunge."

How does anyone get away with that applesauce? Don't scratch your head when we get company, Irving!

* * *

IF we wanted to go in for that kind of bunk we could write ten of these instalments in one afternoon and have time for a game of pinochle at the club. Of course we wouldn't go in for rivers and trees and that tranquil and gentle business. Because we live in a big city where the trees don't grow well on account of the carbonhydrates from the gasoline But we could keep up this description business which has nothing to do with the plot, until the cows come home.

We could say, for instance something like this:

"On one corner was Tony Bolchyalupo's Shoe Shining Emporium. On the other corner was the Eagle House where Mamie served waffles for lunch to them as got there in time for lunch—in case the cook happened to cook waffles that day. Between these two corners ran the street. Some days, when it wasn't so hot, the street didn't run so fast. The asphalt just drolled slowly toward the opening of the sewer."

But we ain't that kind of a writer. We got a story to tell and we're not going to slip in any phoney stuff just to stall you along.

* * *

NO sir! Only the other day the editor was asking us if we would give him a tip on how the plot was going work out. He had an idea that Jim Soof, our hero, was a slob and that we were going to ditch him in the end. And he thought that Jake Lazinsky would turn out to be the real hero. But we're keeping all that up our sleeve.

The author is willing to admit that Lindabelle Larue—the girl we call "Honey"—ain't going to last very long. In fact, we're gonna shake her in the next instalment She's one of those dolls that we authors got to use to develop a plot.

But the plot itself is our own secret and if you have any curiosity about it you just got to read every installment. One of these days we're going to leave some vital facts out of the synopsis and then, if you haven't kept up with the story, you'll be sunk.

* * *

THE air was heavy with a rare perfume of Araby. The Princess sank upon a damask cushion and playfully bit the Count's ear.

"I adore you!" she murmured. (Memo to proofreader: that stuff belongs to Elinor Glyn's story. Cut it out.)

* * *

"NOW," said Jake Lazinsky, after he had swallowed the last sandwich, "here in my idea. Let's get in Honey's airplane and shoot around until we find a gold mine. If we don't find a mine, we're sure to find some Indian village. I want to make some money Wherever there's people there's money. If we strike a mine first, it'll be a cinch. If not, lead me to people. So let's go. What d'ye say?"

Honey turned to Jim Soof, with brimming eyes.

"Isn't he a wonder?" she asked.

(To Be Continued)

Copyright, 1928, King Features Synd., Inc.

"THE AIRPLANE landed on the Arizona desert."

COLLEGE HUMOR

FABLE

A DOG was carrying a piece of meat across a bridge. As he crossed the stream he saw the image of another piece of meat in the water. He laid the meat he was carrying carefully onto the bridge and jumped into the stream In a moment he reappeared, climbed back onto the bridge, and walked off with both pieces of meat.

Moral: Them as has, gits.

—*Pine Bucket.*

* * *

Her: I've discovered the cause of one hundred per cent of all divorces!

Him: Remarkable, and what is it?

Her: Marriage.

—*Ohio State Sun Dial.*

* * *

HE (worried): I don't feel right about this powder of yours on my coat.

She (nonchalantly): It's quite all right. I have plenty more in my compact.

—*Dartmouth Jack o' Lantern.*

* * *

"I can't get along with my wife."

"Why not?"

"All she does is ignore me."

"Ignore you?"

"Yes, and if there's anything I dislike, it's ignorance."

—*West Point Pointer.*

* * *

THE modern woman has been weighed and found wanting—everything under the sun.

—*Goblin.*

* * *

Our idea
Of the strongest
Guy
In the world
Is one who takes
Two pianos,
Stands them on end
And plays them like
An accordion.

—*Oregon Orange Owl.*

* * *

"Come see the mole I just caught!"

"I didn't know moles were contagious."

—*Penn. State Froth.*

* * *

"Sam, Ah'm gonna bring yo' to yo' knees!"

"How yo'all gonna do 'at?"

"Ah'm gonna start a crap game!"

—*N. Y. Medley.*

"I thought you were going to be engaged to Eddie."

"I was, but the ring he bought me was too small, so we called it off."

—*U. of S. Calif. Wampus.*

* * *

FARMER CORNTASSEL: Now that yer gal's graduated from college, does it do you any good?

Farmer Burns: Wal, I guess so. Seein as she was a co-ed, I put her out in the fields yesterday, and durned if she didn't shock the wheat!

—*Reserve Red Cat.*

* * *

Irate hotel guest phoning to office: Say, whatsa big idea? Somebody's running up and down the halls and I can't catch a wink of sleep.

Apologetic clerk: I'm very sorry, sir, but you see, we have no control over the fire department.

—*California Pelican.*

* * *

If Adam came back to earth the only thing he'd recognize would be the jokes.

—*Wisconsin Octopus.*

* * *

"Who fiddled while Rome burned?" asked the school teacher.

"Hector.

"No."

"Towser."

"Towser! What do you mean? It was Nero."

"Well, I knew it was somebody with a dog's name."

—*Tawney Kat.*

* * *

A SENIOR wrote a letter to his girl (touring Spain) and one to his rival. He sent the letters to the box with a prep. Later . .

"You mailed my letters?"

"Sure, but you made a mistake —you put the two-cent stamp on the Spanish letter and the five-cent stamp on the other."

"So you added more stamps, I hope?"

"Don't think I'm so stupid. I just changed addresses."

—*Ohio State Sun Dial.*

* * *

"I'm going home to Mother," she sobbed, "and I never want to see you again."

"Too late," he said, "your mother went home to grandmother last night."

—*Wisconsin Octopus.*

* * *

"Whatcher putting your thumb in yer liquor for?"

"If the nail stays on I'm going to drink it."

—*Arizona Kittykat.*

WELL! WELL!

Little Willie, tired of play,
Pushed sister in the well one day.
Said Mother, as she drew the water,
"Indeed, it's hard to raise a daughter."

—*Goblin.*

* * *

Campus Cop: Hey, you can't smoke in here.

Student: I'm not smoking.

Campus Cop: Well, you've got a cigarette in your mouth.

Student: Yeah, you got pants on, but you're not panting.

—*Reserve Red Cat.*

* * *

"Porter, I say, porter! Don't let that man off here with me! He is not of my station."

"Whaffo?"

"He comes from a lower berth!"

—*Dartmouth Jack o'Lantern.*

* * *

"How come that holdup beat you up after you had taken all those lessons in boxing?"

"He did it while I was trying to put on my boxing gloves."

—*Grinnell Malteaser.*

* * *

"You can't get on without a pull," said one passenger to another on boarding a crowded street car.

"And you can't get off without a push," returned his companion as he pressed the button to signal for the next stop.

—*Ghost.*

* * *

Sentimental Caller: And does your daughter play any of the songs of yesterday?

Proud Mother: Indeed she does. Darling, play *Valencia* for Mr. Elder.

—*Grinnell Malteaser.*

* * *

THE conservative Scotchman says, "I'd give a thousand dollars to be one of those war millionaires."

—*Okla. Whirlwind.*

* * *

"Noises in my head keep me awake."

"That's impossible!"

"How so?"

"You can't transmit sound through a vacuum."

—*Texas Ranger.*

* * *

He: I'm going to buy myself a harem.

It: What do you mean? You can't buy a harem, can you?

He: Sura. I saw a sign at a gas station that said, "Eight Gals for a Dollar."

—*U. of S. Calif. Wampus.*

* * *

SOCIOLOGY Prof: What is the most downtrodden race?

Sleepy Student: The pedestrian.

—*Dreszerd.*

* * *

Roman: My name is Artos. I am the famous bronze caster.

Roamin': Glad to meet you. I put the shot myself.

—*Penn State Froth.*

* * *

"I would like to marry your daughter."

"But, my boy, she has a good home."

"Oh, I'll let her keep that."

—*Arizona Kittykat.*

* * *

In 1924 the United States sold in foreign lands more than twelve million dollars' worth of musical instruments. No wonder Europe hates us.

—*Washington Dirge.*

* * *

"Don't crumble your crackers in the soup. It is against the rules of etiquette."

"Say, what am I eating, soup or etiquette?"

—*Arizona Kittykat.*

Copyright, 1928, by Collegiate World Publishing Co. (College Humor)

Gross Exaggerations ~ by Milt Gross

Scene—Lobby of Elite Theater

MR. FEITLEBAUM — AHAM ! ! — Teeckets plizze for Meester Feitlebaum!!

Ticket Seller — What might the name be??

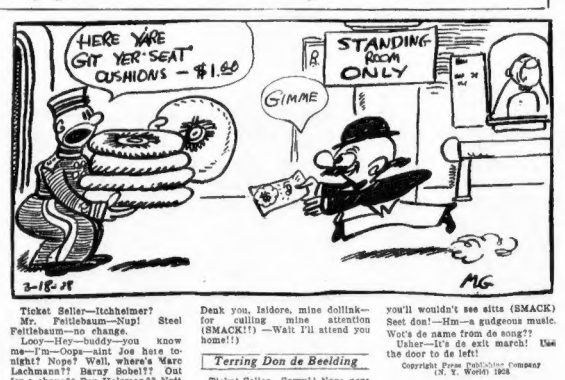
Mr. Feitlebaum—Hm—it might be Kelwin Coolitch—but it's just plain Feitlebaum!! A Fite witt a Hall witt a Bom—Feitlebaum!! Dot's hall!

Ticket Seller—Lefkowitch??

Isadore—Ochoo—Baba — look—I got a prograb!! The bad gave be a prograb!

Mr. Feitlebaum—Hm—witt tree teeckets—day geeve also prug grams. Dot's nice.

Voice—Two bits fer de program. Boss!!



Pruggrems He Nidds Yat

Feitlebaum—AHA! (SMACK). In de school by de books is by you K-E-Y, Dog. Ha!? (SMACK!!) Prugrams you nidd yat—I should—

Mrs. Feitlebaum—Shsh—Mowrise—It's custing oss free de teeckets—irrigoddless—heh—heh — yas —you see, Meesus Yifnle, Mine Looy—he bicams witt a grammatic cricket by a noosepaper frands—so—so—he mitts now by de Chizz Club—witt hall de odder hasents from de grasses—so for hall de teeatres it'll cust oss free now——

Mr. Feitlebaum—Of cuss, of cuss—Here is de quodder, Boddy! Noo, teeckets—I sad plizze for Feitlebaum——

Ticket Seller—Wangheimer??

Shotting-Opp Hexercises

Mr. Feitlebaum—Say—dun't gat sourkestic—I sad FEITLEBAUM!! Hef witt Hee witt Hi witt Tee witt Hell witt Hee witt Hee witt Hay witt How witt Hem!!

Looy—Put dem all togedder an' a five an' tree-eights hat fits it—WOOF!!! HA HA——

Mrs. Feitlebaum—Looy—Looy—

Mr. Feitlebaum—You'll take plizze already de shatting-opp hexercizes—dope, ha??

Ticket Seller—Ummm—Buggleweise—did you say?

Mr. Feitlebaum—So I worry sowry wot it's by you a mommory like it's by mine dope in de head brains—Attend plizze de teeckets for Feitlebaum!!

Ticket Seller—It can't be Goosemeyer—by any chance?

Feitlebaum—Nup! Gass agan!! Ticket Seller—Itchheimer?

Mr. Feitlebaum—Nup! Steel Feitlebaum—no change.

Looy—Hey—buddy—you know me—I'm—Oops—aint you here tonight? Nope? Well, where's Marc Lachmann?? Barny Sobel?? Out for a shave?? Ben Holzman?? Nott in? Arthur Kober?? Nat Dorfman? In conference? Arthur Levy? Alex Yokel? He out too?? Ray Henderson?? Bob Sisk?? Gittin' a shave, huh? Hmm—no one around?? Where's Ziggy? Oh—dat's right—he told me he wuz goin' to Palm Beach!!

Mr. Feitlebaum—For Gott's Sakes!!—de teeckets!! It's already hinterumsion!!

Looy—Past—Pop—Ya better say yes to de next name he ses an' grab de tickets!!

Mr. Feitlebaum—Hm—it dunns by de dope gradually a brain——

His Dabe Isn't Rashbottob

Ticket Seller—McLaruin??

Mr. Feitlebaum—Dot's I'm!!—Motch hobliged.

Ticket Seller — Sixteen-fifty please!

Mr. Feitlebaum—OOY! I'll die! —(BOOM BANG)—I'll geeve heem, dot dope——

Ticket Seller—Just a moment—These are the wrong ones—I meant Rashbottom——

Mr. Feitlebaum—Dot's it—Rashbottom!! Of cuss!! Reshbottom!!

Isidore—Oh doo—Baba—our dabe isn't Rashbottob—It's Feitlebaum—Theb aldt our tickets, bister——

Ticket Seller—What's this??

Mr. Feitlebaum—Ho yas—to be sure— heh—heh—Of cuss!!—A slight boversight on mine pott!! Deuk you, Isidore, mine dollink—for culling mine attention (SMACK!!) —Walt I'll attend you home!!)

Terring Don de Beelding

Ticket Seller—Sorry!! None nere in your name!!

Looy—It's a conspiracy! I'm bein' barred!—O boy!! Wait till Will Hays hears about diss——

Feitlebaum—Hm—Geeve goot a look in de huffice—on de flurr maybe—you know sometimes could fall in de coff from de pents!! Ha —wott?? Say—dun't gat frash!! Who sad anaythink about terring don de beelding. You—chip-heh—you—Ill—PHOOY!! a bom show!!

Uniformed Attendant—One side, please—you're holding up the line——

Mr. Feitlebaum—Hm—excuse me, Meester Hedmiral Dewey. Iubitwina tife Chinamen I had to stand for a hour in de sotway you should telling me—"one site, plizze" ha?!

Isidore—Look, Baba—I got sobe bore souvedier prograbs, Baba—Wud for you add Bobbs add Brownyiddif add Looy—That takes four!

Feitlebaum—I'll die!!

Voice—A buck for de programs, Mister.

Feitlebaum—I'll buck you, you sweendler, you chip-trash, you gangster, you!! I'll——

Voice—A buck for de programs, I'll stoat ya on de eye!!

Feitlebaum—I'll sue dem in court——

Ticket Seller—Hey—hey—here ya are! Feitlebaum—the name?? Well, why dincha say so!! Here!!

Mr. Feitlebaum—Noo, Isidore (SMACK) Looking on de culling you'll wouldn't see sitts (SMACK) Seet don!—Hm—a gudgeous music. Wot's de name from de song??

Usher—It's de exit march! Use the door to de left!

Copyright Press Publishing Company (N. Y. World) 1928

Life Lines -:- By S. E. Kiser

HE worries through a hundred childish ills,
A dozen times his life hangs by a thread;
He goes where danger is, in search of thrills,
He falls from trees and strikes upon his head;
If now and then he breaks a bone or two,
It's something every boy's supposed to do.

He has to fight, or suffer jibes and taunts,
He learns to bully smaller boys;
He ventures slyly to forbidden haunts
In quest of foolish and expensive toys;
He finds it hard to follow good advice,
And risks his life by skating on thin ice.

HIS soul is restless while he sits in school,
He hates the lessons that he has to learn;
He thinks the boy who studies is a fool.
If he is flunked it gives him no concern;
If he could have his way they'd burns the books,
And hang the teachers on convenient hooks.

He treats the girls with much contempt a while,
But in good time he lets that mood depart,
And is enchanted by a passing smile,
Or seeks seclusion with a breaking heart;
Some girl who may possess an upturned nose
Fills all his thoughts and robs him of repose.

UP through his youthful years he fights his way.
Escaping death by lucky turns of chance,
To reach, at last, the great, eventful day
When Duty clamps the lid upon Romance;
He turns from holding rules in light regard,
And goes to punch a clock where rules are hard.

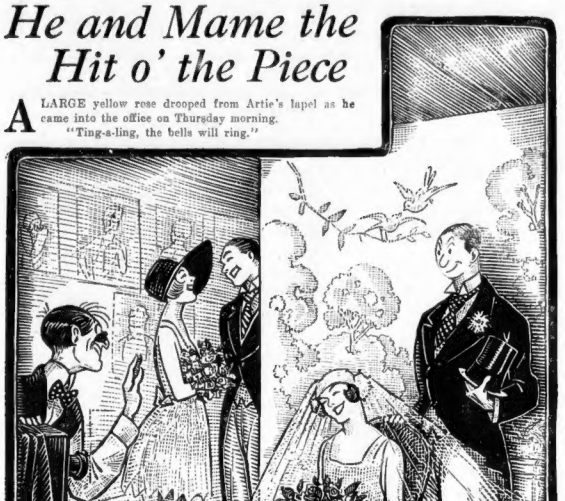
Copyright, 1928.

ARTIE • His Adventures in Love, Life and the Pursuit of Happiness • by GEORGE ADE

He and Mame the Hit o' the Piece

A LARGE yellow rose drooped from Artie's lapel as he came into the office on Thursday morning.

"Ting-a-ling, the bells will ring."


well, they got their pictures. Florence sittin' down with the flowers in her lap and him standin' behind with one of his kins kind o'hid in that mosquito bar

As he sang this, he put one hand behind his ear and stood in the listening attitude so commonly affected by neat song-and-dance artists.

"Aha! The best man, I believe?" said Miller, moving back from his desk and regarding Artie's specialty with keen delight.

"You know it," replied Artie, "you know it. I was the stroke oar at the doin's, and it's a conservative estimate when I say that me and Mame was the hit o' the piece."

"You got through all right, then?"

"A little slow on the getaway, but I made a Garrison finish. I was runnin' in strange company, too, but as soon as I got the pace they couldn't head me."

"Tell me all about it. You and Mamie really stood up with them, did you?"

"Did we? Ain't I tellin' you we led the league? I give Mame a wad o' roses that laid over anything the bride could flash, and mebbe you think she wasn't in good form. Oh, boy! She looked, gee, just beautiful!

"Some of 'em mebbe had flashier scenery, but this little girl with her flossy gown and the flowers, beat the best of 'em. I'll back her against all comers, bar none."

He's Landed and Strung

"By George, Artie, you are hard hit," said Miller, laughing.

"You're dead right there, an' I make no bones about it. She's got me landed and strung. Say you must think I'm a prize boob to set around here and gush about her, but I'll tell you, Miller, you're the only man I'd tell some things to and I spill it to you because I know that you're a good fellow—and understand that——puttin' aside all this kid talk——"

"That's all right, Artie. You needn't be afraid of me telling any one. There is nothing to be ashamed of, anyway. Every man falls in love sooner or later."

"Love! There's a word that used to sound like bunk to me, but on the square, that's what I've got. It's a sure-enough case. Where's Hall?"

"I think he's out collecting today."

"I'm glad of it. I don't like to say too much in front o' that boy. He don't know any more'n the law allows, and since he's picked up that ukulele I think he hears funny noises under his bonnet."

Big Jam in the Front Room

"Are you going to tell me about the wedding?" asked Miller, impatiently.

"Well, it was a whiz! We didn't break into the sassiety notes, but that's taboo in our set. It took all day to pull it off. Mame told me to come straight to the Connelly house, because she had to go there early in the morning. Her and the other Connelly girl was handlin' the bride.

"When I got there, there was a big jam in the front room—Mame's mother, old man Connelly, Mrs. Connelly, Tommy Bradshaw—he was the groom, you know—one o' Tommy's brothers from the South Side and a chilly egg by the name of Parker, some relation to Tommy. This frosty party was doin' the touch-me-not business all day, an' you couldn't get him to take his gloves off.

"Tommy—new suit, new topper, new shoes. He was washed and combed till he didn't look right. I think he overdone it, myself. And say, you ought to 'a' seen him when Mame's mother started to razz him."

Old Girl's Got a Fast Line

"How was that?" inquired Miller. "Oh, the old girl's got a fast line! You see, here was Mrs. Connelly settin' there sobbin' and bawlin' around as if she was goin' to bury the daughter instead of takin' her to a cigar store. That worried old man Connelly, and so Mame's mother tried to jazz up the crowd by ridin' with Tommy.

"She'd say: 'Well, Mr. Bradshaw, you're a very handsome man in your weddin' clothes, and then throw me the wink. Then she'd ask him if he'd back out if he had the chance and how many girls he'd been engaged to before. She had him fussed up till he couldn't say a word.

"No use though; Mrs. Connelly kept moppin' her eyes and every little while sayin', 'Ah-h-h-h,' like that. I guess it wasn't put on, though. She was probably broke up. Women are different."

"Oh, yes," assented Miller, "she hated to lose her daughter."

Connelly All Togged Out

"I don't believe it was that. She claimed it was the happiest day o' her life, and then as soon as she said it she commenced to bawl again. But you ought 'o seen old man Connelly. Oh, he's a grand old Tad—has charge o' the trucks for some factory. They say he makes good money.

"Well, yesterday he was up against a new proposition. He was all togged out and had a collar that was chokin' the life out of him. All he could do was to kind o' trail after the others. What do you think? At the church he wanted to slide into a back seat and let the rest of us go up front. 'Come on,' I says; 'be a good fellow and stay with us.'

"He said he could see all right from where he was, but his wife yanked him out and made him stick."

"How did you get to the church?"

"Why we give a big parade—five cars we had. I hadn't hardly had a chance to see Mame in her new clothes till we got in the bus with Florence and Tommy. Florence had about 20 yards o' thin mosquito-bar stuff hangin' to her and was made up great, but even at that she couldn't get better'n place with Mame in the runnin'.

Glad the Sun Came Out

"She's a nice girl, though. She was all fussed and so was Tommy. All the way to the church they didn't say more'n 20 words, and that was about how glad she was the sun had come out and wantin' to know if Mr. Parker was in the car behind. Tommy grinned and looked foolish.

"To tell the truth I got kind o' groggy myself when we stopped in front of the church and piled out. Mame was all right, though. She froze to me and steered me through without a hull. There was a wait just outside when old man Connelly balked on 'em, but after that everything went smooth."

"Well, what did you have to do?" inquired Miller, with growing interest.

"I done nothin' but stick to Mame. Tommy agreed to a lot o' business that's enough to set any boy a-thinkin' if he goes against the game.

"Oh, I forgot; it was right in the dead serious part, just when Florence and Tommy put their

Continued on Page 6, Column 2.

POTASH and PERLMUTTER

The Serious Book Is in Fashion

By MONTAGUE GLASS

"I SEE that at the eighth annual meeting of the National Association of Book Publishers, Mawruss, it was regularly moved and seconded that people now buy and read principally serious books," Abe Potash said the other day, "and the results is, Mawruss, that a busy business man can buy a book like *'The World's Ten Best Philosophers'* for $5, or 50 cents a philosopher, y'understand, which after reading the first chapter alone, y'understand, he will know more about philosophy than his son could remember after finishing a four-years' college course costing the old man $20,000."

"Well, it's six of one and half a dozen of the other, Abe," Morris Perlmutter observed, "because whether a shipping clerk has got his mind filled with *An Outline of Painless Philosophy*, or whether he is dreaming over *When Knighthood Was In Flower* or *She Loved But Was Lured Away*, he is just as apt to mark a packing case Long Beach, California, when it's to be shipped to Long Beach, Long Island."

"Say! For my part, Mawruss, I think a young feller or a young lady which has got her mind filled with serious reading, y'understand, should ought to be broken off of the habit," Abe declared.

Like Bicycling in 1895

"It unfits them for bookkeeping or stenography and typewriting, and even in some cases you will find stenographers which is seemingly reading the *Ladies' Home Companion* while waiting for some more letters to typewrite, and just so soon as the boss' back is turned, y'understand, they pull out from underneath the magazine a book called *The High Spots of Psychology*, and they get so absorbed in it, y'understand, that the next letter they write is as full of mistakes as an outline of history retailing at five dollars."

"I don't see why authors write such books at all," Morris commented. "There can't be such a big amount of money in it, considering that if a man who wrote a book called *The Story of Practical Inorganic Chemistry* was to devote the same amount of time to a novel

"JUST AS SOON as the boss' back is turned, y'understand, they pull out from underneath the magazine a book called 'The High Spots of Psychology.'"

about early California in which a young American cowboy turns out to be a Mexican Hidalgo, y'understand, the least that the Celebrated Players-Minsky Sudios are liable to pay him for the moving picture right would be $75,000."

"Well, the chances is that this here sudden craze for serious reading is only a passing fancy like bicycling was in 1895," Abe said, "because I seen it somewhere that the reason why stenographers and shipping clerks read at all, is to escape from the dullness of a stenographer's or a shipping clerk's existence.

"Which, after all, Mawruss, what excitement does a shipping clerk get out of life except once in a while getting called down by the boss, so what kind of an escape does such a shipping clerk get from his daily work by reading a book called *The Modern Development of City Government in the United States*, even if he skips most of it?"

Picturizing Philosophy

"There's a whole lot in what you say," Morris admitted, "but this here serious reading has been going on for some time now, Abe, and it wouldn't surprise me in the least if the moving picture concerns out in Hollywood soon got tired of waiting for something exciting in the way of a novel to be published.

"They've got some pretty bright scenario writers out there, Abe, and the first thing you know, one of them fellers would picturize *The Story of Moral Philosophy* with George Sidney playing the leading part of *Baruch Spinoza* and his daughter *Miriam* being acted by one of them new $5000 a week baby stars."

"But who is going to pay twenty-five cents to see a picture by the name *The Story of Moral Philosophy* even if the sub-titles was already side splitting?" Abe asked.

Pepping Up the Scenario

"A little matter like that ain't going to trouble them moving picture people," Morris said. "They would buy the moving picture rights of *The Story of Moral Philosophy* for a lump sum, Abe, and the very first thing they would do to it would be to change its name

Philosophy Liked by Stenog

to *The Love Brokers* or maybe *Slaves to Pepsin and Bismuth*.

"After that, in a few months, Abe, every moving picture manufacturer would have at least one of them 'Outlines' or 'Stories' in course of production, pepped up with a couple of automobile chases in the fourth reel, and for the first time in their lives, them professors and doctors of philosophy who write all them outlines of history, philosophy and psychology, would put philosophy, psychology and history on the same paying basis as advertising, real estate and general fire, life and casualty insurance."

"But ain't them professors doing just that same thing today yet?" Abe asked. "Because I see where a prominent book publisher said that them *outlines* and *histories* have taken the place of popular novels, Mawruss, and as recently as two or three years ago, Mawruss, if the writer of a popular novel didn't make as much money in one year as two real estaters, one advertising agency and a live insurance broker, all combined, y'understand, he felt that he was practically a victim of art for art's sake."

Them Good Times Is Past

"Well, them good times is past for writers of popular novels," Morris said. "The only thing left for a popular novel writer to do is to lay off for two or three weeks and study philosophy or history. Then he can write a couple of outlines of philosophy and history and get back into the money making class of writers.

"He might even take an extra week or ten days and glance at psychology, in which case, Abe, he could also write a book called *Why Dentists Behave Like Human Beings*, and make an additional fifty thousand dollars or so."

"But as I understand the matter, Mawruss," Abe protested, "all them editors which writes outlines, histories and other serious reading like that, y'understand, was already professors in colleges and studied philosophy, history and psychology for years already."

"Maybe they did," Morris conceded, "but the general opinion seems to be that no one would ever guess it from reading the books they write."

Copyright, 1928, Bell Syndicate, Inc.

by ROY K. MOULTON

Balmycrest Mysteries

VAN RENSSELAER WIMP was a prominent citizen of Balmycrest, the aristocratic and exclusive English-type suburb, where every man owns his own safety razor.

Balmycrest is so exclusive that nobody can buy a house there who can't pay $750 down. So you can see it is one of those choosy places.

Van Rensselaer Wimp was prominent in Rotary circles and his noonday luncheon talks were famous. It was he who headed most of the civic movements which put Balmycrest distinctly on the map, with the new and original slogan which rang across the country:

"BOOST FOR BALMYCREST."

Also he invented the soul-stirring slogans: "A Bigger, Better and Busier Balmycrest" and "Balmycrest, the Biggest Little City in America."

A Personality Engineer

Taking it all in all, Van Rensselaer Wimp was a leading citizen, and his home, "Chessemold," on Sunnymede rd., was the center of the suburb's social activities. The wealth, beauty and chivalry foregathered at Chessemold to play progressive bunco. In business life Van Rensselaer Wimp was a personality engineer and success architect. He taught personality and turned dumbbells into captains of industry.

So it was when, on the evening of October 29, 19—, Van Rensselaer Wimp stepped off his front porch and wended his way down the curved gravel walk toward the street, he dropped suddenly from sight. The sensation was one to conjure with and the best police brains of the country were immediately enlisted.

The first dragnet thrown out by the Balmycrest police resulted in bringing in 47 men. Inasmuch as the bereft wife could not identify any of them as her husband, they were all released with a warning.

"I am positive none of them is my husband," she declared to Chief of Police Schwartzmyer, "because my husband had two enamel teeth in front and wore blue socks." None of the suspects was so afflicted.

Waiting for Snowfall

An intensive search of the ground was made. It was immediately decided that the first thing to do was to look for footprints in the snow. However, it was impossible to do this at once, as there had been no snowfall at Balmycrest that season and it was necessary to wait for a fall of snow to look for the tracks.

Snow fell on November 3 that year. It was carefully examined by the detectives, but no footprints of Mr. Wimp were found.

Considerable pep was introduced into the situation when Axwinster Frowse, a big butter and egg man living at his ancestral home, "Pimpendale Hall," Cotswold rd., filed a suit for divorce against his wife charging desertion and claiming that she also disappeared on the evening of October 29. Thus the love interest was supplied and the neighbors had something to talk about.

"Mrs. Wimp, the bereaved wife, and Mr. Frowse, the deserted husband, were in a state of great distress. They were afraid the run away pair would return.

On the sixth day the suspense had reached such a pitch that Mrs. Wimp offered a reward of $10 for the news as to the whereabouts of her husband and the police augmented this by offering a reward of $5. Mr. Wimp was an important man.

The Interested Parties

Among those more than casually interested in finding Mr. Wimp were his creditors, of whom there were numerous and sundry. Mr. Wimp had been a liberal man and spread his patronage about all over Westchester County. If there was any mention to be explained it was because he couldn't find him in the telephone book.

The first clue found was an umbrella which had blown inside out. It was found in a ditch four miles from Chessemold. But it did not belong to Mr. Wimp, but to a man named Sylvester Slatkopolous of 1674 Gladys ter., Bronxville.

The Bronxville police investigated Mr. Slatkopolous, but could find no connection between him and the disappearance of Mr. Wimp.

A man claiming to be Mr. Wimp was arrested at Fresno, Cal., and excitement ran high as officers were dispatched to bring him home. He proved that he was Mr. Wimp, Mr. Billingsgate Wimp at Fresno, Cal.

He was not the Mr. Wimp who was wanted, but said he had always wanted to make a trip east and never before had been able to think of a way to do it without paying railroad fare.

Wife Accepts His Apology

On November 4, Mr. Wimp himself and not a moving picture entered his home and sat down to the dinner table. He explained to his wife that he had spent the intervening days in the garage as the doctors were due to arrive on November 1 to collect the installment on Chessemold, and he found it inconvenient to meet them.

His wife accepted his apology and telephoned to Mr. Frowse, telling him not to come over that evening.

The Wimp case will probably go down in the police annals of Balmycrest as another one of those problems that are never solved.

(Copyright)

PEPPY-GRAMS

NEPHEW: "Uncle, when are you going to play football again?"

Rich Uncle: "I don't play football. What makes you ask me that question?"

Nephew: "Well, father says when you kick off we are going to get an automobile and a house."

* * *

"Good morning, Mr. Brown. What a surprise to find you here! I heard the other day you had fallen from a thirty-foot ladder."

"Oh, yes, quite true. I did, but I fell off the third step."

* * *

"I found a letter in a woman's handwriting in your pocket this morning," she began, angrily.

"But — what — where — why — I didn't know—did you open it?" he asked in confusion.

"I did not; it was the one I gave you to mail yesterday."

ONE GIRL TO ANOTHER by Lloyd Mayer

This Cruise Started in Lively Fashion

"MY dear, I'm all-of-a-SHIV-and-TINGle at this point because this CRUISE I went on for MOTHer's HEALTH was POSitively WILD, my dear. Well, ANYways, I forgot to tell you about the START of it. We had a perfectly AWful time getting Mother to NewYORK to meet TREL and his YACHT, and she was all BOTHer about my having LUNCHy the Diner with Dr. FORtesa and all.

"WELL, my dear, we FInally arrived in New YORK looking like NOTHing human, because I mean MOTHer was surROUNDed by all this LUGgage and Dr. FORtesa was dashing MADly hithe and YON with SMELLing salts and WHATnot to sort of revIVE her for the orDEAL of going to a hoTEL and I was SIMply FRANtic because, my dear, was s'posed to have MADE all the TRAVling arrangements, my dear, and I'd comPLETEly forgotten what hoTEL we'd made reservations at—can you BEAR it, my dear?

"GOSH, it was AWful on account of this Dr. FORtesa because I came to know her, or SOMEthing BRANDy for me all the day down to New YORK in the TRAIN, my dear, because I felt AWfully UNtry and FAINT, sort of, on account of all the exCITEment of getting MOTHer OFF and all, because I mean it was a terRIFic TRAIN on me to sort of make all these odd TRAVling arrangements, to you know what I mean?

So I thought the TACTful thing to DO was to sort of CHANGE the SUBject, so I suggested to TREL that he and I sort of DASH over to BROADway."

Perfectly SCREAMing

"Well, ANYways, my dear, this BRANDy affECTED me STRANGEly, sort of, because I SIMply didn't give a WHOOP-de-DOODle what HAPpened and it was HONestly perfectly SCREAMing because Dr. FORtesa was unUSually FRISky himSELF about the time we sLIGHTed HEAVYly at the Grand CENtral and MOTHer began FRANticallyasking what hoTEL we were going to at this point.

"Dear TORtunately this TRElyan TreMAINE happened to MEET us at this point and said we might JUST as well go right aBOARD the YACHT because everything was READy at this point, so we HASTily LEAPED in several TAXIes, my dear, and BARGED over to the YACHT Club station where MOTHer proceeded to have hyperTERRIes because she simply refUSED point BLANK to get into this ODD little SKIFF effect which was the yacht's TENder, you see.

"I was ACtually emBARrassed to TEARS about it because I mean she said she simply WOULDn't risk her LIFE in such a rIDICulous little COCKleshell or something and she said she would have to have a TUG boat or something at this point.

CHANGing the SUBject

"GOSH, my dear, I was PRACticably ready to go MAD because MOTHer is AWfully DIFficult at TIMES—you know the type. And I was comPLETELY BAFfled because I mean I was TERrified this TRElyan TreMAINE would be AWfully offENDed on account of MOTHer's ABsolutely refUsing to set FOOT in this odd little BOAT and demanding a TUG, no less.

"So I thought the TACTful thing to DO was to sort of CHANGE the SUBject, so I suggested to TREL that he and I sort of DASH over to BROADway and take in a matINEE or something while Dr. FORtescue chartered a DERick ship or something to get MOTHer on board the YACHT—can you BEAR it, my dear?

"Well, ANYways, TREL thought that was a SWELL idea, so we DASHED dePARTed, leaving Dr FORtescue running AGItatedly hither and HENCE and MOTHer practically on the VERGE of collAPSE and these two odd SAILors from the YACHT trying VAINLY to push BOTH of them into this QUAINT little SKIFF or the EAST RIVER or something. I didn't REALLY care WHICH.

"I mean I REALLY thought it was FAR better for ME to get out of the WAY at this point because when MOTHer is in a NERVous STATE I only anNOY her by sticking aROUND because we sort of GET on each other's NERVES, do you know what I mean?

A Simply DiVINE Time

"So TREL and I had a simply dIVINE time, my dear, because I mean we went to a TERribly SNAPpy reVUE called 'UNdress PARADE' or something kind of riqUE like THAT, my dear, and it was SIMply SCREAMing because I mean the JOKES were AWfully CLEVer and ORIGinal, sort of, only TERribly soPHISticated and off COLOR and all, sort of.

"I NEARly had hysTERICS, my dear, and AFTerward we went to this dIVINE TEA room effect where we had the most dELISH COCKtails you've ever TASted, my dear, and Finally in a state BORdering on poLITE inebriAtion we BOUNDed back to the YACHT Club and went on board the YACHT, my dear, finding MOTHer in a STATE of disINTEGRation, no less, and conFINED to her STATEroom, and Dr. FORTescue SLUMBering STERTorously on a TRAIneon with just the SLIGHTest suPICion of an emaNAtion of BRANDy about him—can you BEAR it, my dear?

"HEAVens GATES and SHINGles, my dear! I've stayed HOURS longer than I MEANT to. I'll have to DASH at this point, no less, but I MUST see you again NEXT Sunday, my dear, because I want to tell you LOADS more about this CRUISE, my dear—I mean I ACtually DO!"

Copyright, 1928, by the Hearst Newspapers.

Advertisement

DRINK WATER IF BACK OR KIDNEYS HURT

Begin Taking Salts If You Feel Backachy or Have Bladder Weakness

Too much rich food forms acids which excite and overwork the kidneys in their efforts to filter it from the system. Flush the kidneys occasionally to relieve them like you relieve the bowels, removing acids, waste and poison, else you may feel a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or side, headache, dizziness, the stomach sours, tongue coated, and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get irritated, obliging one to get up two or three times during the night.

To help neutralize these irritating acids and flush off the body's urinous waste, begin drinking water. Also get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys may then act fine and bladder disorders disappear.

This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for years to help clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys and stop bladder irritation. Jad Salts is inexpensive and makes a delightful effervescent lithia water drink which millions of men and women take now and then to help prevent serious kidney and bladder disorders.

Advertisement

A Wonderful New Self-Treatment for RUPTURE

Costs Nothing to Try

Ruptured people all over the country are amazed at the miraculous results of a simple Method for rupture that is being sent free to all who write for it. This remarkable System is one of the greatest discoveries ever offered ruptured men, women and children. It is being pronounced the most successful ever discovered, and makes the use of trusses or supports unnecessary.

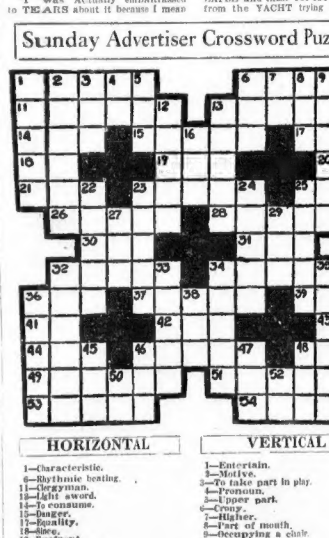
No matter how bad your rupture, how long you have had it, or how hard to hold, no matter how many trusses you have worn, let nothing prevent you getting this FREE TREATMENT. Whether you think you are past help or have a rupture as large as your fists, this marvelous System will so control it and keep it up inside as to surprise you with its magic influence. It will so help you restore the parts where the rupture comes through that soon you will be as free to work at any occupation as though you had never been ruptured.

You can have a free trial of this wonderful strengthening preparation by merely writing Dr. W. S. Rice, 1809, Inst., 188 Collings Building, Watertown, N. Y. Send no money. The trial is free. Write now—today. It may save wearing a truss the rest of your life.

DROPSY TREATED ONE WEEK FREE

Short breathing relieved in 21 to 40 hours; swelling reduced in 11 to 20 days. Regulates the heart, corrects the liver and kidneys. Purifies the entire system. Cotton Dropsy Remedy Company, Dept. 171, Atlanta, Ga.

Sunday Advertiser Crossword Puzzle



HORIZONTAL

1—Characteristic.
6—Rhythmic beating.
11—Clergyman.
13—Light sword.
14—To consume.
15—Danger.
16—Equality.
18—Silica.
19—Forefront.
20—Part of infinitive.
21—Flax fiber.
23—Tears.
25—By the.
26—Ooh.
28—Ox.
30—To fit out.
31—Large tub.
32—Pod.
34—Light and fine.
36—Coquettish.
37—Fell tenderly toward.
39—To soak.
41—Above and touching.
43—A liquor.
44—Therefore.
45—In addition.
46—Affecting the mind.
48—Pleasure.
49—Attacks by waiting.
51—Mother of Dionysius.
52—Male voices.
54—Temporary shelters.

VERTICAL

1—Entertain.
2—Motive.
3—To take part in play.
4—Pronoun.
5—Upper part.
6—Comp.
7—Higher.
8—Part of mouth.
9—Decapitate a chair.
10—The wrong.
12—Carouse.
17—Loans.
18—Hurried.
22—To free.
23—Of royal quality.
24—Kept.
27—One of the Apostles.
29—To contend.
31—Humorist.
33—Bitter, merry.
35—Old rulers of Venice.
38—Lunes.
40—Outcome.
42—Shore.
43—By way of.
46—Sounds.
47—Lair.
48—Feminine pronoun.
50—Still.
51—Marsh.
53—To leave.
55—Objective of I.

Copyright, 1928 by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.

BETWEEN the LINES

By K. C. B.

THEY WANTED a soda.
AND I took them 'n.
AND WE found a table
CLOSE BY the end.
OF THE marble counter
AND THE day was warm.
AND WHILE we waited.
WE BEGAN to guess.
WHAT WE would have.
AND ONE of us saw.
A NEW made sign.
THAT ADVERTISED.
A NEW concoction.
AND SOME of us said.
WE THOUGHT we'd try it.
AND AT that moment.
QUITE CLOSE to us.
WE SAW a man.
WITH A dish of something.
AND A second man said:
"IS THAT the new stuff?"
AND THE man with the dish
HE SAID it was.
AND WE could see it.
AND IT looked quite nice.
AND WAS strawberry red.
AND THEN the man.
WHO HELD the dish.
PUT HIS finger in it.
AND WE were surprised.
AND I said to the girls
THAT WE should leave.
BUT THEY decided.
THEY WOULD order something
THAT CAME in a bottle.
AND THE man with the dish.
STILL STOOD and stirred.
RIGHT IN front of us.
AND BY this time.
HE WAS using two fingers.
AND WE were waiting.
TO SEE who it was.
WHO HAD ordered it.
AND THE man got a rag.
AND THEN leaned over.
THE MARBLE counter.
AND OUT of the dish.
POURED SOME of the goo.
AND THEN with the rag.
HE STARTED right in.
TO POLISH the marble.
AND THE boss came over.
AND THEY both looked at it.
AND SAID it would do.
THANK you.

Copyright, 1928.

AUCTION BRIDGE

By Wilbur C. Whitehead

THE HAND

South is the dealer

Correct Bidding and Play

THE BIDDING

South Bids	West Bids	North Bids	East Bids
1 NT	Pass	Pass	Pass

Final bid.....1 N.T.....Played by South

THE PLAY

Bracketed card shows lead to each trick

Trick	South	West	North	East	Won by N	Won by S
1	8♠	(2♠)	5♠	3♠		/
2	(6♣)	4♣	6♣	2♣		/
3	(5♣)	6♣	9♣	8♣		/
4	3♣	5♣	8♣	(5♡)		/
5	6♣	8♣	(2♣)	7♣		/
6	7♣	10♣	(7♡)	9♣		/
7	8♡	2♡	9♡	3♣		/
8	2♠	7♠	(2♦)	2♥		/
9	4♡	(3♡)	7♡	9♠		/
10	K♡	(A♡)	2♡	6♡		/
11	3♡	(7♡)	4♡	10♡		/
12	J♡	(Q♡)	6♡	K♡		/
13	(A♦)	2♦	3♡	4♦		/
				Total Tricks Won	9	4

	Declarer	Opponents
Point Score	30	
Honor Score	30	

Salient Points of the Play

CARD READING AND END-PLAY

TRICK 1. Declarer wins in his own hand with the Ace to preserve Dummy's King as an entry for the Club suit.

Trick 4. West's play of the Spade 8 denies the missing 4 and marks his original lead as from a four-card suit.

Trick 5. West shows out on Clubs. With four Spades and two Clubs, his red suits must be split 4-4 any other distribution would have given him a five-card or longer suit which he would probably have opened originally.

Tricks 5 and 7. West's discards clearly indicate an entry in Hearts, probably the Ace now alone, while East's Diamond discards indicate that West holds also the Queen of Diamonds guarded.

Trick 8. Declarer does not finesse but plans to throw West in for a Diamond lead up to Declarer's Ace-Jack.

Mr. Whitehead will answer questions concerning your Bridge problems. Write to him care of this paper, enclosing self-addressed stamped envelope.

Salient Points of the Bidding

DECLINING TO RESCUE

NORTH properly refrains from "rescuing" his partner with his weak five-card Club suit.

Copyright, 1928, Republic Syndicate, Inc.

Grin & Endure It

TRUTH is stranger than fiction. In fact, to many it is a perfect stranger.

• • •

The absent-minded professor wandered into town one day, but he forgot to bring his purse. It was a long walk, and more than once he regretted his forgetfulness. The walk made him hungry, and, forgetting that he had forgotten his purse, he walked into a restaurant. But when he got inside, he forgot that he was hungry, so he walked out again, and it was all right.

• • •

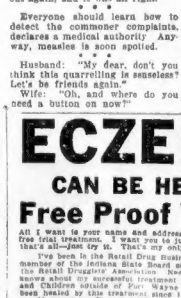
Everyone should learn how to detect the commoner complaints. Declares a medical authority. Anyway, measles is soon spotted.

• • •

Husband: "My dear, don't you think this quarreling is senseless? Let's be friends again."

Wife: "Oh, and where do you need a button on now?"

SOLUTION OF LAST SUNDAY'S PUZZLE



Advertisement

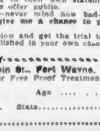
Recipes for Bad Complexions and Wrinkles

Of all the beauty recipes that have been given us there are two that have successfully stood the test of time.

For Bad Complexions—Make mercolized wax, applied at night like cold cream, causes the worn-out scarf skin to come off in tiny flakes, until the fresh young underskin is wholly in evidence. If the old skin is marred with sallowness, freckles, pimples or other blemishes, these defects are discarded with the skin itself.

Wrinkle Remover—One ounce powdered saxolite, dissolved in one-half pint witch hazel. Use as an astringent. All drug and dept. stores.

ECZEMA CAN BE HEALED Free Proof To You



All I want is your name and address so I can send you a free trial treatment. I want you to just try this treatment—that's all—just try it. That's my only argument.

I've been in the Retail Drug Business for 50 years. I served four years as a member of the Indiana State Board of Pharmacy and five years as President of the Retail Druggists' Association. During all these years I've known and known about my successful treatment for Thirty-Five Thousand Men, Women and Children outside of Fort Wayne now according to their own statements. Scores of them have been healed by this treatment since I first made this offer public.

If you have Eczema, Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter—never mind how bad—my treatment has healed the worst cases I ever saw—give me a chance to prove my claim.

Send me your name and address on the coupon below and get the trial treatment I want to send you FREE. The wonders accomplished in your own case will be proof.

J. C. HUTZELL, Druggist

CUT AND MAIL TODAY

J. C. HUTZELL, Druggist, No. 5488 West Main St., Fort Wayne, Ind.
Please send, without cost or obligation to me, your Free Proof Treatment.

Name .....
Age .....
Post Office .....
State .....
Street and No. .....

Ker-choo!

A Sneeze is a Warning

Stop that cold in time! HILL'S Cascara-Bromide-Quinine will do it. Ends a cold in one day because it does the four necessary things in one—stops the cold, checks the fever, opens the bowels, tones the system. Be sure it's HILL'S.

Red Box, 30c Everywhere

HILL'S Stops Colds

STOMACH Troubles Vanish

Does Your Stomach Distress You? Is it Weak or Sore? Tender and Painful? Do you suffer from Acute and Chronic Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Belching, Heartburn, Sour Stomach, Headache, Nervousness, Constipation or any form of Stomach, Liver Kidney or Bowel Trouble? Would you like to get rid of these so you could eat all you want, what you want and when you want, and feel fine?

A Dollar's Worth Free!

Send 10 cents to cover cost of packing and mailing and we will send you by return mail a full dollar's worth of our External Peptopad Treatment for stomach trouble, free and prepaid. No matter how severe or chronic your case is —no matter how many treatments you have tried without result—send for this Free Peptopad and valuable Booklet today.

DR. YOUNG CO., Dept. 21, Jackson, Mich.

Boston Sunday Advertiser

Entered as second class matter in the Postoffice Department at Boston, Mass., under the act of March 3, 1879, also at the Postoffice Department, Canada.

Published Sundays, 5 Winthrop Sq., Boston 9, Mass., by NORTHEASTERN PUBLISHING COMPANY

Telephone (All Offices) Liberty 4000

BUSINESS OFFICE
5 Winthrop Square

EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT
5 Winthrop Square

Subscription by Postpaid Mail Always Payable Strictly in Advance

DOMESTIC RATES

One Month 35c. Three Months $1.25. Six Months $2.50. One Year $5. Domestic rates include postage in the United States, Porto Rico, Philippines, Cuba, Hawaii, Alaska, Mexico, Canal Zone, also Canada providing such subscription includes the Daily Advertiser, if for Sunday edition only in Canada, foreign rate applies.

FOREIGN RATES

Month 75c. 6 Months $4.50. 1 Year $9.

ADVERTISING OFFICES

Boston .....5 Winthrop Sq.
New York City.....170 Graybar Bldg.
Chicago .....1270 People's Gas Bldg.
Detroit .....General Motors Bldg.
Los Angeles.....317 West 5th St.
San Francisco.....5 Third St.

EUROPEAN OFFICES

London...International News, 69 Fleet St.
London.....Universal Service, 83 Fleet St.
Paris...Internat'l, 10 Place de la Bourse
Paris.....Universal Service, 4 Rue de la Paix
Berlin..International News, Hotel Bristol
Berlin...Universal Service, Hotel Adlon

The Boston Sunday Advertiser assumes no financial responsibility for typographical errors in display advertisements, but will reprint that part of an advertisement in which the typographical error occurs. Advertisers will please notify the advertising manager immediately of any errors which may occur so allowance is made for errors in first insertion only.

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use and duplication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news herein. All rights of reproduction of special dispatches herein reserved by the Boston Sunday Advertiser.

Forty-Second Cousins -:- All Endeavoring to Act Their Respective Ages -:- *By J. W. McGurk*

"So George Spelvin has married his wife again."
"Yes, I wonder how many times they've got to do that before she becomes his property."
"Mother is right. I guess the man to marry should be one with the saving habit well developed."
"Oh, no doubt about it, but imagine being engaged to an egg like that!"
There's something wrong with this cake you've baked, Wifie—it's not bad, but it certainly isn't right."
"Nonsense, the cook book says it is delicious."
"And how is the patient, nurse?"
"Your husband is wandering in his head, Madame."
"Oh well then he won't stray far."
"Speaking of brilliant marriages, nobody in my family ever made one."
"Somebody in mine did—my wife."
"I don't say you were not sober last night Andrew, but everybody at the party saw you trying to light a cigar from the face of your luminous watch."

A REALLY good diamond will bore through anything, we read. It would certainly make many hole in a bank account.

* * *

An actress recently had a birthday party, and the candles on the cake represented the number of years of her age. I am told that another actress asked if the windows could be opened—it was so very hot in the room.

Newsboy (shouting): "Two forty-five express wrecked!"

Henpeck: "Heavens! My wife was on that train."

Newsboy: "Special edition, sir!"

Henpeck: "No, I'll wait for the evening edition and then I shall get the racing results as well."

* * *

Ultra-Modern—The young lady who always dabs a little powder on her nose before answering the telephone.

PUZZLING.

The waitress brought my cup of tea—
I craved a further boon;
But why looked she so hard at me
When I asked her for a spoon?

* * *

"You know, yesterday the wind was so strong it blew my dress nearly inside out."

"Weren't you embarrassed?"

"Naturally not; Ruth was wearing it."

A woman stated in court that she had never in her life listened to a word of gossip. It must be dreadful to be deaf.

* * *

"Good Heavens! Who gave you that black eye?"

"A bridegroom—for kissing the bride after the ceremony."

"But surely he didn't object to that ancient custom?"

"No—but it was two years after the ceremony."

JACKSON: "Yes, I've gotten gone over the top."

Crowther: "That so? Where were you stationed in France?"

Jackson: "I never was in France; I am a barber."

* * *

Loafer: "Sam says that he is in close touch with the heads of many organizations."

Another Ditto: "Yes, he's a barber."

"Tough luck, old man. I heard all about the breaking off of your engagement to Pearl. What was the trouble—the diamond?"

"No," sighed Reggie. "The diamond was all right."

"Then was it Pearl's fault?" asked the friend.

"No," said Reggie, glumly.

"Neither Pearl nor the diamond?

"No," said Reggie, "It was the mother of pearl."

HUSBAND furiously): "My favorite pipe smashed to atoms! Who on earth could have been so confoundedly careless—?"

Wife (tartly): "I don't know, I'm sure. All I know is that I came down this morning and found your shoes on the mantelpiece and pipe on the doormat——"

Husband (mildly): "Oh, well—accidents will happen."

Old DOC HAWLEY by *Don Marquis*

This Home Brew Is Awful

"LIFE ain't what it used to be," said Mr. Clem Hawley moodily to his friend, Jake Smith.

"And it never was," said Jake. "But what's the matter with you this afternoon?"

Mr. Hawley, otherwise widely known as the Old Soak, was sitting with Jake and his cronies, Al the bartender and Henery Withers, in Jake's Tavern. The four of them gather there nearly every day to air their opinions and keep the world running right.

"There is nothing the matter with *me*," said the Old Soak. "The trouble is with *my* internal elements and vital ornaments on the inside of me. They ain't as strong as they used to be. They get discouraged quicker with the wrong kind of hootch.

"Time was when I could drink a quart of kerosene and then eat a lighted candle and only feel pleasantly lit up, but now I can't even negotiate a dish of prunes or a mince pie if it happens the fruit has fermenticated itself too much."

Nothing to Trifle With

"You been drinkin' some more of that homemade hootch of yours," accused Al the Bartender.

"I'm afraid what you say is true," groaned the Old Soak.

"And that there homemade stuff ain't anything to trifle with. A hired girl makes it in the cellar and leaves it around careless like and in the natural course of events, without my quite knowing what's happened, some of it gets into my digestive ornaments. I got an idea she makes it with an old tenkettle and a rubber hose. I've noticed both a taste of tin and rubber in it.

"It may be all right to take the grease spots out of rugs with but it is nothing for the human digestive ornaments to struggle with. Homemade hootch is either a farce with no kick into it or else a tragedy with an unhappy ending.

"Homemade hootch is something like amateur theatricals. Amateur theatricals is all right as an occupation for people that hasn't got anything else to do nor nowhere else to go, but they always cause useless agony to the audience.

A Mammal of Iniquity

"If I had the money, or the credit, or something, I would wave a goodbye kiss to this here land of Prohibition and suffering and sail away to some country where the vegetation just naturally fermenticates itself into liquor in a professional manner, and there I would end my days in contentment and unrighteousness. I am a Mammal of Iniquity and there ain't no use in trying to deny it.

"Just to give you a sample of how dangerous to all our institutions this here homemade hootch might become I will tell you a story of what happened to my wife's parrot. My wife has had a parrot for fifteen years that has always been a most remarkable parrot for two reasons:

"The first reason is he don't know any swear words.

"The second reason is he's the only parrot I ever knowed who wasn't named Polly. His name has always been Freddy.

"Well, I run into some of the hired girl's hootch the other day, hid in the kitchen closet where she keeps the brooms and mops and dustpans. I held it up to the light and looked at it. By nature and disposition I always have been the kind of a person who was willing to take one chance with anything liquid.

"THERE wasn't any dumb beast handy except Freddy the parrot."

An Adventurous Bird

"But there was something about the way this here hootch looked back at me when I looked at it that made me have my doubts. It had a sort of a mean look, if you get me. I poured some of it onto a rusty stove lid and it crackled a little and the rust curled up and scaled off and then I thought to myself I'd better *try* some of it on a dumb beast before I poured any of it in my own human system.

"There wasn't any dumb beast handy except Freddy the parrot. Freddy is a kind of adventurous bird. He's a little like me in his dietary enterprize. He will take a chance on nearly anything. He got himself outside of two tablespoonsful of the hired girl's hootch and asked for more.

"I thought I hadn't better give him any more until I seen how much good what he had already had was going to do him. I sat and watched him.

"And then a most remarkable phenomenon happened right there in our kitchen. I don't ask you to believe it and I wouldn't believe it myself if I hadn't seen it but this here Freddy, who was supposed to be a gentleman parrot for the last fifteen years, suddenly reversed his religious opinions and laid an egg.

How Dangerous It Is

"I looked at him sharp and I told him if he couldn't hold his liquor like a man he wasn't going to get any more of it.

"But that just goes to show how dangerous this here homemade stuff is.

"The terrible thing about it is that Prohibition has taken liquor out of the barrooms and put it into the home. Children see it all the time now and they see their fathers and mothers drinking it and it is natural they should want to experiment with it themselves. The result is that we are raising up a generation of posterity that has never had anything to drink except homemade hootch or bootleg liquor and it stands to reason that stuff like this will undermine their patriotism and their prosperity and their morality.

"Suppose we should have another big war in the world pretty soon. Could a generation of posterity that had never imbibed into itself any real food liquor be expected to go out and win a war, I ask you?

"These here Prohibitionists that has put liquor into the home, and had liquor too, are going to have an awful lot to answer for when the next war comes along.

Learning Too Young

"Another trouble with having liquor in the home is that the children learn to drink too young. Of course a young fellow has got to learn to drink sometime but there is such a thing as learning too soon. My motto has always been to keep it out of the mouths of babes and sucklings.

"Maybe at little beer would be all right to fatten up a baby that was puny. But I never gave my children any hard liquor until they had their growth.

"Something has got to be done pretty quick if the millions and millions of little innocent children in this fair land aren't going to be corrupted and have their growth stunted with homemade hootch and bootleg liquor."

Copyright, 1928, King Features Synd., Inc.

Save Me From the Guide of the Woods

By STEPHEN LEACOCK

NOW that I am safely returned from my annual fishing and hunting trip into the northern woods, I wish to set down the truth about my friend "Ed" the guide.

I did not care to do this in the heart of the woods, nor on the edge of a waterfall, nor on the waters of a lonely lake. It might have hurt his feelings.

I class "Ed" as my friend because I call him "Ed": If this doesn't constitute friendship, what will? In other things we are not so much connected: in point of race "Ed" is half English, half French-Canadian, half Algonquin, and partly from the United States. I have heard him say, too, that his mother came from Germany. In fact, "Ed" is a melting pot.

IN THE SILENCE OF MIDNIGHT, I ROSE FROM MY GRAY BLANKET AND STOLE OFF AMONG THE PINE TREES
I REALIZED WITH CONCERN THAT FROM THIS POINT ON RICHARDSON HAD BEGUN TO LOSE HIS CLOTHES
"ED," SAYS HE, "THAT'S THE BIGGEST FISH I EVER CAUGHT OR SEEN CAUGHT. I'M SO PLEASED HE SAYS, "I'M GOING TO GIVE YOU A ROD."

A Few Objections to Ed

The first thing I object to in Ed as a guide is that he never seemed to know his way. A guide ought to know that much anyway.

"I'm not just sure," he used to say, "which way we go here, but I guess this is the track. You just carry the canoe up this here hill and I'll walk ahead and take a look." Most of the time when we were on the march I carried the canoe and Ed "took a look" in various directions, strolling gently among the pine trees.

"You just start a fire," he would say, "while I look and see if this is the lake where we fish after supper."

I spent most of my time in carrying the canoe, lighting fires, and washing dishes. Ed mostly smoked and told stories of other men he had taken out.

"I took a gentleman out here last fall," he said, "a mighty nice man of the name of Richardson, or Richards: you'd likely know him for he came from either New York or Cleveland.

"We caught a beauty right here above this fall, just as good as the big one you got just now. Well, sir, this Mr. Richardson he was so pleased when he seen that fish that he gave me a fishing rod. We was standing right here, with this Mr. Richardson right on that rock where you are, and I was here inside him like, and he got this big trout, all of three pounds, just like that big one you got."

Biggest He Ever Caught

"Did he land it?" I asked, speaking through the noise of the water.

"I done it for him," answered Ed, "just the way I landed yours. Well, sir, as I say, when Mr. Richardson seen that fish landed, he said, 'Ed,' says he, 'that's the biggest fish I ever caught or seen caught. I'm so pleased,' he says, 'I'm going to give you a rod.'"

Ed paused and shook off the bits of a fish that had bothered him. He could *not* catch fish better than anyone I ever saw.

"He had in his hand," continued Ed, "one of them rods made of split wood, like the one you're fishing with. 'Here Ed,' he says, which he come off the rock. 'Take this here rod.' I've got it still back home."

I lost my best knife very shortly afterwards in the same way.

"That's a dandy knife you've got there," said Ed, "you can't get them there up here. This Mr. Richardson I was talking about at the fall had a knife just the mate to that.

"We was sitting here one evening and he was peeling potatoes with this knife just the way you are. We'd had a dandy catch at the fall, just like what we got today, only today they run a little bigger, and Mr. Richardson was feeling pretty good after it. 'Here, Ed,' he says, says he, 'take this knife for a reminder.'

"I took it and kept it and I had it till I lost it just as we were starting on this trip. Yes, sir, he says, 'Ed,' says he, 'take this knife.'"

Equipment Fades Away

It appeared that Mr. Richardson also got rid of his landing net on the trip. "Take it, Ed," these were the words he is reported to have used, "I shan't be wanting it back in the city. You keep it."

So my landing net followed Mr Richardson's.

As we moved towards home, I realized that bit by bit Richardson had parted with his equipment. "Take it, Ed," were the words he generally used. Could I say less?

My best rod, my net, two reels, my book of flies, were all gone when we were still a hundred miles from home on our way back. I estimated that at this point the year before Richardson had had no fishing tackle left.

Then I realized with concern that from this point on Richardson had begun to lose his clothes.

"This Mr. Richardson," said Ed, "had one of them fishing coats same as yours. They're certainly a mighty handy coat. And on the way out of the woods—in fact, it was somewhere here—we'd been having mighty good sport, nearly as good as the sport you and I have had, and Mr. Richardson give me his coat. It seems he never wore it in the city. 'Take it, Ed,' says he, 'I won't be wearing it.'"

Twenty miles below that is the spot, which I will show to any one for ten dollars a day, where Richardson gave away all his socks, his two red handkerchiefs, and his three extra shirts.

The crisis came that evening. As we sat by the fire Ed promises to show me next morning the very spot where Richardson gave him his boots. It seems that the exact spot can be located to a nicety.

I lay awake thinking that night with the moonlight falling through the pine trees and the river singing in the silence, thinking of Richardson's boots.

Dimly I remember that I had heard something about a man from my own town whose name actually was Richards, or Richardson, or something like it, and who died of pneumonia just on his return from a fishing trip.

Safety Among Pine Trees

That night I took action. In the silence of midnight, I rose from my gray blanket and stole off among the pine trees. I took nothing in the way of fishing equipment, *but I had my boots on.* I followed the down way course of the river and two hours after daylight I struck a railway track and a train that took me home. *I have my boots still.*

But I often think of poor Richardson when the time came when he saw Ed looking at his fishing pants as he sharpened up a two-edged hunting-knife.

Copyright, 1928, by Metropolitan Newspaper Service.

Ha! Ha! Ha!

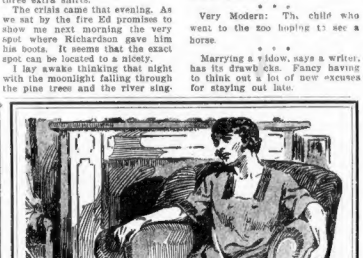
WE have just heard of a young man who has become engaged to two girls at once and calls one "East" and the other "West," vowing that never the twain shall meet.

* * *

Very Modern: Th. child who went to the zoo hoping to see a horse.

* * *

Marrying a widow, says a writer, has its drawbacks. Fancy having to think out a lot of new excuses for staying out late.



Worried About Your Health?

You Can't Be Fit When Kidneys Act Sluggishly.

DO you find yourself running down—feeling always tired and achy? Do you suffer nagging backache, drowsy headache and dizzy spells? Are the kidney secretions too frequent, scanty or burning in passage?

Know then, that these are often signs of improper kidney action. Sluggish kidneys allow waste poisons to remain in the blood and upset the whole system.

If your kidneys are acting sluggishly, assist them with *Doan's Pills. Doan's,* a stimulant diuretic, increase the secretion of the kidneys and thus aid in the elimination of waste impurities. *Doan's* are recommended the country over. *Ask your neighbor!*

Doan's Pills

A Stimulant Diuretic to the Kidneys

At all dealers, 60c a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfr. Chemists, Buffalo, N. Y.

By GEORGE ADE:

Continued from Page 3.

lunch-hooks together. 'They're off,' I whispered to Mame, and she came purt' near bustin' out and queerin' the whole act. She panned me good and hard for it afterwards."

"What did you do after the ceremony?"

"Say, the ceremony was just the first part o' the show. When we got out o' the church Florence's mother was cryin' again and kissin' everybody except me and the old man. We did a run-around on her. They loaded up the carriage again and all but us four went back to the house. We went to get some photographs."

"Oh, I see."

"Well, I should say so. You've always got to have one o' them bride-and-groom pictures in the house even if there's nothing to eat. They wanted me and Mame to go along, so we rode out and watched 'em.

The Shootin' Match

"Tommy was all right by that time. He'd got his nerve back and he was real peppy, kiddin' me and Mame, and sayin': 'That's all right. Some time I'll come and see you two hitched up.' Wasn't that a raw deal, huh? There I was—I'd never said nothin' to Mame about the marry idea, and he was takin' it for granted that everything was set. He was pretty fresh about it.

"But Mame—say, she passed it off smoother'n silk. She just give him the ha-ha and says: 'That'll be all right. You'll get your bid when the shootin' match comes off.'

"She didn't call it a 'shooting-match'?"

"Naw! I'm just tellin' you, you know. Well, they got their pictures. Florence settin' down with the flowers in her lap and him standin' behind with one of 'is fins kind of bid in that mosquito bar. Then we all drove back to the house to feed our faces."

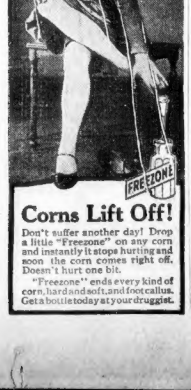
"Oh, you had a wedding breakfast?"

"I hope to tell you! That was where I cut loose. I made a speech now for a kid, you know, but I started 'em—all but that cold-gut. We fed an' then we smoked and danced, and old man Connolly played the saxophone—stolen, thank you. Mame was the star, too. Don't forget it.

"Honest, we had a good time. Them people up there's good enough for me. No frills, but they're on the level, and when it comes down to cases they're just as good as a lot of people that make a bigger front. They got hearts in the right place.

"It's like a man out at the boat club says, 'If you can't travel with the bellcows, stick to the gang.' That's wise talk, too."

Copyright, 1928, by George Ade



Corns Lift Off!

Don't suffer another day! Drop a little "Freezone" on any corn and instantly it stops hurting and soon the corn comes right off. Doesn't hurt one bit.

"Freezone" ends every kind of corn, hard, soft, or between. Also the toughest calluses. Get a bottle today at your druggist.

Advertisement

An Old Recipe to Darken Hair

By JANICE RANDALL

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is mussy and troublesome.

Nowadays we simply ask at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound." You will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients, for only 75 cents. Everybody uses this preparation now, because no one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, thick and glossy and you look years younger.

SOCIETY-CLUBS AND THEATRES

MARCH of EVENTS

BOSTON SUNDAY ADVERTISER

NEW ENGLAND'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER CIRCULATION

SECOND NEWS SECTION

Boston's Greatest Circulation—Over 500,000 Every Sunday | BOSTON, SUNDAY, MARCH 18, 1928 | Boston's Greatest Circulation—Over 500,000 Every Sunday

'UNEMPLOYMENT MAINLY DUE TO VAST GROWTH OF LABOR-SAVING MACHINERY'--SEC'Y J. J. DAVIS

'UNOFFICIAL ESTIMATES OF JOBLESS ARE EXAGGERATED'

"American Science and Invention Should Direct Their Ingenuity Toward Creating New and Larger Demands for Products and Thus Absorb Surplus Labor of This Super-Machine Age," Declares Cabinet Officer

By JAMES J. DAVIS,

Secretary of Labor in President Coolidge's Cabinet

Washington, March 17

UNEMPLOYMENT worries the country. Close observers began to see it some time ago. The jobless themselves began to be seen and heard from.

Now the fact of unemployment has stamped itself on the consciousness of the country. It feels a natural alarm, and this has been fed by numberless estimates. By some the jobless are numbered as high as 4,000,000—nearly one-tenth the number of persons gainfully employed in the entire United States.

These are harmful and hazardous guesses—harmful because they are being accepted as based on knowledge and fact. Certain members of the Senate have taken the estimate of 4,000,000 as close enough to warrant an investigation.

It is highly desirable that we face the truth, and reflecting the general public belief the Senate directed me to obtain the facts as to unemployment and part-time employment and give it monthly reports thereon.

To obtain every wanted fact as to unemployment in a country as large as ours is nearly impossible. Nothing short of a census, a ringing of every doorbell in the country, would bring us in touch with every person out of a job.

A census would cost between two and three millions of dollars. It would take six months, and by the time the returns were gathered and counted, the situation would have altered and the returns would be without any value whatsoever.

But the Department of Labor has expert facilities for learning the facts as to unemployment in about 10,000 manufacturing plants in typical sections of the country. The returns from these are accurate enough, and should serve as a reliable guide as to conditions in general.

"Unemployment Estimates Are Exaggerated"

From the studies of unemployment already made by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, and the employment service in the Department of Labor, it can be said at once that many of the current unofficial estimates are gross exaggerations.

In one city where the unemployment conditions were thought to be among the worst of all, a labor organization put the number of jobless at 75,000 persons. Alarmed at this, the local chamber of commerce made a study, and cut this outside estimate down one-half.

It happened, however, that in this city a door-to-door canvass was made possible. Every doorbell in the city was rung, every family in it was questioned. The questions asked were fully answered, and the total number thus actually and truthfully found to be out of work was a little over 16,000.

The Bureau of Labor Statistics has obtained the same accurate count from typical centers in two other states. There, also, actual count was balanced against the current estimate, and the ratio was the same.

From these and other careful early penetrations into the problem, it is wholly safe to say that throughout the country the estimate as to unemployment will be found to be twice too high.

One cause for increase in the ranks of the unemployed should not be overlooked. Before 1921 we were admitting to the country a million immigrants a year. We now restrict immigration it is true, but it is only restricted and not stopped altogether. The annual entry of aliens has been cut to nearly a third of what it was, but since 1921 there have passed the restrictive immigration requirements nearly 3,000,000 aliens. The adults are nearly all working people, and being new and unused to our ways they are sure to be largely represented in the present unemployment totals.

Even with the number of our jobless only one-half what we have feared, the situation is one to be seriously and earnestly considered. And yet the fact that hundreds of thousands are out of work is not a condition singular to the United States, or to any administration.

"Unemployment Now World-Wide"

The truth about unemployment is that it is at present world-wide. It has troubled England ever since the war. Relief for the chronically unemployed, through the system of unemployment insurance, has cost that country many millions.

The typical industry of coal is in worse shape in England than it is with us, and from the same affliction—over-development; too many mines and too many miners; ruthless competition among those with coal to sell, and the same competition for jobs among those with labor to sell.

Poland has a serious unemployment problem. So have the Netherlands, England, British Columbia, even Esthonia. The evil is general. Its nearly world-wide prevalence, in fact, is such as to raise the question whether the roots of this evil of unemployment do not penetrate deep into fundamental errors in our entire social and economic life.

In his book, "Ouroboros: The Mechanical Extension of Mankind," Garet Garrett shows in his vivid manner, how the introduction of machinery, hardly more than a century ago, has multiplied the population of the earth.

Effect of Machinery on Employment

To condense his argument, machinery cheapened the cost of production, lowered nearly every article of use in price. With lowered costs, more goods could be sold. With the sale of more goods, production was speeded. Increased production meant increasing the number of jobs.

It also meant increase of the wealth from which wages are paid.

Machinery has thus made it possible for more people to live and have jobs, and the forces of Nature gave instant answer, in an increase of population. In hardly more than a century the population of Europe has more than doubled, where our own has doubled again and again.

In a very large way, machinery has done all this. The very sanitation and hygiene we now employ to save and prolong life we have paid for out of the means supplied by enlarged machine production of wealth.

Is this mechanical slave which man devised to do all his work now beginning to turn on its master?

Is machine production, which made it possible for many more people to live on earth, now going so fast as to eat up its own creation?

One by one we devised machines to displace the old handworker. Now we devise mechanical marvels that displace older machines, and even those who run them.

Is this machine production, in ever greater volume and at ever greater speed, loading us down with a chronic class of the unemployed? If we shrink from the mere problem of counting those so affected, how are we to face the problem of what to do with these people? Warned to be fearless in looking the effects in the eye, we ought to be equally fearless in facing the causes of unemployment.

The Machine Displaces Human Labor

How far the present unemployment is the result of this mechanical invasion of the fields of human labor is something else that can only be estimated. We have certain telltale evidence, nevertheless. Machinery is taking over more and more of the work of man power. Inventors are constantly turning out new and better machines. These do more and more work, do it better, in greater volume, and at higher speed.

Fewer and fewer men are needed to operate these machines. And one by one the remaining handcrafts, where it has been thought for ages that human skill could never be supplanted by mechanical devices, are now surrendering.

Take the making of glass. Until a few years ago glass was brown as it was in ancient Babylon and Egypt. For years inventors had striven to produce a machine that would duplicate the deftness and knack of the human blower and that would have in addition the other qualities that give the machine its value over human labor — capacity to turn out a product in vastly greater volume, and, therefore, at vastly lesser cost.

For years the inventors strove in vain. Now the glass industry, one of the last hand-industries, has been converted

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

AN interesting glimpse of Secretary James J. Davis, head of the U. S. Department of Labor, who analyzes in the accompanying article the present conditions of unemployment throughout the country. International Newsreel photo

'Native Unrest Confronts Britain With New Crises in Africa and Asia' Says Lloyd George

"Egypt Rejects Treaty and Demands Evacuation of British Troops; Uprising of Mohammedan Tribes May Presage Holy War"

By DAVID LLOYD GEORGE

London, March 17 (by Cable).

THE British Empire is confronted with acute trouble in two continents—Africa and Asia.

Egypt has once more become a center of disturbance after a period of tranquillity. The rejection by the Egyptian Nationalists of the treaty which had been provisionally agreed upon between Sir Austen Chamberlain and the Egyptian ministers has precipitated a conflict the precise developments of which cannot be foreseen.

In Mesopotamia, the raids of the Wahabi tribes into territory under British protection has already resulted in the shedding of blood. How serious the situation is or may become in that quarter is not yet quite clear.

Confronts Menace of Holy War

Has a holy war been proclaimed against the heretics and infidels? If it has been launched, then much depends upon whether that formidable Arab potentate, Ibn Saud, has thrown in his lot with the raiders or is acting as a restraining influence upon their fanaticism. The desert is so far keeping its secrets to itself.

It is not without interest to reflect that this trouble has arisen in two countries which were powerful and highly civilized empires at a time when even the existence of Great Britain was scarcely known.

When Abraham left Ur of Chaldees to wander with his flocks in what is now known as Transjordania, Britain was just a fanciful rumor of a mist-covered island, populated by skin-clad savages. Now Ur is a base for aeroplanes with which the aviators of that misty island bomb the descendants of those very nomads which Abraham joined.

The empires of the Assyrians, Egyptians and Hittites are fermenting with strife between the followers of the Prophets who sprang from the loins of the Chaldean Bedouin —father of all the warring faithful. Their respective adherents are rallying to conflict on the plains grazed by Abraham's flocks.

The most redoubtable combatants come from rivers he never heard of and encamp on the banks of the Euphrates and the Jordan, where he watered his sheep.

France Fears Moslem Uprising

It is suggested by the French press that these disturbances indicate a concerted movement among Mohammedans everywhere against the British Empire. There is no doubt that the Mohammedan world is restless and unsettled.

There are over 150,000,000 Mussulmans in the world and the Great War, which emancipated Christian nations, has not brought freedom to the followers of the prophet in any continent. Hence the unrest.

France has had her share of the consequent trouble in Morocco and in Syria. She has ensured submission to her authority after having waged two costly wars.

The British Empire, as the greatest Mohammedan power on earth, could not expect to escape. Britain exercises dominion over between 80,000,000 and 90,000,000 Mussulmans.

The agitation in India is not mainly Mohammedan in its origin. Its character is more nationalist than religious, although religion plays a part in the forces of discontent. The disturbances in Egypt and Mesopotamia are also prompted by motives partly religious and partly racial.

Egypt demands full sovereignty within her own borders, free from any control, interference, restriction or military occupation on the part of Britain or any other foreign power. She also demands restoration of her sovereign rights over the Sudan.

The freedom and independence which the Egyptians claim for themselves so clamorously they just as vociferously deny to the Sudanese. Still, that is only saying that Egyptian patriotism is just of the same brand as any and every other.

I could furnish endless precedents and examples of this characteristic without recourse to history, ancient or modern.

Britain Insists on Keeping Army

Britain is prepared to concede complete independence to Egypt in so far as its internal affairs are concerned, but insists on maintaining an army of occupation on Egyptian soil to protect the lines of communication between the East and West which are so vital to the existence of her empire.

As to the Sudan, which was reconquered by a British force under Lord Kitchener after it had freed itself from Egyptian rule, Britain is not prepared to relinquish her authority and position in that territory. There are other outstanding points of difference, but these would all be capable of adjustment.

The one question where the British and Egyptian points of view cannot be reconciled is that of the presence of a British military force on Egyptian territory. The British Government is prepared to leave the actual location of that force to the decision of the League of Nations, but the Egyptian Nationalists insist that as long as foreign troops are encamped anywhere on Egyptian soil, Egypt cannot be free and independent in reality.

Their leaders therefore regarded the evacuation of Egypt by British troops as the sine qua non of any agreement with Britain. On the other hand, British Governments of every complexion are in accord in resisting this demand.

When Mr. Ramsay MacDonald was in office, he was just as emphatic on this point as either his Coalition predecessors or his Conservative successors. In his dispatch to the great Egyptian Nationalist leader, Zaghlul Pasha, he recalled the experience of the European war, when our communications with the East were threatened by a Turkish force which attacked the Suez Canal, and he stated:

"No British Government, in the light of that ex-

Continued on Page 4, Column 3.

A RECENT snapshot of King Fuad, of Egypt, whose Nationalist Parliament has rejected the latest treaty with Great Britain and many of whose subjects are clamoring for evacuation of British troops from Egyptian soil. Fuad's ancient kingdom is one of the newest storm centers in the rising unrest that threatens British domination over native peoples in Africa and Asia.

International Newsreel Photo.

DURANT: 'HOW TO OVERCOME WEAKNESS OF CHARACTER'

Cites Transition of Woman From Submission Toward Domination

"Face Danger, Seek Responsibility and Fight to Conquer Imperfections"

By WILL DURANT

Whose Writings Include "The Story of Philosophy" and "Transition"

WE have in a previous article drawn two ideal portraits, of negative and positive character, and have made a division of humanity into weak and strong. We have described the negative type as usually conscious of some physical inferiority, as timid, hesitant, submissive, lazy, secretive, shy, idealistically imaginative; and the positive type as healthy, confident, curious, masterful, active, social and realistically intelligent.

Left so, these pictures would be extreme and useless; but placed side by side they make it easier for us to analyze, and perhaps to reorganize, ourselves.

Can we rid ourselves of negativity and weakness, and take on some of that positive firmness which is the secret idol of our hearts? In this we, by taking that thought, add a cubit to our stature?

It is usual to answer this question with a pessimistic No; a man's character, we are told, is his fate; and what he is at birth he must remain to the end of his earthly chapter. Human nature, it is said, never changes. And very often the qualities of character are rooted in the condition of the body, in matters of health and strength and organic structure and function; how can character-istics so based be changed?

What Time Has Given Us

Strange to say, there are facts, staring us in the face, that cast grave doubt upon this ancient dogma of the unchancesability of human nature. The history of our own time has given us a profound and startling example of wholesale transformation of negative into positive characters.

If our age is so replete with economic and psychological translations that we grew a little unbalanced as we contemplate it, we are repaid not only with the zest of a complex life, but with the opportunity of watching and studying the processes of social change as if we stood in a great laboratory, experimenting with a world.

Fifty years ago one might have described women as normally negative in comparison with men, and one might have labeled them with most of the adjectives that we have used to describe the weaker type.

Their physical handicap was the basis of a sense of inferiority that revealed itself in that secret fear, lurking almost universally in the hearts of women, that they had not been born men, and dug out of that "complex" came a burning resentment, like some subterranean fire, that periodically erupted in the hot lava of their speech.

It was their nature to be gentle in action; and if at times they were violent in words, it was in compensation and "over-correction" of that physical subjection which met them like a nemesis at every turn in the road of life. They were the "weaker sex."

It was on that bodily basis that the diffidence and submissiveness of woman rested. She did not thrill so much as the male with the lust for achievement; indeed, her joy seemed to be the same from generation unto generation—always and only the adventure of motherhood.

She bowed to her master, took his blows affectionately, surrendered her name and property to him with her flesh, and sought her happiness in accomplishing his will. Life was hard and dull for her, but she made up for it by reveling, as often as she could, in romantic fiction and poetry that raised her for a while into a brighter world.

And then suddenly the Industrial Revolution caught her up and flung her into the office or the factory. Variety entered her life like a flood, individual responsibility and economic independence came; she earned her own money and molded her own morals.

Outgrowing Negativity

She had already suspected the superiority of the male; she had always found him, in elementals, gullible and tamable and manageable. But now she discovered, as he himself timid worshiper of pugilists and athletes) was discovering, that in the modern world the race is not to the swift, nor the battle to the strong; that selection was now more than ever by cunning and intelligence, ever less and less by human horse-power and simple brawn.

She found, to her delight, that physical inferiority was in unsuperable obstacle to success and mastery.

She saw that the greatest men had often the smallest frames; and that even a woman, though suffering from the curse and harassed with skirts and cramped by a thousand fears, could by energy and will-power, might rise to leadership and power, and be master of her soul.

And bit by bit, as the Great Change advanced, she outgrew her negativity and took on positive traits. Woman became a personality, capable of initiative, of executive management, of realistic thinking.

She imbibed the lust for acquisition, and became a mighty Digger of gold. She neglected the quiet tidiness of the home for the noisy joylessness of the streets, and took to powder as a substitute for water.

Mood of the Man

She loosened her stays, and shortened her skirts, and bared her neck to the sun; she prayed a little less, and played a little more; she drank deep draughts of the bracing air of her new freedom, and became stronger in body and soul.

The male was startled and shocked, and complained moralistically about the "new woman." But the change had come without his connivance, and persisted without his permission.

"SOME of us do not want to change our character; we seem sweetly perfect to ourselves, and our very faults are so lovable that the notion of making a few repairs in our makeup hardly appeals to us."

He found himself faced with woman in industry, woman in commerce, woman in the professions, woman in education, woman in all those fields which from time immemorial been exclusively his by the divine right of possession.

He was displeased with this independence of work and will; he longed for the ancient days of modest maidens and clinging vines, for the old domestic bliss (as it seemed to idealizing memory) of babies and doughnuts and apple pie. He fought the invasion manfully and querulously.

He lost. In America at least, woman has almost completed her dizzy transition from negative submission to positive domination.

Sociologists question the historicity of this "matriarchate" which Bachofen and McLennan thought they had found in the ancient past; but of our current matriarchate no one can doubt; he who runs may read the signs and see the evidence; everywhere in America women, married or unmarried, are dominating men.

The old qualities of virginal docility and marital obedience disappear; of the two sexes it is man that now cherishes modesty awhile, and looks with bashful awe at the ankles, and calves, and knees, and added attractions of the modern lass.

Judge, from so rapid a change, the possibility of altering character. Obviously those qualities which we have called positive and negative are not irrevocably rooted in the flesh; they have their basis in the strength and weakness of the body, but they can be transformed indefinitely by opportunity and environment. The same woman has, in a hundred thousand cases, developed from timidity to audacity, from submission to mastery.

It is obvious that character can be changed—if we will.

But here we encounter subtle difficulties. Some of us do not wish to change our characters; we seem so sweetly perfect to ourselves, and our very faults are so forgivable and lovable, that the notion of making a few repairs in our make-up hardly appeals to us.

What Will Is

If we are to make ourselves stronger we must understand, first, what will is: not some mystical entity standing among the elements of character like the conductor of an orchestra, bending now to one side and now to that; but merely the sum and substance of all functioning impulses and dispositions.

These motive forces that constitute character have no leader whom they may obey, outside of themselves: it is from their own number that some powerful impulse must come to dominate and unify the rest.

This is "strength of will"; that one supreme desire stands out so high above the others that they may be drawn in to it and harnessed by it to move in one direction to one goal.

If you cannot find & co-ordinating goal, some master purpose to which you will readily sacrifice every other desire of your heart, unity is beyond you, and you must be in the end a stone in another man's edifice.

Hence, it will not help you to read books that offer royal roads to character. Here, for example, is a volume published some years ago in London upon developing the will by the process of self-hypnotism; there are a hundred such masterpieces, which fools can buy in any city. But the way is harder than that, and longer.

It is the way of life. Will, which is unified desire, is as Schopenhauer showed the character-istic form of growing life; and its strength and stature increase only as life finds for it new labors and new victories.

If you wish to be strong, first choose your goal and plot your road; then cleave to it whatever betide.

The way of caution here is to undertake at first only that which you may rely upon yourself to carry through; for every failure will weaken you, and every success will make you stronger.

It is achievement that makes achievement; by little conquests we gain strength and confidence for larger ones; practice makes will.

But then, one can be too cautious, and turn away from the beckoning of great deeds, and remain forever small.

Be sure that modest victories shall not content you; on the morning after your triumph, having feasted for a day, look about you for the next and larger task.

Face danger, and seek responsibility; it is true that they may defeat you, may even destroy you; but the date of the one death that you must die is too slight a chronological detail to disturb philosophy.

If they do not kill you, they will strengthen you, and lift you nearer to greatness and your goal. Make or break.

One of the less unreliable and fantastic phases of psychoanalysis offers us here another illustration of the flexibility of human character and destiny. In the illuminating theory of Adler, the basis of both genius and neurosis day abnormality of mind and character lies in some organic defect, some weakness or malformation of some portion of the body, whose inescapable presence stings the soul into a heroic struggle to conquer the imperfection.

As Francis Bacon said:

"Whoever hath anything fixed in his person that doth indicate contempt, hath also a perpetual spur in himself to rescue and deliver himself from scorn."

So the clubfooted Byron learned to dance perfectly, and to aim sufficiently to make himself a social Hero; and the stuttering Demosthenes became a perfect orator; and Beethoven, losing his hearing, fought his way to incomparable music.

So woman, burning with her "masculine protest" against physical weakness and subjection, broke her bonds through all traditions and impediments.

Price of Greatness

"This feeling which the individual has of his own inferiority," says Adler, "furnishes the inner impulse to advance."

It is those who ware behind that forge to the front and lead the race; It is out of the people that great inventors come; time and again Bitter bodies, diseased frames, have given shelter and stimulus to great souls.

It is true that the struggle to overcome defects may fail, and that the effort to win may break down all the remaining health and strength of the will.

Very well: it is the price we pay for greatness, that the struggle for it may plunge us in ruin; it is a race that nature arranges for us, in which there is defeat as well as victory.

But any man worth a pinch of snuff will take the dare, and enter the race, even though he be tried and lost than never to have tried at all.

Whatever your physical weakness may be, whatever your consequent weakness of soul, look it squarely in the face, and march breast forward to its overcoming. If you shall not succeed, you will, very well; that is nobler than acquiescence.

If you win, you create yourself anew, and know all the heights of greatness.

What does it matter that we must die more deaths than one in the course of our life?

(Copyright, 1928, Metropolitan Newspaper Service, New York)

"Woman Broke Her Way Bravely Through All Impediments"

Price of Greatness

"This feeling which the individual has of his own inferiority," says Adler, "furnishes the inner impulse to advance."

It is those who ware behind that forge to the front and lead the race; It is out of the people that great inventors come; time and again Bitter bodies, diseased frames, have given shelter and stimulus to great souls.

It is true that the struggle to overcome defects may fail, and that the effort to win may break down all the remaining health and strength of the will.

Very well: it is the price we pay for greatness, that the struggle for it may plunge us in ruin; it is a race that nature arranges for us, in which there is defeat as well as victory.

But any man worth a pinch of snuff will take the dare, and enter the race, even though he be tried and lost than never to have tried at all.

Whatever your physical weakness may be, whatever your consequent weakness of soul, look it squarely in the face, and march breast forward to its overcoming. If you shall not succeed, you will, very well; that is nobler than acquiescence.

If you win, you create yourself anew, and know all the heights of greatness.

What does it matter that we must die more deaths than one in the course of our life?

(Copyright, 1928, Metropolitan Newspaper Service, New York)

Secretary J. J. Davis Sees Human Labor Steadily Being Displaced by Modern Machinery

Continued from First Page.

almost over night into an industry ruled by machinery.

Like the typesetter of old, the blower of glass is in the discard, except for specialty work.

In the blowing of four-ounce medicine bottles alone a man with the aid of an automatic machine can output 41 times as many as the old hand production.

Where one man by the old hand process could once produce 100 two-ounce prescription vials, he now produced 2,906 with a machine.

In the blowing of one staple product of the glass industry 700 men were required. Now a single machine, run by a handful of men, does it. Naturally this means a lowering of cost. Assuming the labor cost by the old hand method to be $1, every dollar's worth of two-ounce bottles can now be produced for a little less than three cents.

Lowering the cost of any commodity is such an extent is of course an enormous item to humanity. But the important point remains. It means the displacement of human labor.

Labor-saving machines are robbing human beings of jobs at a rate more rapid than we can find them new and fruitful occupations.

As a boy I learn from my father the iron puddler's trade. In the iron and steel industry iron must still be puddled by hand.

No machine has yet been devised to take the place of the skill and judgment in this; but I have no doubt it will come. Nearly every other step in the making of iron and steel has been taken over by giant machines. Puddling is a priceless relic.

In the older days the handling and shaping of great masses of white-hot metal was a back-breaking, heart-breaking task—and a dangerous one, killing task. Now great cranes with magnet grapples, huge conveyors, and conceivable mechanical marvel handle these tons of metal, often at the touch of a lever or button.

Besides increasing output and lowering costs, with resulting benefits to humanity as a whole, this also is a boon to the workers themselves. It relieves them of endless toil and peril. But again the point remains. These giant machines have taken great tasks from the backs of men, but they also have taken from many men their jobs and livelihood.

The American manufacturer takes a wholly proper pride in his courage to scrap the machines of today as soon as faster and more productive machines are offered. His whole plant is skilfully kept up to date for this end—for the purpose, of course, of saving money, lowering costs. But what of the men displaced?

In recent years in the cotton industry, it has been made possible for a single weaver to operate many more looms than once was possible. The number of looms tended per weaver has increased from a general average of twelve to specific instances of a single weaver is expected to care for 60 looms.

Dramatic Changes With Oil

At see the increasing use of oil for fuel and the Diesel engine for power is bringing about the most dramatic change. The cruising range is so extended that an oil-using steamer has no jobs with one replenishment of fuel. Cargo space is saved. Oil fuel leaves 40 per cent of the room that coal requires. In the burning of oil, no stokers are needed. One of two men take care of the fuel pumps. Not long ago the Danish ship Fiona rounded the world with a single engineer.

In 1913, Edward N. Hurley, formerly chairman of the Shipping Board, estimated that when oil motors into general use for driving ships, from 30 to 50 per cent of the coaling stations of the world may be abolished.

Again a great saving, and thus a boon to humanity, but also a large displacement of stokers, coal-passers and skilled and unskilled labor on docks as well as dock-hands and others on land. And these already have been affected by recent new mechanical devices, cranes, conveyors and the like, in loading and unloading of vessels.

Machinery has walked in everywhere and shouldered the human being aside. Just to check off the more striking examples, here are a few:

A new potato digging and loading contrivance, run by two men, does the work of 60.

The International Harvester Company is working on a mechanical cotton picker, planned to enable two men to pick from two to five bales of cotton a day. It would take the same two men from eight to 15 days to pick the same amount.

In the flour mills of the Northwest mechanical conveyors load six cars in 40 per cent, of the time it formerly took in loading two, and 15 men to do the work of 100.

In one plant of the International Paper Company three men feed oil to fire the boilers, where 49 men once shoveled coal.

With the paint-spraying machine one automobile worker can do the work of seven. In a certain stamping plant for making auto parts, conveyor systems do the work of 140 men.

Chicago has a brick-making machine that turns out 40,000 bricks per hour.

And not only has labor-saving machinery come in, but scientific management has introduced methods of handling material that save the work of men. Better methods have enables a plant at Worcester, Mass., that employs 8,000 people to produce more goods with 600 fewer employes.

In a large copper refinery, during the years from 1918 to 1-27, the number of men employed was reduced from 575 to 233, with a 10 per sent increase in output. The company hopes in time to run its plant with 100 men.

Every manufacturing establishment formerly had its own power plant, with the necessary stokers and engineers. More and more of them now have turned to the greater economy of electric power, often supplied from distant central stations. It is estimated that the electric motors of the United States today are capable of performing the work of 175,000 men.

Wherever you turn your eyes you will find this process going on, everywhere subject to new perfections. And it have been at it for years. I well remember the pygmy steam engine that once had the trains on the "L" in New York 25 years ago. Each car was manned by a fireman who opened and shut the gates and gave his signals. Every station had its ticket seller and chopper.

Now the engineer and firemen, and nearly all the "motormen" have been displaced by a single motorman. One guard, or conductor, on the lead car controls all the doors of the entire train. Ticket choppers have gone their way and left behind them the turnstile. Three men now do the work of ten. What has become of the other seven?

The wonder is, not that we have so much employment, but so little. In addition to labor displacement as a result of normal economic progress, we have had the great floods in the Mississippi valley and in Vermont, causing a huge disturbance in farming, industry and employment. The coal situation has kept thousands of miners out of work.

Serious as is the number of people out of jobs, the situation has one redeeming feature—a feature bright with promise. There are now about 40,000,000 of our people gainfully employed. Our country has been cursed before with periods of unemployment, but the custom was to accept these as natural and unavoidable ailments. The jobless were duly pitied. Bread lines and soup-kitchens were established for their relief. Here and there scattered agencies or individuals did what they could to find employment for the unfortunate. For the rest they were supposed to bear their lot as they could, until the normal working out of event. and the slow improvement of business gave them back their work.

But in 1921 when war conditions and brought about unemployment so serious that it forced attention, we learned the lesson that unemployment for any considerable proportion of our people is a calamity visited upon us all. In a word, hundreds of thousands of people out of work are a terrible cost to the entire country. We learned that if for no better reason than to cut that terrible cost, we are wise in exerting every effort to get every jobless person back to producing and buying again, with the least possible delay.

But my contention is that it is vastly more important to do what we can to stop this everlasting creation of new recruits to the army of unemployed, that has been going on for so long. What we can be only temporary relief, so long as, even in the best of times, we swell its ranks with the men we release from our more and more mechanized mills. If we do not face this matter with all our brains and resolution, the standing army of the jobless will continue to increase in the future to alarming proportions

The trouble is that invention and science have exerted themselves to the uttermost in perfecting the industries already established. They have produced results that put us at the head of every industrial nation. We are justly proud of the position. But invention and science must soon become equally energetic in seeking out new human tastes, needs and desires, and in developing industries to supply these new demands

The Price of Invention

When I first put forth this statement, certain critics laughed. Their argument was that new industries would only add to the glut of goods, the over-production, which was all they could see as the cause of our present unemployment. The answer, I think, is simple. It is one of the oldest of economic fallacies that a nation's income is fixed and limited. The only limit to a nation's wealth is the limit to its brains and hands in creating that wealth.

As for its consuming power, there is no known limit to man's desire for the good things of life. The rest is a matter of getting the wealth distributed.

These critics assume that public tastes, once discovered, are fixed and stable and ever the same. But nothing is so fickle as public taste and demand, and countless ruined industries stand in proof.

Thirty-five years ago the market for horses and buggies may have been subject to over-production. But invention turned out a thing called an automobile and now thousands upon thousands more people ride in one than ever owned a horse and buggy. Thirty-five years ago the man who predicted that one of our major industries would grow up to provide a fool competitor of the horse and buggy might have drawn a laugh.

Now no one would think of applying all our science and invention to speeding up the production of horses and buggies. Yet in other lines that is precisely what invention has been doing. In many a case it has been speeding up the production of commodities that the public no longer wants.

You may have the most magnificent high-speed plant for turning out old-fashioned razors. If run on the modern basis, your plant may be equipped with machines that do the work of hundreds of men and turn them loose to hunt other jobs. But the minute a man comes along with a safety shaving device that the public suddenly prefers, all the money and invention in your old-fashioned razor plant is wasted.

Changing Public Taste

You may brag of your plant as you please, complain as you please of glutted markets and depression. The public has passed you by. I believe it is not far-fetched to say that business today is somewhat less active and employment higher than it was in 1926. Some of the slackness is due to just this factor of chapging public taste.

It is one strong argument, at least, for the exaltion of new science and new invention. They must turn more to the development of new public demands, and new industries to supply them. Already the hard-headed American business man has seen the point and has turned in his practical way to carry it out.

The author of one of our leading scientific publications writes me that never before has he had so many letters from large manufacturers. They all ask for some new invention which promises to meet a possible public need or taste. And these manufacturers all state as their reason that they desire to add a new line to their products in order to provide compensation for slackness in their older lines.

In addition the same editor informs me that since January this year the filings of applications for patents on new inventions have nearly in the history of the Patent Office been so numerous or so promising.

This, of course, is all for the future. I have the greatest confidence in the ingenuity of this people. The same ingenuity that has built this tremendous industrial structure will surely be equal to the correction of its faults as they develop. One of these faults is certainly the steady production of a jobless group, a group that earnestly desires employment. This must be stopped.

In the meantime, I believe even the immediate unemployment problem will soon be improved. The opening season will enable the building trades to return to their regular occupations. The farmers of the south begin to call for labor. The Mississippi flood prevention program will draft much common labor from the ranks of the out-of-work. The government has an extensive building program of its own soon to be launched.

Above all, our people are fully recused to this grave situation, and private enterprise everywhere may be counted on to do its share in providing jobs.

The American people have a way of solving their problems, and the unemployment problem will be no exception. The telephone, automobile and radio opened a thousand new fields of employment. Other innovations will do the same.

Copyright, 1928.

Advertisement

You "Wear" Well in Wool

The years are kind to men who wear wool. They get health, comfort and beauty, too, in all-wool clothing. The safest way to select all-wool cloth is to look for the trade mark of the American Woolen Company. It now appears on every yard of all-wool *Serge, Cheviot, Unfinished Worsted, Herchonis' Gray* and a selected number of others in the colors and weaves you like so well for business and general wear.

You can get them from your tailor or clothier.

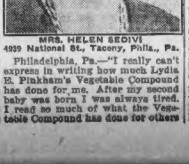
American Woolen Company

"Makers of worsted fabrics for men's and women's wear"

Advertisement

RUN-DOWN WOMEN REGAIN STRENGTH

Find Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound A Dependable Medicine



MRS. HELEN SEDIVI
4939 National St., Yaceny, Phila., Pa.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I really can't express in writing how much Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. After my second baby was born I was always tired. I read so much of what the Vegetable Compound has done for others that I gave it a trial. It has certainly done wonders for me. I have praised it to single and to married women and intend to continue it. It seems that taking your medicine has made me a different girl. I also secured Lydia E. Pinkham's Pills for Constipation and they have helped me wonderfully."—Mrs. HELEN SEDIVI, 4939 National Street, Yaceny, Philadelphia, Pa.

A Weak, Nervous Woman Helped

Terre Haute, Ind.—"I have a baby six months old and after he was born I felt so badly I could hardly do my work. I was weak, nervous and run-down. I have taken three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and would not be without it. I feel lots better and am able to do my housework. I also take Lydia E. Pinkham's Pills for Constipation. I would like you to print this letter in some of the papers for I have often heard remarks about your testimonials. They say, 'You never see letters from anyone in this city. It is always somewhere else.'"—Mrs. J. K. Monce, 1801 Blaine Avenue, Terre Haute, Indiana.

LUDWIG MARVELS AT 'OPEN DOOR' IN WASHINGTON

Simplicity of National Leaders at Close Range Impresses Him

"Coming From New York One Will Be Soothed by the Capital's Leisurely Pace—It's European"

By EMIL LUDWIG

World-Famous Biographer of the Great, who wrote the Life of Napoleon and other noted works, and who has been visiting the United States

WASHINGTON, March, 1928.

A FINE country house, standing alone dignified and simple, without a single sign of power being visible. To me there is no more beautiful and fitting symbol of the simplicity and candor of the American leaders than the White House.

We had expected to find here, just as in Europe, a castle or a palace. When I turn my thoughts from the pomp of the French kings, from the magnificence of the castles in Rome and Vienna, in Petersburg and Berlin, I find the homes of the newly-made Presidents in Berlin and Prague, in Warsaw and Moscow, more magnificent because they were the castles of ancient kings. Soldiers guard the entrance, double doors make access difficult, the stranger is warned not to come nearer, for here, behind thick walls, in towers and dark rooms, dwells—POWER.

"A Symbolical Street"

Only Switzerland, which has been a republic longer than America, has simple government buildings, and yet one cannot compare the house of the President of this smallest republic with the dignified and cheerful White House, which seems to invite each one to come beneath its old trees and see the representative of the greatest republic on earth.

There is stands now, like a delicate and refined woman, between two menacing buildings, which seem to flank her more as possessors than as lovers, and to whom she seems, with all her charms, to belong—the Treasury and the State Department.

At first I was amazed that there was no statue of Washington to be seen in his own city. Then I noticed how the obelisk is to be seen from every window and I can understand how this presence of the founder acts as a model and a warning even to the most far-away part of the city.

A great symbolical street connects this lofty stone with the monument of Lincoln—the Founder with the Protector. What a beautiful thought, this wonderful and modest man in the darkness of a great room! There he sits, just on the boundary between the North and the South of his country which he united—and then suddenly I thought of Michael Angelo's Moses.

"The Openness of America"

One always has a fear that some day he will stand up and with kingly might crash through the roof, while Lincoln, if he should stand up, would only quietly ascend the steps, start a conversation with the soldiers on guard, and then he would go into some of the small houses of the suburb and meditate upon how and where to do good.

If one comes from New York one will be soothed by Washington's pace—it is so European. People go about more leisurely, automobiles toot less, electrical signs turn more slowly, and the politicians themselves, who all over the world act as if they were the salt of the earth, here are not so terribly solemn.

Never before have I seen a foreign office with the doors standing open. In Europe the doors are double and the inner ones are padded. Here one imagines one is in the tropics, for the doors do not all reach to the floor, and, without intending to eavesdrop, I plainly heard a conversation in the cabinet of the Secretary of State.

Most everything seems to be open in America. In the lecture rooms of our universities we do not dare to even open the doors. Here in America everyone can go in; dwellings are not enclosed by fences, the directors of big banks sit right beside their clerks and the sleepers on trains are only divided by curtains. Within, the simplicity continues.

The smallest country in the Balkans has no more simple and plain room for receiving the ambassadors of foreign countries than this narrow blue room of the State Department, with its leather chairs. That the pictures of former State Secretaries hang here and in other departments shows a gratitude which I have not been able to find in Europe.

The second impression which I had, and which harmonizes with the first, is that everyone looked so healthy.

Kellogg came in, snow-white and certainly over 70, with head and hands slightly shaky, but sunburned a wonderful brown as is he had just come from St. Moritz. His movements were quick and youthful. He was accompanied by his assistant, who seemed quieter and like an older mentor of this impetuous youth.

Over there, in the other house, was Mellon, one of the finest heads in America. He is also brown and healthy, also over 70, but in every motion, every word, he is steady, deliberate and thoughtful as a chess player. His wonderful eyes have a melancholy glance and he is skeptical almost to cynicism. Only the eagle nose betrays the energy which made the son of a small lawyer rise to be one of America's richest men.

Lunching With Dawes

In talk and looks he is more like an artist. He defines the struggle of life as a great game, as a chance to win through one's talents. He sees no difference between work for his own profit, which he has done his life long, and work for his country, which he started when over 60 years old.

"At the beginning of the war," he said, "when the price of ships had soared, we were having a meeting of the shareholders and a certain man wanted to buy my ships from me at any price.

"I said to him: 'What shall I do with your money in my safe?' At night it makes me happy to think about my ships, that now one of them is in West Africa, another in Polynesia, or that a third lies in dock in Antwerp.

"Do you know," I asked him, "that you talk like the Merchant of Venice?"

He seemed uncertain as to whether or not that was a compliment, and as I started upon the social question he looked toward the clock.

The two imposing Houses of Congress surprise one by their stillness. The countries in Europe have greater luxury, and when I compare the marble hall in Athens with the Senate in Washington, I am impressed by the quietness of the one and by the southern loudness of the other.

Such signs of self-restraint on the part of the richest people on earth have important results, for where the government sets an example of splendor and pomp, the nation is only too quick to follow.

The writing table of the Vice-President does duty as a lunch table, and so we sat with our knees rubbing against the narrow ends.

During lunch secretaries came and went, telephoned, brought messages and came to have papers signed. It seemed to be the tent of a general in wartime rather than the office of a Vice-President in time of peace.

Dawes is a real true general—it is no courtesy title—he is even more than a general. I found him to be most courageous, full of speed and, above all, an enthusiast. There is an air of destiny about Dawes that I have missed in most Americans.

'The Mystery of Power'

Dawes is of a pure artistic temperament, but the best politicians are always a bit artistic and therefore he does not interest me so much when he talks about the gold basis or the Dawes plan, as when the words slip from his tongue showing that he understands the mystery of power.

"One cannot measure a man's courage by the position of authority he holds. Through opposition he will always be pushed further and further till he finally becomes more severe and courageous out of a mere sense of self-preservation."

That was almost a definition of ancient tyranny.

Hoover is his opposite. He is the most serious-minded being I have ever met. If I had not lately seen a picture of him sitting with his dog and looking so pleasant, I would think that he had never laughed in his life—anyway never laughed in his office.

The room is bare, too light, the curtains are puritanical, the chairs are hard, the desk is empty. Everything about this man mirrored order and cleanliness, clarity and promptness.

With an absolutely unconscious feeling of opposition to this accurate world of his, I sat for a minute, upon the smooth, mirror-like writing table. I am sure that he was far more shocked than his immovable face showed.

He liked to talk in numbers, most of all in percentages. He is certainly the most objective being under the sun.

'Thoroughly Unselfish'

He is at the same time thoroughly unselfish and cold. Every German ought to be grateful to him. He laid his own plan for providing for a hungry enemy long before the armistice and this he submitted to the President.

Today he speaks most hopefully of Germany's future and of closer German-American relations. That is most important because he would never stoop to make a pretty speech—he would always objectively take the matter under mature consideration.

One is surprised that a conversation can be carried on without any anecdotes being told. Also one marvels that all the officials hold him in such great affection.

I believe that he is not so happy as Dawes, perhaps because his natural ambition is curbed by his puritanical principles, whereas Dawes is simply himself.

Hoover and Dawes—a Quaker and an artist, the man of duty and the man of genius, a man who never uses his lunch table for a desk and the man who eats on his desk.

In his daily life Hoover will surely give each his due, in case of real need he will give more Dawes, in daily life, will give freely in case of need he will give with an open hand, but at a distance.

I see these two men before me—a Themistocles and an Aristides.

Among the senators, Borah looks the most like a German. He also looks like Beethoven, and with his blue eyes and soft features and rustic voice, he reminds one of our own romantic authors.

I wonder if he is so strong and eager. I do believe that he is absolutely honest and that he does understand the Old World. He keeps America out of the League of Nations, but he would like to have America belong to the Court of Justice at The Hague—we, too, would like that if it were in any way practical.

An Original Thinker

Anyway, his room is the only one in America where I have seen a picture of the old grandmother, "The Map of Europe."

Shipstead, the fine son of Norway is surely not so radical as people think. In Europe no one would call him that. He is only very independent, sincere and clear-headed. He would like to go back to the old political methods. Just as a Quaker runs away from the confusion of the Commentary and takes refuge in the Gospel!

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson is more beautiful than her pictures. In Europe people have heard all sorts of fairy tales about her, and in New York I heard few speak well of her. Whether she influenced Wilson is a subject open to discussion. The wisest men in all walks of life not only allow, but even seek the advice of women.

Among the Congressmen is old Burton, whom one would expect to have "before the deluge" ideas, but who is the most modern sort of a pacifist and an open enemy of all nationalistic exaggerations.

Just as fearless, but far more delicate in every way, is Justice Brandeis, who looks like a chess player, and his intelligent but finely formed head reminds one of Venus de Milo.

In his home I heard Goethe mentioned for the first time in this country. A lady asked me the other day:

"How does one spell Goethe?"

Anyway, Brandeis seems to be a perfect treasurehouse of knowledge of European affairs and good qualities.

With him humanity becomes more human and he does not attempt to force his skentleism, which is almost idealism upon the country.

'An Incomparable Vision'

But no one in America could compare with Holmes, the oldest and at the same time the finest man I have met in America. When this 87-year-old man sits in his easy-chair before his open fireplace and one hears his firm voice which he tells his thoughts filled with goodness, humor and freedom, one believes him to be about 60 years of age.

Each week he sits in the highest court of justice, studying legal documents. How he protects our times, especially our youth, and in what a friendly way he overlooks its weaknesses and tries to accentuate its good qualities, while all the time in his heart he thinks that there is nothing new under the sun. His judicial discernment often opens a door of the knowledge of life, and then how his eyes glisten in memorable visions!

He talks about olden times as if it were only yesterday. One would think that it was only last Sunday that he had spoken with Lincoln. At the time of the Civil War he was a young married man.

"My dear boy," he said, and I felt the hand on his touched my forehead, "the best way is to be enthusiastic here, and then in the back part of the head be skeptical."

"This Wonderful Man"

As I left this wonderful man and came home, I saw a fine, healthy boy standing in front of my hotel room door. He wanted my autograph. He was 76 years younger than Holmes, so I could say to him, "my dear boy," then, too—according to age I stand somewhat in the middle between them.

While I contemplate with a sort of envy this healthy, fine stocking, I asked him if he read books.

"The best," he answered. "A wonderful book and the 'Son of Man' that is now running in a magazine. Which reminds me that I have the same story in the Gospel with all the old verses and chapters. It is too bad that I do not get enough money to go to your lectures."

The next day he sat in the front row and took notes on the lecture. In the evening he was there ripped at the door and there he stood again, this time with a small package in his hand.

"My father sends you this—he is an officer on board ship and he brought this from China."

It was a valuable little bronze Buddha.

I reproached him and told him his father might be disappointed, and he replied shyly:

"Oh, no, he likes your books, too. Anyway, won't you write time write a life of Beethoven? I just love to hear Beethoven."

Just as long as America has such figures as this old man and this boy, she can be just as proud as she is and let all the European criticisms go to the devil.

Copyright, 1928, by Premier Syndicate, Inc.

SEEN THROUGH THE EYES OF GERMANY'S BIOGRAPHER OF THE GREAT

"MRS. WOODROW WILSON is more beautiful than her pictures . . . In talking with her Wilson becomes less of a problem to understand, he becomes more simple and real."

"DAWES is of a purely artistic temperament, but the best politicians are always a bit artistic."

"NO one in America could compare with Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes, the oldest and at the same time the finest man I have met in America."

"White House Like Refined Delicate Woman"

"SENATOR SHIPSTEAD, the fine son of Norway, is surely not so radical as people think. In Europe no one would call him that."

"SECRETARY MELLON'S wonderful eyes have a melancholy glance and he is skeptical almost to cynicism . . . Only his eagle nose betrays the energy which made the son of a small lawyer rise to be one of America's richest men."

"HOOVER is the most serious-minded man I have ever met."—Ludwig. The cartoons of Secretary Hoover, Vice-President Dawes and U. S. Senator Shipstead on this page are by Conrad Massaguer, the noted Cuban caricaturist of famous personages.

Photographs by International Newsreel.

Ludwig Sees Chicago

VIVID impressions of America's mid-West metropolis are presented in the fourth article of this notable series in which the celebrated German biographer is recording his views of America and Americans. It will appear in the MARCH OF EVENTS SECTION of

Next Sunday's Issue

KATHLEEN NORRIS:

"Shun All Verbal Post-Mortems and So Make Your Whole Life Happier"

By KATHLEEN NORRIS

THROUGH playing, Anne Meredith and George St. George, a real actor

RUPERT HUGHES:

"It Is Nothing Short of a Crime to Break the Heart of a Loving Bride"

By RUPERT HUGHES

I HAVE been told at two different bridegrooms wealthy enough to have private cars and friendish enough to take their sweethearts along on their honeymoons.

David Lloyd George Explains the Egypt Crisis

Continued from First Page

Present Views of British Empire

Ibn Saud Mohammedan Cromwell

SOCIETY WOMEN'S CLUBS THEATRES

BOSTON ADVERTISER

OPERA DRAWS SMART AUDIENCE AT PREMIERE

Brilliant Scene on Opening Night at Hollis Street Theater—Other Events of Interest to Smart People

By Florence Cooper

Society No Longer "Slows Up" Its Pace for Lenten Season

NEWS of INTEREST to SOCIETY

News and Notes of the World of Art

By Jean Nutting Oliver

AT the Vose Gallery is a most enjoyable show, a joint exhibition by Nellie Littlehale Murphy and Herman Dudley Murphy. The work of these two painters is well known in Boston (as it is elsewhere), but it is a continual surprise to the gallery visitor discover new beauties in each succeeding exhibition.

In Mrs. Murphy's group flower pieces predominate, exquisite in drawing, beautiful in design, and treated with decorative intent, they are entirely true to Nature.

"The Spanish Pitcher," with its gay border of tulips, the mother itself of a clever pattern of raised flowers, makes a charming ensemble.

"Pinks" in a green bowl, with silver gray drapery background, is "Spring" in pictures, and daffodils seen against white, are as beautiful as illuminations.

Then there are "Grapes," very decorative; "Poinsettia" "The Rose and the Bird," and others.

* * *

OF Mr. Murphy it might be said that he can paint anything he wants to. One sees a remarkable portrait of a brother artist, Charles Woodbury; and in the present show he presents such subjects as "The Ponce Aqueduct," of intricate construction yet simplified drawing, and richly light color; "The Connecticut River," a green landscape; "The Azalea, the Llama and the Hen" an amazingly clever still life. "Mac," springiest of landscapes, and "The House of Ponce de Leon," the picturesque old building seen in the light of the evening.

"Silver, Roses and Crystal" is a beautiful thing, of most subtle color and exquisite modelling, the various surfaces meticulously painted, yet the whole picture harmoniously presented.

* * *

AT the Vose Gallery the gallery trotter experiences another sensation, for the "Maritime Alps," as seen by Charles Howy Pepper, makes one think of South. "St. Elizabeth's Chapel" is on a lonely hill, with old trees and mature lands for an environment. The heavy walls, tiled roof and open porch bespeak another age, another land, where quietness and sombre color prevail.

"Farm Under the Hill" has mountains for background for the old house and the fruit trees, while "Simple Home' and "Old House" are similar subjects treated in a different mood.

Two white shows roadside shrines with crucifix. Grayed by time, these prove the enduring symbols of an everlasting faith.

All the score or more examples record the artist's reaction to the scene before him, all with dignity and with impressively quiet and satisfactory color. Mr. Pepper is one of the fortunate ones who paints for his own enjoyment in the work, and thereby gives much joy to the world at large.

* * *

GRACE HORNE'S gallery has a trio of interesting workers' output now on view: Ross Moffatt, Agnes Weinrich and Karl Knaths.

Mr. Moffatt knows his Provincetown well and never hesitates in the telling of the story, be it a sombre one. Two men in an open boat is one of his best works, and absolutely original in its treatment of a well known theme. Life itself and somewhat primitive on Cape Cod he records honestly. The low shores, the sombre skies, the men and their boats and their work.

"Clam Diggers" is by Knaths, decorative and "big" in every way.

Miss Weinrich exults in the studies of plant forms, which she understands and presents in a thoroughly artistic manner.

* * *

AT the Twentieth Century Club J. Elliot Enochian has a one man show of recent works.

* * *

AT Goodspeed's Print Room are autographed letters by famous people and etchings by Frank Bourne.

As Boston Mother Sees Her Daughter

MISS NANCY HALE, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Philip L. Hale, from a charcoal drawing by her mother, Lillian Westcott Hale, on exhibition at the Guild of Boston Artists, 162 Newbury st. Miss Hale's engagement to Taylor Scott Hardin recently was announced.

HEARD ABOUT TOWN

By Florence J. Cowles

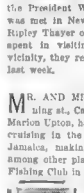
WITH LITTLE OF INTEREST ON THE SOCIAL CALENDAR, everyone seems to be taking these weeks for travel and for visits. Mrs. Robert Codman of 24 Brimmer st. and Miss Catherine Codman of 35 Brimmer st. went on to New York last week and then South for a few days. They are returning to Boston this week.

Miss Ethel Thayer returned from Europe on the President Wilson the first of last week and was met in New York by her mother, Mrs. Ezra Ripley Thayer of Bay State rd. After a few days spent in visiting friends and relatives in the vicinity, they returned to Boston the very last of last week.

Miss Thayer

* * *

MR. AND MRS. GEORGE UPTON OF CHANning st., Cambridge, and their daughter, Miss Marion Upton, have just returned from a month of cruising in the tropics. They visited Cuba and Jamaica, making the trip on their yacht, and among other places, stopped off at the Long Key Fishing Club in Florida. They reached Cambridge the first of last week. The Uptons spend their summers at Marblehead, where Mr. Upton has always taken an active part in the yachting, but this summer he is to go to Europe, it is said, so he has resigned as vice-commodore of the Corinthian Yacht Club.



Miss Upton

* * *

IT IS WITH REGRET THAT ONE HEARS THAT Mr. and Mrs. Dwight F. Boyden of 382 Commonwealth ave. and their popular daughter, Miss Aurine Boyden, are leaving Boston shortly. The Boydens are moving to Annapolis, Md. Miss Boyden made her debut a year ago at a dance given for her and Miss Betty Germain at the Hotel Somerset.

* * *

ON WEDNESDAY COMES ANOTHER OF THE charming musicales given by Mr. Richard E. Platt at his delightful studio on famous Lime st. These most interesting and informal affairs create much interest each lenten season. On Wednesday Mr. Rudolphe Janson-LaPalme will sing with Mrs. R. C. McKay, accompanist. At the first musicale Mr. Platt played. After these concerts tea is served.

Miss Boyden

* * *

THIS BEING THE WEEK BEFORE HOLY Week there seems to be very few large affairs on the calendar. However the fifth and last senior supper dance is scheduled for Friday night at the Hotel Copley-Plaza and Mr. and Mrs. Ronald T. Lyman, just returned from Europe, will be present. Mr. Lyman has had charge of these smart dances for a number of years and he and Mrs. Lyman were greatly missed at the dance a few weeks ago.

Mrs. Lyman

* * *

THE SUB-DEBUTANTES HAVE THEIR SECond dance of the year on Saturday night at the Hotel Somerset under the watchful eyes of four smart matrons.

Of a social-philanthropic nature is the large luncheon to be given at the Hotel Statler on Wednesday by the Florence Crittenton League of Compassion. This is an annual affair and as the league draws members from all groups, quite a few smart women will be there. Miss Margaret Slattery is to be the guest of honor and speaker.

Tickets on Sale for Vincent Club Show

THE Vincent Club show, "Presto Change" to be presented at the Repertory Theater, March 26, 27 and 28, is to have an added attraction this year. Tea will be served at the intermissions, under the direction of Miss Louise Batchelder to those members of the audience who desire such refreshments. The show, as usual, is being given for the benefit of the Vincent Memorial Hospital.

The famous drill will be given again this year, with several new figures incorporated in it, and with Miss Sylvia Warren as leader in a "flag drill" Mrs. Henry Murray, jr., is in charge, and those taking part will include Mrs. Murray, Miss Molly Parker, Miss Nancy and Miss Cynthia Means, Miss Dorothy Lawrence, Miss Alice Hunt, Miss Betty Hoyt, Miss Gerald Cushing, Miss Ellen Hallowell, Miss Alice Graves, Miss Virginia Less, Miss Laura Cuppy, Miss Helen Curtis, Miss Rose Moylan, Miss Eleanor Clark, and Miss Louise Thayer.

The "Beaux Sotars," otherwise Miss Priscilla and Miss Helen Rhodes, are to be in the cast again and Miss John Whitman is to sing a song entitled, "Girls, If You Ever Get Married." Miss Barbara Webb and her daughter, Miss Sarah Waldo, are both taking part in the show, while Mrs. John E. Thayer, jr., takes the leading role. Her song, "They Took No Notice of Us" will be heard later in the season, on the professional stage.

The tickets are now on sale at Herrick's by a group of Vincent Club members, from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. Their table is near the door and easy of access to the would-be purchaser.

English Guests at Mrs. Whitwell's

THE HONORABLE IAN DOUGLAS CAMPBELL and his bride, daughter of Lord Beaverbrook, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Whitwell at No. 166 Marlboro st.

Mr. Campbell will be the next Duke of Argyll. He was educated at Milton Academy, afterwards going to Oxford University. This is his first visit since he left school here. He and his bride are to be entertained by Mr and Mrs. Whitwell, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence R. Edwards, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. W. Richardson, Mr. H. D. Sleeper, all old friends of his mother's, who was a Miss Lawrence of New York.

Account of Last Supper Dance

AN account of the Junior Supper Dance held last Friday night at the Copley-Plaza will be found in another section of this paper.

Tucker-Warren Wedding Attended by Vast Throng

THE Church of the Redeemer at Chestnut Hill was filled on Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 p. m., when the popular Miss Jane Tucker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Randolph Tucker of 420 Hammond st., Chestnut Hill, became the bride of Mr. Hamilton Warren, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fiske Warren of Mt. Vernon pl., Boston.

The church was beautifully decorated with Easter lilies in profusion, and many candles. The bride made a very lovely picture in a gown of white satin trimmed with scrim of her mother's wedding lace. Her veil was of tulle and lace, a bequest of long seemmed gardenias.

In the bridal procession was Miss Virginia Sargent, a bud of the winter, who was maid of honor, and Miss Helga Gray, Miss Betty Moulton, Miss Minna Lindsay, Miss Jean Higginson, Miss Frances Goodwin, Miss Marie Louise Gray and Miss Dolores de Iturbide, a sister-in-law-to-be of last winter, the season that Miss Tucker made her bow to society.

The frocks were unusual and the procession was very picturesque. Miss Sargent's frock was of pale yellow taffeta, those of the others were of pale taffeta and tulle in a wash of pale green. The five were all made alike, very long and very full with the tight corsage ending in a little long sleeves.

Miss Gwendolyn Livermore was flower girl and she wore a little Kate Greenaway costume of pale blue taffeta.

The best man was Mr. William Whitman, 3d, of Needham, and the ushers included a young brother of the bride, Mr. Randolph Tucker, jr., Mr. Hunt Montgomery, Mr. Chandler Robbins, Mr. Samuel Whitney, Mr. Bronson Sewall, Howard Sturgis and Mr. George and Mr. Howard Shaw.

Mrs. Tucker entered the church on the arm of her father, Col. Edward M. House of New York. She looked most charming and youthful in a frock of orchid chiffon with large hat of the same color in the same shade. Mrs. House wore black velvet and pearls. Mrs. Gordon Auchincloss of New York, a sister of Mrs. Tucker's, wore beige; Mrs. William H. Tucker, black. In the group which came over from New York for the wedding were Col. and Mrs. House, Mr. and Mrs. Auchincloss and Miss Louise Auchincloss, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Tucker and Miss Marion Tucker.

Mrs. Fiske Warren wore black and white; Miss Belle Green, a brown fur coat and blue velvet hat. Among those at the wedding were Mrs. F. Wadsworth Bush and her small children; Miss Louise Forsombe, Mrs. Donald T. Rogers, Mrs. Hugh Cabot, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Derby, Henry Lawrence, Miss Augustus Thorndike, jr., Mr. and Mrs. Joseph D. Leland, Mr. and Mrs. Archer Welch and Mrs. Arthur A. Shurtleff.

Following the wedding, there was a reception at the house on Hammond st., which was profusely decorated with many colored flowers and vines. Mrs. Warren is a member of the Junior League, the Vincent and Chilton Clubs, and Mr. Warren is manager of the Harvard Dramatic Club and a member of the Harvard Lampoon. They will make their home in Whitefield Road, Concord ave., Cambridge, after April 1.

Miss Silsbee Opens Her Studio

AN INTERESTING and interested group turned out last Wednesday to hear Mr. Joseph Lindon Smith speak in the charming studio of Miss Martha Silsbee at 19 Beacon st. It was a most entertaining talk, according to the invitations, informal discourse on Italy known evants in his artistic career," and they were most entertaining.

Lime street is full of most unusual and interesting houses and Miss Silsbee's takes first rank in this group. Among those present were Mrs. Wolcott Howe Johnson, Mrs. Charles Hamlen Preble, Mrs. Robert Treat Paine, Mrs. Horace Binney Hare, Edward F. Gray and her daughter, Miss Stella Mary Gray, Mrs. Harold J. Coolidge, Mrs. Charles Perkins, Mrs. Herbert L. Hutton, Mr. and Mrs. George Lewis, jr., Mrs. William Stanley Parker, Mrs. William Morton Wheeler and Miss Mary O. Porter.

The proceeds will go to the Children's Art Centre at 25 Hancock st. Miss Silsbee is with the White Iron gate."

* * *

MR. AND MRS. ROBERT C. MORSE and Miss Harriet Morse of Milton returned last Tuesday from Palm Beach where they had been at the Breakers. They were accompanied by Miss Virginia Roberts of Lime st. and Miss Helen Townsend of Wilmington, Del.

Engraved Wedding Cards

VOSE-SWAIN

330 ATLANTIC AVENUE BOSTON

A Debutante

MISS ALICE DeNORMANDIE is the daughter of Mrs. Robert L. DeNormandie of 357 Marlboro st. and is the chairman of the provisional members of the Junior League. She is also a member of the Vincent Club.

Here and There With Society People

MR. AND MRS. EUGENE ELTON JEWETT have had Miss Meta Bance of Hartford, Conn., as their house guests for a few days. Mrs. Jewett was Miss Zoe Shipton before her marriage in December and she is known for her charming pastels, ranking high among local artists. Mr. and Mrs. Jewett are now making their home at 12 Netherlands rd. in the Longwood section of Brookline.

* * *

MISS LOUISE MEIKLEHAM is to have her cousin, Miss Jean Dash of Englewood, N. J., as her house guest in Cambridge for a week or so. Miss Dash, who made her debut a season ago, arrives on Thursday and will be honored with a bridge tea, which Miss Meiklelham will give the following day.

* * *

MISS ELEANOR HUNNEMAN of Brookline entertained a small company of collegial people at luncheon on Friday in honor of Miss Marcia Winter Davis. Miss Davis' marriage to Mr. Frank DeLancey Cunningham of New York will take place at Marblehead in the early summer.

* * *

MRS. JAMES M. HUNNEWELL has returned from a hasty visit to New York where she waded for a day or so with her brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Tickner.

* * *

MRS. HAROLD CUTLER of 61 Marshall st., Brookline, is leaving the end of next week for Atlantic City. Mrs. Cutler will be accompanied by her small daughter.

* * *

MR. RALPH HORNBLOWER of West Cedar st. has been elected to membership in the Rittenhouse Club at Lima Lodge, Fla.

Nicolsons

OF EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND

STREET, TRAVEL SPORTSWEAR

AND

DISTINCTION

156 NEWBURY STREET BOSTON

Miss Longfellow to Wed in May

MISS ELIZABETH DELAFIELD LONGFELLOW of Mount Kisco, New York has chosen May 12 for her wedding to Mr. Thomas Roberts of Boston. The ceremony will take place at Lady St. Johns Episcopal Church, at Madison ave. and 74th st., with Bishop Manning officiating.

Miss Longfellow has chosen Mrs. Robinson Fiske who was formerly Miss Janette D. Longfellow, as her matron of honor, and the bridesmaids will include the Princess Caetani-Lovatelli, a sister of the bridegroom (Miss Clarissa Cutler), Miss Emily D. Floyd, Miss Helen Hooker, Miss Harriet Carter, Miss Augusta Trimble and Miss Elizabeth Carter.

Mr. Putnam Cutler will be his brother's best man. Miss Longfellow is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Longfellow of 77 Mount Vernon st. Mr. Cutler is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Cutler of Hereford st. Following the wedding there will be a reception at the Colony Club.

Mr. E. E. Clive to Give Two Talks

THIS year the Women's Municipal League of Boston plans two talks to be given by Mr. E. E. Clive on two successive Saturday mornings at the Copley Theater at 11 a. m. in its annual benefit. Mr. Clive will give the first talk on March 31. His topic will be "The Romance of the Theater Between Today and Tomorrow."

The following week, April 7, his topic will be "The Story of Punch and Judy." This will be accompanied by a real Punch and Judy show.

Junior League girls have volunteered as ushers. Among the many well-known women who will serve as patronesses are Mrs. George Lee, Mrs. Dudley Pickman, Miss Elsie F. Mason, Mrs. Frederick T. Lord, Miss Evelyn Sears, Miss Madeleine Lawrence.

Boston People Departing for Bermuda

BERMUDA is the favored watering place of society in these early spring days and many Bostonians are planning to spend the Easter holidays there.

Miss Helen McElwain and her brother, Mr. Alexander McElwain, left New York last week, Bermuda bound, to be away just a fortnight.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Warren Sturgis have taken a cottage at St. George's for a month. They sailed yesterday with their daughter, Miss Edith Sturgis, who has been much interested in the work at the Children's Hospital this winter.

MR. AND MRS. FREDERICK P. ROYCE of Pine Knoll, Dedham and their daughters, Miss Harriet and Miss Evelyn Royce, have returned from Palm Beach.

Be Fitted to an

IVY CORSET

before buying your Spring Apparel. New models conform to comfort as well as fashion.

A Model for Every Type of Figure

Bandeaux Hosiery Underwear

378 Boylston St. Boston

fine diamond jewelry

CARL H. SKINNER INC.

300 BOYLSTON ST.

The Proper Care for

PEDIGREED STOCKINGS

THAYER McNEIL'S famous line of hosiery—or any other well-known line—will wear and wear it they are well cared for. Washing them correctly is most important. Follow the rules of a well-known hosiery manufacturer:

1. *Wash after each wearing—perspiration rots silk.*
2. *Use mild soap and luke-warm water—harsh soap and hot water quickly ruin silk or wool hose.*
3. *If cake soap is used, make a light suds with your hands—soap rubbed on fabric is injurious.*
4. *Use two teaspoonfuls of soap flakes for one gallon of water. If less water is used, the soap should be correspondingly less—too much soap may affect the color.*
5. *Wash stockings as quickly as possible by squeezing suds through them—soaking and rubbing will dull the natural lustre and weaken the fibre.*
6. *Rinse thoroughly in clear, luke-warm water, squeeze out, and dry naturally in the shade. Do not twist or wring, and avoid pressing with a hot iron and drying on radiators—heat makes silk brittle and shortens the life of the hosiery.*

THAYER McNEIL COMPANY

47 TEMPLE PL. 414 BOYLSTON ST.

Ask to see our very sheer gun metal or black chiffon at $3. They are absolutely free from rings or shadows.

With NEW ENGLAND WOMEN'S CLUBS by Mrs. F. J. Cowles.

Club Luncheon Opens Week's Program

LIEUT GOV. FRANK G. ... and Mrs. Allen head the ... of guests for the luncheon of the Professional Women's Club to be held in the Hotel Statler on Tuesday at 12:30, preceding a program at 1 ...

Among other guests will be Samuel Eliot, C. Francis Jenkins, Dr. ... Hastings Grant of Dartmouth College, Prof. Walter H. ... Conant of Harvard Law School and Mrs. ... Mrs. Arthur H. ... Mrs. Percy ... Mrs. H. D. ... Mrs. Edward Dalton, ... Mrs. Edward ... Mrs. Ralph ... Mrs. ... Mrs. ... Mrs.

With NEW ENGLAND WOMEN'S CLUBS

COUNCIL IS PUTTING N. E. "ON THE MAP"

By Alice M. Williams

APPROXIMATELY [illegible] of the women from all sections of western Massachusetts attended the New England Day meeting of the Hampden County Women's Republican Club on Tuesday at the Hotel Nonotuck, Holyoke, a [illegible] local chapter of the D[illegible] Nations.

Following the [illegible] Edward A. [illegible] Springfield, Vice-President of the Hampden County Women's Republican Club, greetings from the club presidents Mrs. W. G. Dwight of H[illegible] who is in Florida, Mrs. L[illegible] introduced the speaker of the afternoon, John F. Thisley of Worcester, vice-chairman of the New England Council.

In his opening remarks Thisley called the attention [illegible] audience to the unkind [illegible] New England which had been [illegible] ing on about the country for [illegible] time. "We have been [illegible] as consistently going backwards [illegible] ing on short [illegible] of progressing," he said. "In fact, during the last four or five years a singularly [illegible] spirit has developed among [illegible] critics of New England, and [illegible] have been many a [illegible] and newspaper article [illegible] ecrified rather gleefully [illegible] struggles.

"The term 'on the [illegible] has been applied to New England [illegible] freely from a [illegible] part of the country.

"This line has [illegible] women should not only [illegible] ested in the problems of New England but should be [illegible] nected with the solution [illegible] problems.

"There are two [illegible] that have been talking [illegible] New England during the [illegible] years: one, the [illegible] ists; the other, 'Western boom ers.' Both these [illegible] wrong." The real situation [illegible] going to be helped by talking about it in either of these two extreme styles [illegible]

* * *

"WE MAY as well admit a the very outset that New England has problems. Each locality has its own particular question, depending upon its location its climate, its distance from markets, its food supplies, raw materials, etc. We have, in addition, problems associated with [illegible] trial maturity. We are one of the very oldest sections of the country and we have some infirmities that need to be healed.

"Other [illegible] are nothing worse than what has been termed 'middle-aged spread,' which I think typifies New England.

"We are charged with having too much absentee ownership. That charge is correctly made and thus constitutes a vital problem. We have many branches that are run from Boston and New York; we have too many businesses that are run by [illegible] which are only interested in getting dividends. A great many businesses have suffered in the past few years because of the demands from New York and Boston for dividends.

* * *

"THE absentee management has prevented a great deal of plant improvement and business improvements that otherwise would have been accomplished. But this absentee management can be readjusted and the [illegible] is going on rapidly now. People who sit in Boston and New York are beginning to see that they are not good bosses and the management is gradually shifting back to the mills, where it should [illegible]

"Other critics say we have a lot of old and obsolete machinery. We have, but that can be easily replaced.

"They say we have too many old people running our businesses, that we need new and younger blood. Again, I say, I think that change is not an impossibility. Young men today are given greater responsibility than [illegible] used to in the old days of New England.

"It has been said that we of New England are living in the reflection of our past glory; that the good, old pioneering days are out and that this generation is not like the generation that has gone.

"That is the black side. We have some favorable things, too—a splendid labor supply of men and women with inventive ability. In the late war we, the Government had tremendous need for all sorts of things a great proportion of them had to be made in New England because they could not be made anywhere else.

"Beyond that, we have an invigorating climate, a free section in which to live, with adequate

Advertisement

WONDERFUL FOR FAT FOLKS

If you're too fat, why ruin health and vitality by taking dangerous, deadly thyroid, the active ingredient in many advertised, coated tablets? Any druggist will tell you such methods are dangerous:

A Harmless Safe Way

to reduce ten or more pounds in 30 days is to eat less and less bread and potatoes (the starchy foods that keep building fat and weight) at the same time start taking PARTOLA regularly, until you reduce sufficiently. PARTOLA is a mild antiseptic laxative. Keeps bowels moving pleasantly. Used during absence of starchy foods, fat decreases, weight reduces, pale brown skin clears, stronger, healthier. As it should. All good druggists sell regular box 50c, double size 50c. Get a box today and let the scales prove this to you.

PARTOLA MINT FLAVOR WAFERS
ANTISEPTIC & LAXATIVE
"The Doctor in Candy Form"

To Arrange Concert

—Photo by Bachrach

MRS. WILLIAM JAMES McDONALD is chairman of the committee which is sponsoring the concert on the evening of April 10 at the Hotel Statler, at which Rosa Ponselle is to sing. The affair is for the benefit of the Florence Crittenton League of Compassion.

School Head to Preside at Club Meeting

JAMES E. THOMAS, head master of the Dorchester High School for girls, will be chairman of the "High School Day" program which the Dorchester Mothers' and Homemakers' Club will conduct on Thursday at three o'clock at the High School for Girls, Codman Square. Mr. Thomas will discuss existing conditions at the school and the outlook for next year. Other speakers will include heads of departments connected with the school.

The program will also feature demonstrations in folk dancing and class gymnastics under the supervision of the physical training teachers. Music will be furnished by the Glee Club and High School orchestra. The entire teaching staff of the school will attend and parents will be given an opportunity to meet and confer with the teachers on school matters. The meeting is open to the general public.

Woburn Woman's Club

Mrs. Carl L. Schrader, second vice-president of the Massachusetts State Federation of Women's Clubs, will speak on "Current Fiction" at the Friday meeting of the Woburn Woman's Club at 8 o'clock in the vestry of the Congregational Church. Musical selections will be furnished by a double quartet composed of club members.

N. Bedford Club

Photo by Bachrach,

MISS MAUDE SUMNER is chairman of the legislative committee of the New Bedford Woman's Club.

District Nurses Ask for Donations

[illegible] Tuesday [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

ATTRACTIONS FOR THE WEEK on STAGE AND SCREEN

TWO BIG SONGHITS IN "HIT THE DECK" INSURE POPULARITY

Nautical Show Book Adapted from Play Written At Harvard to Boost Recruiting

By E. F. HARKINS

TWO rousing songs like "Sometimes I'm Happy" and "Hallelujah" are enough, by themselves, to draw the crowd to the box office and keep the boys inside wondering when they'll find time to go out and get the proverbial ham sandwich. These two songs give a tremendously popular appeal to "Hit the Deck," now at the Tremont, just as the waltz song made the fame of "The Merry Widow" twenty years ago.

"Sometimes I'm Happy" is the musical backbone of the first act. It's a sweet melody with a [illegible] of [illegible] which [illegible] "I Wonder Who" in it. I want to be happy will not be one of the top favorites numbers in the Vincent Youmans score. But the reminiscence is in the title alone. The new song has a charm all its own. Every whit as good as its predecessor.

"Hallelujah," of course, is a different story altogether. There have been all sorts of Dixie songs in musical comedy, but here is the first one to the swing and throb of the camp meeting spiritual. According to the "Hit the Deck" booklet Oh Will A. Page the whose big [illegible] [illegible] song and its origin is accredited by the young Mr. Youmans back in the days when he was serving out at the Great Lakes naval station. It was worth waiting nine or ten years to let the triumphant chant ripen.

The "Hit the Deck" book is a second-easy adaptation of a play called "Shore Leave" [illegible] light across the Charles in Professor Baker's course English 47. Its author, Hubert Osborne, the writer, was then studying playwriting under the famous teacher-coach. Harvard now-majority turned to and up his hand-in-glove. The play was [illegible] and considered Mr. Baker would it. The result was "Shore Leave" which has [illegible] in New York with Frances Starr and James Rennie in the lead [illegible]. The heroine was then known as Connie Martin. Now she is called Louise Turner, but her name hasn't changed. It is still Peggy Smith.

Lucien Gross and Sonia Kine take the principal [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

ERVINE WOULD BAR ALL WOMEN FROM THEATRE

By ALAN DALE,
Famous Dramatic Critic of Universal Service

IF is reported that there is a deliberate campaign to [illegible] and, in the [illegible] day of [illegible] were [illegible] or in the [illegible]

Thank [illegible] John [illegible] the curse [illegible] depend [illegible] by chatt [illegible] fulness [illegible] loyalty [illegible] the cheerless [illegible] by actresses [illegible]

I [illegible] played [illegible] a new [illegible] to the [illegible] imagine [illegible] some [illegible] disorder. To [illegible] to mind [illegible] woman [illegible] tre, wh [illegible] backing [illegible]

If the [illegible] fer on Mr. [illegible] mat on [illegible] 'em. W [illegible] have [illegible] seven [illegible] Beyond [illegible] And I [illegible] least [illegible] ridiculous [illegible]

Mr. [illegible] fun [illegible] York [illegible] least he [illegible] in the [illegible] pe [illegible] ment [illegible]

If he [illegible] was [illegible] awesome [illegible] about [illegible] to attend [illegible] with [illegible] prem [illegible] in sex [illegible] he [illegible] call [illegible] doubtless [illegible] a good [illegible] see [illegible] and [illegible] a real [illegible]

Mr. Ervine firmly believes that there ARE women over 40 because he says that he'd only admit them, after submitting them to close examination. [illegible] Mr. Ervine [illegible] women [illegible] are too [illegible] DON'T [illegible]

At [illegible] that [illegible] who [illegible] of [illegible] Berlin [illegible] withstanding [illegible] women [illegible] to see [illegible] gorgeous [illegible]

THERE [illegible] make [illegible] theaters alone. Perhaps [illegible] police [illegible] and [illegible] a lot of [illegible] don't M [illegible] appeal [illegible] he could [illegible] This [illegible] be [illegible] stools [illegible] Boss, can't [illegible] rioters [illegible] Loud [illegible] would [illegible] him to [illegible] patrons [illegible] walk [illegible] ride! [illegible] Dog in [illegible] Mr. [illegible]

had. We have more bad plays and we have more good ones. I am perfectly willing that my Aunt Tabitha should go to the theater to see what she thinks is good for her edification purpose.

Dipping Into Vaudeville

FLORENCE REED, noted stage star, appears at Keith's this week in a new playlet, "Jealousy."

[illegible] splendid the[illegible]

FLORENCE REED IN KEITH PLAY

[illegible] Reed [illegible] [illegible] P. Keith [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

MERE SLAPSTICK NOT ENOUGH FOR FILM COMEDIES

By LOUELLA O. PARSONS
Motion Picture Editor of Universal Service

Los Angeles, March 17

COMEDY in movies has reached a dangerous stage—a place where there is a proneness to excessive situations and distortions until the simplest comedies become broad absurdities.

The modern urge to make people laugh is with us so strong that Hollywood producers and directors are sacrificing sentiment, beauty and fresh romance to achieve a comic situation.

I perfectly all right for Ben Turpin to stand on his head or Chester Conklin to be hit on the place normally used for spankings, for a farce, but who likes to see our old heroines go through these same ludicrous moments?

I don't believe Marion Davies, Dear Hearts, Clara Bow, Constance Talmadge or any of the stars of equal mirth-provoking appeal would consider a nod to report to such extremes. Certainly "Show Girl" hasn't proved that comedy without any slapstick additions. If Marion Davies had been forced to do many ridiculous things in the contents of the Show Girl" her fine work would have suffered and it would not have been half as amusing. She could we have called it one of the most successful of the year's comedies.

We have to see Marion funny one moment and wistful and appealing the next. You cannot associate pie throwing directly with plaintalks. Even Charlie Chaplin's world-famous comedy does not offer cheap slapstick and pathos together. Some of his scenes may border on too ridiculous, but there is sure to be a balance. Any suggestion of slapstick is not associated with the Chaplin subtleties.

• • •

BEBE DANIELS' comedies are always well received and Bebe frequently goes to the comedy extreme, but she does not lose sight of dramatic values, and you cannot get any such values with extravagant, improbable comedy situations.

Wallace Beery and Raymond Hatton started out on a court of popular approval in their comedies, "Were in the Navy Now" and "Behind the Front." Then they made a success of another that had no rhyme or reason, plus a series of foolish scenes that it is not wise to think about. Today, the team of Beery and Hatton is dissolved. Wallace Beery who is one of the finest actors in pictures, is returning to character roles.

• • •

BROAD comedy is, of course, permissible at times when it is need to describe character. For Louise Fazenda, Polly Moran and Marie Dressler, the broad exaggeration of Kids was enhanced when she and George Arthur engaged in a rough and tumble fight. This battle was not out of place because it was a part of the drama who forget with her fists when the provocation became too great.

Gloria Swanson used broad comedy situations effectively in "The Love Thief" and also the story of a "Society Scandal." She best demonstrated her character by her comedy abilities.

Gloria Swanson "Sadie Thompson" easily her best picture, hasn't a touch of slapstick. Sadie Thompson is a character as defined by Somerset Maugham. She has a back walk and her entrance and exit are such that are typical of her profession.

Bebe Daniels' comedies are to build her up as a character-actress, only for character-actresses.

• • •

ANY director will tell you it is far more difficult to make a success of comedy than to direct a drama. Comedy is not the easy thing it appears to be. Many persons are born with a natural sense of humor and can imagine comedy situations that would be funny, but in the making of pictures, what a lot of junk is left on the cutting room floor!

Sometimes the wittiest lines are "cut out because they are too subtle. Too often scenes that seem perfectly harmless when they are written are found to be unsuitable when they are projected on the screen. Certain situations that would be taboo in any newspaper. And you remember the time that even so bad they should have been retired with the bustle and hoop skirt.

Yet, with all this, the producers and the directors have made comedy. You cannot visit the movies without realizing how much thought is put into comedy and how hard everyone is striving to furnish laughs.

MILTON SILLS SCOLLAY FEATURE

Milton Sills plays the hero of Jack London's story, "Burning Daylight" which is the screen at the Scollay Sq. Olympia, starting today, and he proved as a daring prospector, who takes part in the gold days of the Klondike. London, himself, was a prospector in this most famous trust in history, and later wrote the story of "Burning Daylight" about one of the noted pioneers of those stirring times.

Sills, Doris Kenyon, Arthur Stone, Jane Winton and Lee Moran have all been roles in the cast and probably have the time of their lives in the making of the picture. Both parts of the Klondike are used and miles and miles of snow will add interest to the picture.

In the vaudeville, the Scollay takes a long leap into the future, presenting the Ushers in a comic extravaganza entitled "Fifty years from Now." The Carr Brothers and Betty offer "Impersonating" with new dances as the object of their demonstration. Lyons and Jean Brown will have a patter act; Dalton and Craig present "Chess Mates," comedy in a one-arm lunch; Jenner and Rose, colored comedians, the Linzeed Sisters and Seymour complete the bill.

Girl of Gay Nineties

JANE WINTON as a Frisco belle in "Burning Daylight" at the two Olympias.

GOLD RUSH FILM AT OLYMPIA NOW

"Burning Daylight," from Jack London's thrilling novel is the screen feature at the Washington St. Olympia, starting today, with Milton Sills as the star.

The Alaskan gold-rush, as dramatic and picturesque an event as the world has seen in the last 50 years, is the central theme. High finance in San Francisco is the secondary point of interest. The film provides Sills with another opportunity for a virile characterization. Doris Kenyon, Arthur Stone, Jane Winton, Guinn Williams, Lawford Davidson, Frank Hagney and Stuart Holmes are others in the cast. Charles Brabin wielded the megaphone.

On the stage, starting Monday, Edward J. Lambert, "The Fashion Plate of Vaudeville," will headline the bill.

DARKY'S ADVICE AIDED JOLSON

AL JOLSON, star in "The Jazz Singer," now in its fifth week at the Modern and Beacon theaters, got his luckiest break while playing a vaudeville engagement in Brooklyn.

The comedian was doing a white-face act consisting of patter, songs and songs. He should have been extreme happy. But Jolson was far from being happy. He could win applause, but that didn't satisfy him, for he wanted to create laughter.

Glum and dispirited he sat before the mirror in his dressing room in the Brooklyn theater while his old darky dresser was lacing on his three. Looking up at the old man he asked:

"Why can't I make them laugh?"

"Ha," mused back the old man, "why don't you black up, Mr. Al? We folks are taught to be funny. Sure enough they'll think you are funny."

Jolson grasped the idea. There was still time to apply the burnt cork for the next performance. Nervously he tied the strings of his white hat and went like the proverbial house afire.

The turning point had come in the comedian's career and since that night America's foremost entertainer has been known as a black-face comedian.

CORINNE TO FILM ELSIE FERGUSON PLAY

Corinne Griffith's second stellar picture for First National, under her new contract, will be "Outcast," from the Broadway play in which Elsie Ferguson was starred. This will follow "The Divine Lady."

"Outcast," by Hubert Henry Davies, is a story of London prior to the war, with a girl of the streets as the heroine.

Cabaret Queen

NORMA TALMADGE as "The Dove" in the film at Loew's Orpheum.

FLORENCE VIDOR AS FILM COQUETTE

Florence Vidor will be starred in "The Magnificent Flirt," from an original story written by H. Fraidon D'Arcusi. This young director who won such success with Irene Rich and Ricardo Cortez, will direct Miss Vidor in the film from his story. Miss Vidor at present is at work in the Paramount picture, "Ina Pavlova," under the directorship of Ernest Lubitsch.

"BLOSSOM TIME" FILM WILL BE NOVEL MOVIETONE WORK

SIX feature pictures, including three of unusual scope, are now being fashioned by Fox Films. While several companies at a standstill in productions and others operating on a reduced scale, the activities on the Fox stages and lots are especially heartening to Hollywood players at this time.

Three notable undertakings are "The Four Devils," under the direction of F. W. Murnau; "The Red Dancer of Moscow," Raoul Walsh production, and "Hangman's House," which John Ford is making. Each of these vehicles has a cast of prominent players and each also is giving employment to hundreds of extras.

Preliminary preparations are also now under way on two other ambitious productions, "Blossom Time," based on the Franz Shubert operetta, and "Mother Knows Best," an adaptation of Edna Ferber's best seller. The latter story will be the first to be made in full length with Movietone, the new talking picture device. "Blossom Time" will be made in part with Movietone.

"The Four Devils" cast are Janet Gaynor, Charles Morton, Mary Duncan, Nancy Drexel, Barry Norton, Farrell Macdonald, Philippe De Lacy, Anders Randolf, Claire McDowell, Jack Parker, Dawn O'Day, Wesley Lakes, Anna Hernandez, Michael Vavitch and Andre Cheron. Eminent in the cast of "The Red Dancer of Moscow" are Dolores Del Rio, Charles Farrell, Andreas de Segurola, Ivan Linow and Dorothy Revier.

June Collyer and Larry Kent have the leads in "Hangman's House."

DUTCH TREAT COMEDY RESUMED

Bebe Daniels' next picture will be "The Campus Vamp," a story of college life. Warner Baxter will be her leading man. Miss Daniels has recovered from her recent accident and has resumed work. Accompanied by her mother and a nurse, she has gone with the company to the Yellow Aster Mine at Randsburg, Cal., to film a mining scene for the picture. James Hall is her leading man and Clarence Badger is directing.

TOGETHER ON AND OFF SCREEN

"Hawk's Nest," in which Milton Sills was next to be starred with Doris Kenyon, is now in production with Lewis Stone and Jean Hersholt added to the cast. Miss Kenyon has been forced to withdraw her return to the screen after a year's absence. She had the leading feminine role also in "Valley of the Giants" and "Burning Daylight," not yet seen hereabouts.

Benjamin Christiansen will direct "The Hawk's Nest," which is an underworld story.

BOWDOIN OFFERS SIDE SHOW ACT

AT the Bowdoin Sq. beginning tomorrow the vaudeville will be headed by [illegible] at the Circus," with side-show attractions of the old Barnum variety. Among the features are Signor Chandler, "half man and half woman," Sweet Young, who weighs 450 pounds; Jolly Trio, tall men, Katty Smith, armless wonder; King Tut, the [illegible] Lafleche and Col. Casper, the midget. Ali Bey, Hindu [illegible] her recital [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

WOMEN'S CLUBS

Addington Bruce to Address the Republicans

HENRY ADDINGTON BRUCE, author and newspaperman, will speak before the Women's Republican Club of Massachusetts under the direction of the publicity department on Tuesday at 2:30 p. m. in Tremont and Boylston streets. Mrs. Martha B. Hopkins, Jr., president, will preside. Mrs. Bruce will be introduced by Mrs. Hopkins. Tea will be served.

Miss Dai Buell is scheduled to sail for Europe on Thursday on the S. S. Olympic. She will be accompanied by Mrs. Buell. Miss Buell will be gone about six weeks.

Miss Buell is a well known pianist and teacher of piano. She has been a pupil of Mme. Isabelle Vengerova of the Curtis Institute of Music, Philadelphia, and has also studied with Mme. Olga Samaroff Stokowski and Mme. Elizabeth Quaile. She has been a member of the faculty of the Boston Conservatory of Music for the past two years.

Miss Buell is a graduate of Wellesley College, class of 1924, and has been active in the musical life of the college. She has appeared in concert in Boston and Wellesley.

Club Treasurer

MISS ALICE COLLIER is the treasurer of the Woman's Charity Club Corporation.

Women to Debate on Thursday

DR. MARY TAYLOR MAYNARD will preside at the meeting of the Parliamentary Law Club on Thursday at 2 p. m. at the Hotel Vendome, at which the following ladies will be appointed "Single tax is the only logical method of taxation." Woman suffrage has not made for progress because women are evading their responsibilities." The debate team consists of four women each side.

The affirmative side of these subjects will be taken by Mrs. J. Bartlett, Dr. Mary J. Munson and Mrs. George Hodges, with Mrs. Ruth Campbell Lee Brock King and Mrs. J. Hayden presiding. The negative debate will be conducted by Mrs. Edna Freeman.

A Concert and Sale Thursday

MEMBERS of the Women's Republican Club and their friends are invited to an entertainment and sale of work Mrs. Prince Robertson will be chairman to be held at the Kingsley Gymnasium Hall, 20 Washington street, Thursday evening.

Among those who will entertain will be a trio, comprising Sally Pratt Cobb and Bernard, Ancient Sunday, both of Hull and Frank Goodwin, from Mattapan. Piano solos by Mrs. Ruth Parker, in a group of three numbers will be composed by Mrs. Mildred Rochefort Mrs. Lucy Isaacs, impersonator, will render several readings and popular selections accompanied by Mrs. Louise Barnes.

Watertown Club's Play Tonight

ONE of the best shows of the season, dramatic entertainment will be given by the Watertown Woman's Club this evening. The play is "Cinderella Brown," by Ted and Vic Mapes Maxwell. The cast consists of the following persons: Mrs. Theodore Nelson, Mrs. Frances Chamberlain, Mrs. Sarah K. Tarbell, Miss Helen Graham, Miss Ruth Simpson, Miss Winifred Dolan, Mrs. J. K. Fuller, Jr., Archie Ewing, Jean Mosten and Harvey Ames. Mrs. Ida M. Howe is coaching the play, and Mrs. Howard L. Avery is chairman of the committee providing it.

Club Will Study Child Psychology

MISS JOSEPHINE B. STUART, assistant superintendent of schools in New Bedford, will lecture on "Practical Child Psychology" at the New Bedford Women's Club House, Monday at 8 o'clock. She will be presented by the class in child psychology, in charge of the education committee, Mrs. Jessie Kilduff, chairman.

Tuesday, at 4 o'clock at the clubhouse the "Adventure Story Hour" will be in charge of Mrs. Edith MacIntosh. Miss Jessie Kenyon and Miss Alice Knight. It will be sponsored by the education committee, Mrs. Jane P. Kilduff, chairman.

Program of Music at Milton

LORETTA LAURENTI, dramatic soprano, and Ruth Culbertson pianist, will give a vocal and instrumental program at a meeting to be given at Monday's meeting of the Milton Woman's Club at 2:30 p. m. in the High school auditorium. Miss Laurenti will be accompanied by Mabel Vinton Bonner at the piano.

Mrs. Alexander Ladd and Miss Josephine Griffith of the music committee will be hostesses for the afternoon, which will conclude with a social hour. Refreshments will be served in charge of Mrs. Charles H. Hoxie and Mrs. Harry F. Dawson.

Art Museum

Mr. J. Randolph Coolidge is to be the speaker at the Sunday afternoon talk at the Museum of Fine Arts. "Negro Sculptures in the Museum" the topic upon which Mr. Coolidge will talk this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in the gallery of the museum.

Advertisement

Careless Washing Spoils the Hair

If you want beautiful hair ordinary old time methods of washing will not do. To bring out the hair's beauty, the hair must be shampooed properly.

Proper shampooing is what makes it soft and silky. It brings out the real life and lustre of the hair, and gives it that fresh looking, glossy and bright appearance.

While your hair must have frequent and regular washing to keep it beautiful, it cannot stand the harsh effect of ordinary soaps. The free alkali in ordinary soaps dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle and ruins it.

That is why discriminating women, everywhere, now use Mulsified Cocoanut Oil Shampoo. This pure, pure and creamy shampoo product brings out all the real beauty of the hair and cannot possibly injure.

Two or three teaspoonfuls of Mulsified is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather which rinses out thoroughly and rinses out easily, removing every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff.

It leaves the hair soft, wavy and easy to manage and to look after, sparkle with new life, gloss and lustre.

You can get Mulsified Cocoanut Oil Shampoo at any drug store. A 4-ounce bottle lasts for months.

—HAINES— —HAINES— —HAINES—

HAINES "HOME HAPPINESS" OUTFIT

A MODERN HOME of 4 rooms—one that boasts charm and comfort—for the extremely modest sum of $250! Experience has made us expert in evolving interesting homes—at a set sum. These homes are an example of how beauty, quality and low price may be combined. Come in and see it! Be sure! Buy this or any other 4-Room Outfit complete and the famous Chelsea Radio Receiver is yours without extra charge.

FOUR COMPLETELY FURNISHED ROOMS!

Famous CHELSEA Receiver INCLUDED FREE!

$250

LIBERAL CREDIT TERMS
Kitchen Included But Not Illustrated!

$85

Furnishes a 14-Pc. Living Room!

Our Liberal Credit Plan Helps You!

3-Pc. Attractive Velour Suite—Divan, Club Chair and Wing Chair

Smoking Stand
Magazine Rack
2 Fine Pictures
2 Book Ends
Pierre Cabinet
Davenport Table
Fine End Table
Bridge Lamp and Shade Complete!

14-Piece Bedroom Outfit

$85

ON EASY TERMS

PRESENTS A REFRESHINGLY CHEERFUL ROOM

It is simple, well constructed in a beautifully figured American gunwood and pleasing in design.

Bow-End Bed, Vanity, 5-Drawer Chest, Fine Dresser, Strong Spring, Fine Mattress, 2 Pillows, 2 Pictures, 2 Boudoir Lamps

6-TUBE CONSOLE RADIO COMPLETE!

Battery Operated

Period Design Cabinet with built-in Cone Speaker and all Accessories!

By request, we withhold the name of the mfr. of this radio: You will know this set the minute you see it!

STROLLERS
Specially Priced!

Finely woven and very sturdily constructed. **$16.50** EASY TERMS

REFRIGERATORS
Specially Priced!

FULLY GUARANTEED 3-Door, finely finished, sanitary food chambers, great ice saver. **$19.75** EASY TERMS

13-Pc.
DELIGHTFULLY FURNISHED
Dining Outfit

$80

ON EASY TERMS

Good looking, beautiful American gunwood with walnut overlays—including all these pieces:

Buffet
Table
China
Host Chair
5 Guest Chairs
2 Pictures
Table Scarf
Buffet Mirror

Simmons Bed

With National Spring and Fully Tufted Comfortable Mattress

$18.75

EASY TERMS

In this 3-pc. outfit including National spring and fine Golden Cross mattress.

No Need to Pay Interest!
The need to interest bears—Haines' Easy Way to Pay—is quick. Applied and private. No red tape. A small first payment does. Then make your payments weekly or monthly as previously arranged to suit your convenience and you will not be obliged to pay any interest. Open an account now!

OPEN SATURDAY UNTIL 9 P. M.
Other Evenings by Appointment
Call HANcock 4310

WHERE GOOD FURNITURE COSTS LESS
Haines
MAJESTIC COURTESY SERVICE

728 WASHINGTON ST.

MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION!
Old customers pay no money down.

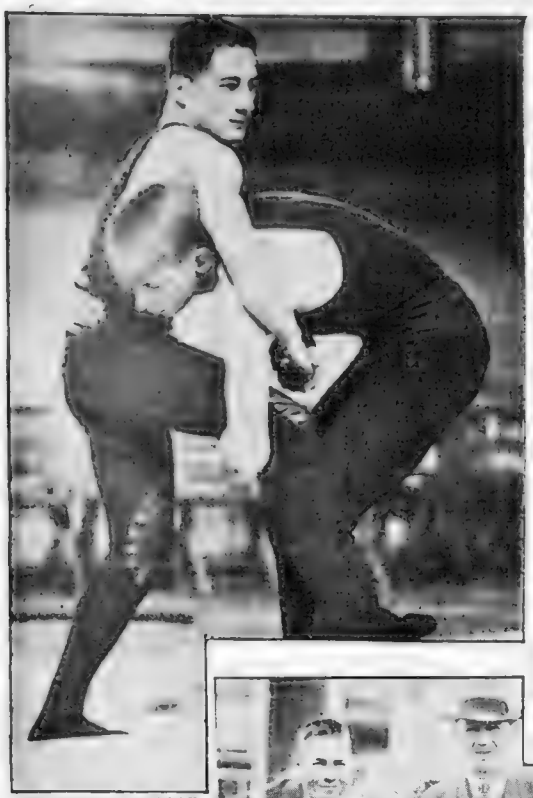
Free Delivery!
Anywhere in New England by our own truck or at any point by freight to the nearest R. R. station. Free R. R. and Taxi Fares to out-of-town customers! Purchases held till wanted Free of Charge.

SPORTING BOSTON ADVERTISER AUTOMOBILES

Boston's Greatest Circulation—Over 500,000 Every Sunday BOSTON, SUNDAY, MARCH 18, 1928 (1—3) Boston's Greatest Circulation—Over 500,000 Every Sunday

DE MAR BREAKS RECORD FOR 44 MILES

Harvard Defeats Michigan at Dual Meet by 2 Points; Pirates Beat Bruins 3-1; University Club Wins by 7-2



"BRUIN" MAT TROUBLE. Isidore Cardon and Earl Bradley, Brown wrestlers, warming up before bouts in intercollegiate tournament at Tufts yesterday.

THE MAN FATHER TIME CAN NEVER CATCH. Clarence De Mar, Melrose war veteran, continues to astound the sporting and medical world. Yesterday, he ran away from a contract field in the Shepard Stores Providence to Boston road race, and not only won the 44-mile grind, but set a new world's record in doing so. His time for the distance was 5 hrs. 17 min. 35 secs., which was 20 minutes better than the mark set by W. C. Davies of New York in 1882. He is shown at the finish at Boston Common with a crowd of admirers cheering his brilliant achievement.

FAMOUS. Judy Johnson, famous woman trainer of thoroughbreds.

HEAVYHANDED LIGHTWEIGHT Jimmy McLarnin, left, who meets Mandell for lightweight title in May, snapped with his manager, "Pop" Foster.

DANCING TOWARD OLYMPICS. Boston District Select soccer team defeated the Clan District Select team at Walpole St. yesterday by the score of 7 to 0. The Hub district team hopes to represent America at the Olympic games next summer, and will be compared with other amateur teams by the Olympic soccer committee.

De Mar Sets World's Record for Providence-Hub Run

MELROSE VET IS MILES AHEAD OF NEAREST MAN

"That's Good," Says Champion as He Is Told He Set Up New Marathon Mark

CLIPS OFF 20 MINUTES

Does 44 Miles in 5 Hours, 47 Minutes, 35 Seconds and Leaves Field Far Behind

By JOHN B. GILLOOLY

Clarence DeMar, marvel long distance runner, ran over the 44-mile course from Providence to Boston in the time of 5 hrs. 47 minutes and 35 seconds to break the world's record and win the annual Shepard-Boston Marathon, yesterday afternoon.

"That's good," said DeMar, after he broke the tape in front of the Shepard store in Boston and was told he had smashed the world's record. He was the least excited man in the crowd.

Jacob Smith, 27, of Providence was last man in. He reported at the Common at 9:06 p. m., making almost made a 12-hour day of it.

DeMar's time lops two full tricks off 4 hrs. 7 minutes and 15 seconds made by William C. Dawson of New York in 1907 by 20 minutes and thirty-five seconds. The Melrose runner's feat is one of the most sensational of the kind in years and puts him a favorite for the L. A. A. A. run from Hopkinton to Boston on the 19th of April.

Leon Scott, winner of last year's event finishing second, almost a half an hour behind DeMar. Scott also represents the Walk Hill Y. M. C. A., made a game fight over the long course to gain top second honors. His time was 6 hrs. 15 minutes and 07 seconds.

Bill Sawyer of Newton and George Dodge of Wakefield finished third and fourth respectively, Sawyer coming with Yoell for second place honors most of the way but losing the long course a bit too much for them. Sawyer's time was 6 hrs. 30 minutes and 12 seconds. Dodge came in six minutes later.

39 RUNNERS START

Thirty-nine runners faced the starters gun in front of the Shepard store in Providence at exactly 10 a. m. After running around the block for the benefit of the photographers folk, the long stretch of through the town for the main road to Boston.

A young man from Brant Kastrani of Providence, immediately responded to a big lead Coming into Pawtucket, the first checking point, the field was well spread out, with the Mar back in fifth place.

Gordon Legg, who dropped out of the race after 15 miles, was in third place with Thomas Walsh of the Boston News Bureau third. Bill Sawyer, who finished third, was in fifth place with a good lead on De Mar, who was being trailed by Dodge and Roche.

Kastrani found the pace too strong and was out of the race at North Attleboro, which is 15 miles from the starting point. Legg was first with Roche second and Dodge still clinging to the heels of De Mar in third and fourth places.

At Plainville, 18 miles out, De Mar took the lead and never relinquished it. Seeley and Dodge were right on his heels with Roche, gradually losing ground, in fourth place. De Mar was running like a human machine.

YET IN RARE FORM.

Only Seeley, Dodge and Sawyer across his chest, and striking out with a short, choppy stride, DeMar looked anything but a world beater, yet at mile and one-half he was running in the best of comfort and was not in the least distressed.

Come the mid way mark at the Wrentham Inn and DeMar was in the same position as before, with Dodge and Seeley still in second and third places. DeMar was in the best of condition and looked as fresh as when he started. Sawyer had pulled into fourth place, which he was very loath to give up, which was followed by Walsh and Yoell in Pawtucket.

Leaving Wrentham, DeMar decided it was time to do his stuff. He pulled away gradually, but by the time Norwood was reached he had a 60-minute lead on Dodge, who was now running in second place, quarter of a mile ahead of Seeley.

DeMar received a big ovation as his incessant stride carried him through the town of Norwood. It could easily be seen that DeMar was sure to win and it was simply a question of how much he could lead the field by and whether or not he could smash the record.

Big throngs greeted DeMar when he came into West Roxbury. He had a big lead, and although he was working a bit harder, Clarence was in wonderful shape considering the hard grind of 35 miles behind him.

CROWDS CHEER HERO

Running along the sidewalk with motorcycle officers clearing his path of pedestrians, De Mar quickened his pace. Spurred on by the cheers of the crowd he swung into Huntington ave. with the famous grin on his countenance.

De Mar sprinted like Charley Paddock right down Tremont st. and broke the tape in front of the Shepard Store on the Boston Common with a squad of policemen flocking to keep the crowds back.

He had a shower at Shepard's and was half dressed when Yoell came in. De Mar said he enjoyed the race and it seemed as though he did. He was smiling happily and there were no traces of strain after the gruelling grind. De Mar is in wonderful shape.

De Mar didn't walk a step of the race and had nothing to eat. After leaving Norwood he had a glass of milk and a bottle of water, nothing else.

De Mar came out of the race with the sole of one foot off of the entire distance and kept to the sidewalks in the towns he went through. A Motor cycle escort was also provided for De Mar in order that he could run on the sidewalks.

Yoell, a short, wiry man, ran a courageous race, pulling up from fourth place, at Wrentham, to third at Norwood and finally finishing in second place. Yoell won the race in 1925 in the time of 6 hrs. 13 minutes 34 seconds, but only 2 minutes 34 seconds under the 9-hour mark that DeMar established.

Seeley and Dodge, too, deserve a world of praise for their gallant efforts. Dodge held down second place for almost 25 miles in fine style, but was unable to keep up the pace and finished fifth. Seeley, who was in fourth place at the 25-mile mark, was unable to keep up the pace and finished fourth.

Of the total of 39 starters had dropped out of the race by the time the leaders had reached Norwood. Just a number of those that finished reached Norwood spread out at great intervals.

An unfortunate accident happened at Norwood when a young boy, watching the race, ran out in front of an automobile and was badly hurt. A large Marathon gathering, sporting DeMar on, was saddened by this accident.

The race was well conducted, and credit is due to the Shepard officials, the State and local police and the others who aided in the proceedings. The roads were kept clear of the heavy traffic by the motorcycle squadron, who did a fine job.

DeMar received a large cup, Seeley, Dodge Yoell and John Mulbury, who finished fifth, all received large silver cups. T. P. Miller, seventh, was the first medal winner to finish.

Edward Jones of Pawtucket won the silver cup offered by Governor Norman S. Case to the first Rhode Island runner to finish. He placed sixth.

Mulbury's time was 7 hours, 22 minutes and 43 seconds. Mulbury represents the Boston Boys' Club. He is a member of the Greenwood Community Association finished in sixth place, and his time was 7 hours and 23 minutes. John W. Anderson of the Melrose A. A. finished in seventh place.

Dodge, although he failed to finish place, will be heard from another. He set in the race in Mar at the start of the race and never relinquished an inch. He kept on the ground at the start of the race and never relinquished an inch. He kept on the ground at the start of the race and never relinquished an inch. He kept on the ground

Scotchmen Win and Lose Olympic Soccer Games

ST. PATRICKS GO DOWN TO DEFEAT IN 4 TO 3 BATTLE

Doherty Outstanding Player of the Contest, Scoring Three of Scots' Goals

BOSTON LEAGUE WINS, 7-0

No One Shines Enough to Be in Danger of Being Picked to Represent Uncle Sam

By BILL McAULEY

The Sons of Scotland defeated the St. Patricks, 4 to 3, and the Boston and District League eleven defeated the Scottish Clan League selects, 7 to 0, in the double header staged on the Olympic soccer committee auxiliary field at Wellesley.

The best contest of the two was staged by the Scots and saints who, in the former won by the odd goal in seven.

In the final and main event the Clansmen proved no match for the Boston League stars and as a result it was a very one-sided contest.

Among the 20 or more players taking part in the [illegible] contests there was none that impressed greatly as possessing the [illegible] All hail will represent Uncle Sam at Amsterdam.

Jack McGlynn at [illegible] and Lorenzo Maloney, [illegible] were the outstanding players of the Boston team, while Dan Doherty, [illegible] and Jimmy Ferguson [illegible] considerable.

In the second game [illegible] between the Scots and [illegible] were the outstanding players of the contest, while [illegible] were good [illegible].

The contest [illegible] first minutes when [illegible] the Scots [illegible] never got a fair [illegible] dictated to that [illegible] brilliant goal.

McKenna added [illegible] Scots' total by [illegible] ed and put [illegible] Last [illegible] tered the [illegible] eston.

Two [illegible] when Doherty [illegible] and he [illegible] Ferguson.

Running hard [illegible] their shots [illegible] soccer, and [illegible] every one [illegible] ed by.

In the [illegible] District League [illegible] rigid from [illegible] fined [illegible] tory. At the [illegible] ed by 4 [illegible] ter was made [illegible] out side [illegible] with a first [illegible]

Greer, [illegible] and F. Mahon [illegible] in less than [illegible] Greer [illegible] the [illegible] ner.

The second [illegible] more even [illegible] Scots [illegible] ing their [illegible] well. Mc [illegible] McMaster, [illegible] Lee [illegible] three times [illegible] goal.

Doherty [illegible] Scots were [illegible] the [illegible] Hurst.

SONS OF SCOTLAND ST PATRICK

Hurst g		g	Fox
Christie rb		rb	Horner
Leiper lb		lb	McManus
K McDermid cb		cb	Armstrong
J McGann cb		cb	Kenna
Russell cb		cb	Ayre
A Doherty cf		cf	Foley
Smith rf		rf	Costello
J Doherty cf		cf	Mercer
McKenna rf		rf	Toner
Hart cf		cf	Toner

Goals—Made by J. Doherty 3, McKenna 1, Foley 2, Toner. Referee—P. Gannon, Boston. Linesmen—Smith, Boston; Greer, Boston. Time—Two 45 minute periods.

BOSTON AND DISTRICT SCOTTISH CLAN SELECT

Mulliken g		g	McMaster
Bassett, rb		rb	Brown
Lyons, lb		lb	Malcolm
Campbell rhb		rhb	Gunning
J McGonigal chb		chb	Taylor
Kozlowski, clb		clb	Wood
J Mahoney, or		or	Christie
Ritchie, if		if	Ross
Greer, cf		cf	Alston
F Mahoney, il		il	Brown
Doherty ol		or	Swadell

Substitutes—M Dermit Galt and Howard for the Clans and Smith and Howard for the Boston. Goals—Made by Greer 2, Doherty, Ritchie F Mahoney and J Mahoney. Referee—D Howarth Dorchester. Linesmen—J Kearden Somerville and A Johnstone, Mattapan. Time—Two 45-minute periods.

DONOVAN IS RECOVERING

The many friends of William "Ponch" Donovan, former star of Harvard athletic teams for the past decade, will be pleased to learn that the genial Natick sage is fast recovering from a recent attack that confined him to his home for the past two weeks.

The genial "Ponch" has been up and around since Thursday and says he will be back in harness in a few days. He was keenly interested in what his track charges would do at the dual track meet at Ann Arbor yesterday and inquired of the Boston Sunday Advertiser of the progress of the meet. He was sanguine that his charges would give the Michigan athletes a stiff battle.

Dartmouth Gymnasts Defeat Navy, 30-24

Annapolis, Md., March 17 (AP)—Naval Academy gymnasts, defeated through twelve years of intercollegiate competition, fell before Dartmouth at the close of their thirteenth campaign today. The score was 30-24. Dartmouth took five of the six first places.

AL'S SPORT SERMONETTE

Inventorying the Ivory, Item, One Bill Cissell, Cost Price $80; Sold for $123,000, Insured for $100,000; What Will White Sox Net?

By AL NICKERSON

YOUNG men given to complaining about their "tough luck" and to sighing for a return of the "gold old days" about which they have read would do well to reflect upon what a young man might earn then and now.

In the "good old days" many a youngster was apprenticed at a trade for $5 or $10 a year and found. The hours were long and there were no elevators, Pullman cars, taxis or baseball diamonds.

AL

Today a youngster may become a ball player—a Chalmer Willian Cissell, for example—and earn his thousands of dollars each year. Things cannot be so bad as many youths imagine.

The cost of ivory is constantly rising. The White Sox set a new record when they bought Cissell from the Portland club of the Pacific Coast League for $123,000 in cash and players. His value has risen more quickly than that of any other player in the national game. Two years ago it cost $80 to get him out of the army.

CHALMER WILLIAM CISSELL, this year's most expensive bit of baseball ivory. From a sketch by Staff Artist Charles Schmidt.

CISSELL is now at the White Sox training camp. At present he is an "if." A few months will prove whether he is to be a wow or a dud in major league company. President Comiskey of the White Sox, who has spent more than $500,000 since 1920 in buying players for his team, wagers $123,000 that Cissell will make good. He has insured the newcomer to the Big Time for $100,000 against accident and injury.

Cissell tried candy making and the army in his younger days. He had played baseball almost since he could toddle. When he was bought out of his enlistment in the army, Cissell went to Des Moines. After a few weeks he became the regular shortstop of the team.

Before the 1926 season was over President Tom Turner of the Portland club paid $13,000 for Cissell, setting a new minor league record.

Turner, who once played for Connie Mack, knows his shortstops. At the end of the 1927 season he had passed Cissell along to the White Sox for a net profit of $110,000. Not bad per annum.

In addition, Turner's club had reaped the benefit of Cissell's .323 batting average and his fielding mark of .924.

THE Portland club long has been famous as a school for shortstops. Bill Sweeney, Ivan Olson, Roger Peckingpaugh, Dave Bancroft, Chuck Ward and Charley Gelbert are some of the good ones purchased from that outfit. All have made good in the major leagues.

Comiskey has done much of his ivory buying from the Coast League. Willie Kamm at $115,000, Sheely, Williams, Ruberg, McMullin and Lynn were among his best buys.

Cissell may or may not make the big league grade. But watching his progress and that of other youngsters as they grasp the top rung is what provides the magnates, managers and fans with a part of their thrills.

Cissell is not "a lucky stiff," as some of the envious might say. It requires natural ability, brains, determination and constant effort to become a more than ordinary ball player.

Once a player gets into the more than ordinary class, however, he is sitting pretty—provided he rises occasionally to remarks: "I must watch my step."

(Copyright, 1928, Walter C. Nickerson)

HASTE LOSES SWIM MEET

[illegible] Boston Row [illegible] team [illegible] Swimming [illegible] Boston Row [illegible] Tech [illegible] Saturday [illegible] three times [illegible] goal.

Doherty [illegible] Scots were [illegible] the [illegible] Hurst.

BOSTON AND DISTRICT SCOTTISH CLAN SELECT

Mulliken g		g	McMaster
Bassett, rb		rb	Brown
Lyons, lb		lb	Malcolm
Campbell rhb		rhb	Gunning
J McGonigal chb		chb	Taylor
Kozlowski, clb		clb	Wood
J Mahoney, or		or	Christie
Ritchie, if		if	Ross
Greer, cf		cf	Alston
F Mahoney, il		il	Brown
Doherty ol		or	Swadell

Substitutes—M Dermit Galt and Howard for the Clans and Smith and Howard for the Boston. Goals—Made by Greer 2, Doherty, Ritchie F Mahoney and J Mahoney. Referee—D Howarth Dorchester. Linesmen—J Kearden Somerville and A Johnstone, Mattapan. Time—Two 45-minute periods.

DETROIT BOYS GRAB TITLE

Cleveland O March 17 (AP)—The Detroit team of Al Schultz Berger and Will Kinnard, both won the National A A U Handicap Doubles title, defeating Sam Herskowitz and Joe Goudreau of Cleveland, 21—8, 21—13.

Army Gymnasts Beat Pennsy and Tech

WEST POINT, N. Y., March 17 (AP)—Army trounced the University of Pennsylvania and Massachusetts Institute of Technology in a triangular gymnastic meet here today. The Cadets defeated Penn by 47 to 7, and then vanquished M. I. T. by 28 to 26. In the same meet Penn lost to M. I. T., 40 to 14.

Soccer Card Today

National Cup—Eastern Division: England A. F. Coats vs. New York Nationals at Pelham Bay Park, New York.

Western Division—Bee Movers of St. Louis vs. Breckingers of Chicago at St. Louis.

Olympic Tryouts—Boston League Selects vs. Clan League vs. Bay State Junior League at Quincy.

American League—Philadelphia vs. Brooklyn at Ridgewood Park, Philadelphia; Fall River vs. Brooklyn at Fall River; Newark vs. New York Giants at Davis Stadium.

Brighton Crusaders vs. Marlboro at Brighton; Framingham vs. Peabody Ideals at Framingham.

NEWTON LEADS BUNION PACK

Pageant Arts [illegible] completed [illegible] Newton [illegible] Marathon [illegible] by [illegible] Pete Brigg [illegible] Harbor [illegible] Arthur [illegible] Newton [illegible] Lowe Athletic [illegible] Pete of Quincy [illegible]

One Length Free Style—Won by Kirwan (B. C.); second, Fredergast (B.); third, Lett (B.).

Two Lengths Free Style—Won by Kirwin (B. C.), second, O'Connor (B. C.); third, Goodger (B.).

Four Lengths Free Style—Won by Broadbent (B.); second, Rand (B. C.); third Murray (B.).

Two Lengths Back Stroke—Won by Broadbent (B.); second, McCreary (B.), third Smith (B. C.).

Two Lengths Breast Stroke—Won by Downey (B. C.); second, Woodlock (B.); Doring—Won by McGrath (B. C.); second McClintock (B.); third, Stanley (B.).

Two Lengths Relay—Won by Brookline (Lett, McManus, Smith, McClintock).

RED CURLERS DEFEAT BLUE

[illegible] Return of Wason Brown [illegible] Boston [illegible] Curling [illegible] of Wellesley [illegible] Weeks and Lyons [illegible] Brown [illegible] Boston [illegible] put [illegible] at the Arena [illegible] Curling [illegible] Curlers at the [illegible] Arena at Boston [illegible] The final score was Reds [illegible]

[illegible] four [illegible] A. B. Brown [illegible] Brown [illegible] Boston [illegible] Brown [illegible] Boston [illegible] Brown [illegible] Boston

Carrigan's Axe to Hit Red Sox Hopefuls This Week

PLAY BUFFALO TODAY AND THEN 5 GAMES IN ROW

Boys Must Now Do Extra Work Mornings Getting Ready for Next 6 Games

SQUAD WILL SOON BE CUT

Not Over 30 Will Move on to Augusta; Several Pitchers Will Be Sent Home

By JOE CASHMAN

Joe Cashman

Red Sox ... day in the afternoon ... and ... and stormy in this ... of ... sunshine, except when ... ...

Braves Classy Outfield the Talk of the South

NOT A ROOKIE IN SIGHT WHO CAN TOUCH INFIELD

Moore, Richbourg and Brown Unequalled Since Days of Speaker, Lewis, Hooper

COONEY NOT COMING BACK

Doubtful If He Makes Grade Because of Bad Arm; Six Games This Week

By NICK FLATLEY

St. Petersburg, Fla., March 11—Rain washed out the Braves' chances of taking another shot at the Yankees today. One of the Florida delights that you seldom read about made its bow in lake out of the ball yard in the morning and the pastime had to be called off, although every ticket purchase had been sold and the popular place was packed, as they say.

Nick Flatley

Manager Jack Slattery refuses to take any chances when it comes even with his athletes on slippery baselines. He pays no attention whatever to the financial side of things, and is interested only in his ball players. He does not mind a day off now and then in the least.

"It's a fine boys good to rest a bit," he points in. "Baseball in spring gets monotonous and we've had enough exercise, so that a little vacation does not come amiss. Things have rolled along so smoothly that we could join the season tomorrow and be ready to go. The gang is in good but not tired out, and that's the point I want to keep."

"A game a day is enough work for a regular and the kids get in plenty of practice at the morning sessions. I've got the youngsters pretty well sized up now, and will be ready to ship them out in time we hit the road next week. Three or four of them look to me like real leaguers after they get a little more experience."

The braves start traveling a week from tomorrow, going to St. Myers for a couple of games with the Athletics. Then they hop over to Palm Beach and Miami for four ball games. The trek North begins immediately thereafter.

SIX GAMES NEXT WEEK

The coming week will pack in six ball games and if the tribe can get the long end of the bunch, they will have the right to feel like a real big club. The Red Sox come over Monday, the Yanks are entertained the next three days, and the Athletics invade the village to wind up the week with a pair of pastimes.

Looks now as if the Braves would be able to show enough to chase Andy High off third base. Andy is a better stick than formerly and if he can get the ball right on the nose his punch will keep him on the job until some equally good hitter comes along.

Judge Fuchs has tried to make a couple of deals in the past few weeks, but can't get together with the other magnates, who want most of the Brave strength when they start to talk business.

Dick Burrus will stay on first base. Dick is on the job very seriously this spring, and while he may have his faults, he's much better than anything that appeared Wright as a prospect, a fine natural hitter, but he will need a year or two to get his fielding polished up and to collect the ideas necessary to baseball under the large lamb.

Zach Taylor will have to do most of the receiving and unless he gets hurt the club will be well fixed Zach is better than average, and Luke Urban stacks up very well as a relief prospect. Zachs has the experience and for that reason will draw assignments ahead of Bill Cunnan and Baxter Williams, who do not seem to be ready yet to make the grade.

THE TALK OF THE SOUTH

The new Brave outfield is the talk of the baseball South. Eddie Moore has been playing wonderful ball in left, while Richbourg is a hot on the other side. That young man was a bit uncertain a year ago, but he has found himself and is headed apparently for stardom. He is one of the fastest men in the league and discovered confidence in himself.

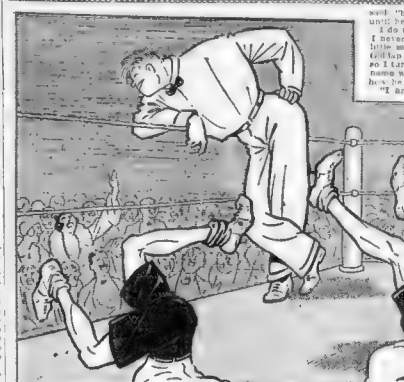
Big Brown, who can ramble farther than almost any other outfielder in baseball today, is an ideal centerfielder who more than makes up for the many weakness by the ground he covers.

No Boston team has owned such a trio since the days of Speaker, Lewis and Hooper. Young Master Moore, if he gets to hitting, will be mind the natives of the famous Duffy. He has the same kind of an arm and is a lot faster in the field and has a pair of sure death hands. If he has a big heavy season through the campaign, Manager Slattery et al. will be greatly surprised and disappointed.

It seems sure now that Johnny Cooney is not going to come back as a pitcher. John has had a few workouts and after each one his wing has been very painful. He can see some stuff on the ball, but suffers when he tries. The final vote hasn't been taken yet, but the signs point to John's permanent conversion to playing the outfield and first base.

A Fighter's Letter To His Manager

By Walter Davenport



They both fell in the second round while I was not looking. There was a big society dame out in the audience who was waving at me and trying to date me up and I was looking at her when I heard the crowd yell that the fight had flopped on me.

Dear Patsy:

Tue fights they wanted me to referee like I told you come off a couple of nights ago in what they call private. Of course it would of been a better show if I was to get a even break and get a fight with Tunney, but still in all you can't blame Tunney for running out every time it looks as if nobody but the supreme court could stop me getting a fight with him.

That is the way I look at things. I can't help seeing the other guy's side of it. If I was Tunney and some other guy was me I would take a run-out powder too every time that other guy got too close. I don't blame Tunney a bit for wanting nobody but Dempsey. It's like getting a million bucks for doing on with your sparring partner or your old man because you can't lose.

Gene was to be here to do the announcing the other night at the fights I refereed but he went up to New York to get a lawyer to get him a income tax blank. I saw him off. About a thousand people were at the station to listen to what we said to each other, because it the mean notes I been getting down here in Miami mean anything there are a lot of swell dames would like to see me and Gene in the ring.

Handed His Coat

"Well Gene," I said, "I see you are leaving us."

"Yeh," he said. "Here, hold on to this a minute while I get a couple of the latest magazines."

Patsy I was almost knocked for a loop when he handed me his overcoat. Everybody got a big laugh at the big stiff, of course, but he did not seem to mind it.

"Listen," I said when he come back, "who did you think I was, when you handed me your overcoat."

"Gosh," he said, "do I have to be introduced to everybody who follows me around."

"I guess you know all right who I am," I said. "When the newspaper boys got hold of this they will make a big item out of it and everybody will get a laugh."

Gave Him a Laugh

"I am very sorry," he said, "but all you railroad detectives look alike to me and are always thinking I ought to remember your name. You are the only one I ever met who did not want to hold my coat or something."

"Is that so," he said, "I am glad to meet you. I heard a couple of fellows talking about you the other night and I was so sorry that I said I would certainly help in any way I could. Listen kid, Frisbie you can keep that overcoat, I always help out any fighter who is in hard luck when possible and anyway I would not be wearing that overcoat again.

Well Patsy that give me a laugh if I ever got one, the way he was trying to crawl out of it.

Ducked Through Gate

"Listen Mr. Tunney," I said, "Why is it you are going o New York to make out your income tax? Come on and tell the people. Ain't it because there are some fights coming off in a couple of nights and you are supposed to be the announcer and I am referreeing them and you do not want to get into the same ring with me even if we ain't going to fight? I am sorry Mr. Tunney but the public is got you cornered this time."

"If you want to know the truth," he said, "it's like this. I got a couple of income tax blanks down here in Miami, but when I read them over I found out that they must of been written by some dick lawyer because they were full of mistakes in grammar and if there is anything I hate it is a mistake in grammar. I do not mind so much in this case, though, because I know that the country as much as the big city guys as much as the big city guys because I know that the country as much as the big city guys because I know that the country as much as the big city guys because I know that the country

Harvard Defeats Michigan at Dual Meet by 2 Points

CRIMSON RELAY FOUR WINS IN DECISIVE EVENT

Jimmy Reid Smashes Record When He Runs 2 Miles in 9:45

COOPER TAKES HURDLES

Ann Arbor Timbertopper Breaks DeHart Hubbard's 7:5s. Record

Ann Arbor Mich. March [illegible]ing from behind after trailing by a margin of three points until the final event, Harvard's [illegible] team defeated Michigan in a dual track meet in Ann Arbor [illegible] to 41.

The [illegible]per, Lauterbach, Bratton and Cummings proved too fast for the Wolverine squad of quarter milers in the last event and clinched the victory as well as the meet for the eastern crew.

Two records fell. Cooper, Michigan's premier hurdler, raced the 120 yard low hurdles in 14 seconds, just a tenth of a second below the record established by DeHart Hubbard, Ann Arbor's sensational freshman sprinter and broad jumper, at Cornell in 1927.

REID BROKE RECORD

The second mark to fall resulted from Jimmy Reid's sensational two mile run. [illegible] the start, the renowned iron man of the Crimson [illegible] the entire distance at a [illegible] one-half seconds better than the existing mark.

Although Michigan took the lead at the start of every event, Harvard soon pulled away with victories in the mile shot put and 440 dash and tied up the count with the high jump and 880 run.

Michigan's first and second places in the 2-mile run by Wilson and Wood kept them in front until the final event, the relay race.

Harvard's subsequent victory in the mile relay proved the decisive factor in the meet.

Michigan [illegible] at the beginning of the [illegible] Weal, track coach, [illegible] tonight when Michigan's two [illegible] behind the Wolverines. The time for the distance was 3.5 seconds, just one-tenth of a second shy of the field house mark which Cooper set in the Cornell meet last year.

[illegible] easily, put the Crimson on a par with their mates and [illegible] tors when they [illegible] Crimson [illegible] Gerrity gave Michigan a [illegible] third. Bruines suffered in the Ten Eyck [illegible] meet last week [illegible] Michigan's [illegible] the [illegible] since, from participating.

Wednesday's [illegible] were given a [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Auto Makers Trying to Reduce Squeaks and Rumbles

IMPROVEMENTS IN BODIES NOW BUILDERS' AIM

Sturdy, Noiseless Construction Being Studied to Attain 100 Per Cent Results

EXPERIMENTS UNDER WAY

Proving Grounds of General Motors Scene of Severe Road Tests by Director Kreusser

By RAY PRIEST,
Universal Service Automobile Editor.
Detroit, March 17.

CONCENTRATION on body perfection by leading automobile manufacturers has brought about a greatly enlarged personnel in the body design departments, better looking automobiles and cars that are easy to ride in and more comfortable.

The trend toward new designs by most makers was developed at the recent automobile shows. Steady refinements on last year's models mark the same procedure. Silent operation and more comfortable riding qualities have come about as the constant work of the designers.

Studying the Squeaks

The chief task body engineers are concerned with is:

Are bodies sufficiently comfortable?

Do they stand up as well as the chassis?

Has the safety factor been worked out?

Latest methods of expediting the answers to these questions to turn out cars free of the squeaks by the owner after having already done service.

W. T. Kreusser, director of the General Motors proving grounds, is doing all he can to get the cars through their hard tests in time to get the benefit of their construction. Some engineers feel that the cars can't be put on the road in time to get the benefit of the tests, but Kreusser is confident he will be able to get the cars out and have the necessary changes made for next season's production.

Better Highways Help

He is assisted by the body engineers in the Society of Automotive Engineers, which meets in Detroit every January. Latest methods of testing bodies are discussed.

The new type will weigh several pounds more than the present type, but less than the old type as well as the present type, and will be more comfortable. Many other changes are contemplated by the industry today.

Motor truck is increasing every year, according to the American Road Builders Association which, of course, results in the increase in better roads.

125 ATTEND MOTOR FIRM 'GET TOGETHER'

The annual "Get Together" meeting of the [illegible] Company, distributors of motor trucks was held at the Somerset Arms, Thursday evening, with [illegible] present. Guests of honor were [illegible] of Grand Rapids, Mich., president of the Society of Motor Truck Engineers; [illegible] of Grand Rapids, Mich., J. M. Crist, sales manager of Motor Improvement, Inc., Detroit; Crawford [illegible] manager of Fisk & Wrentham Co., and L. D. Waters, of Studebaker Corporation.

W. [illegible], president of the company, was toastmaster. H. D. Gray, manager, outlined plans for the year.

MICHIGAN MAN, 91, DRIVES MOTOR CAR

Alden W. Chase, of White Pigeon, Mich., is 91 years of age and drives his own motor car. Eighty years ago he drove an ox team from Indiana to Michigan. He was 82 years old when he obtained his first driver's license and proudly exhibits the document to anyone who may question his age.

ECUADOR BANS "FAG" LIGHTERS IN CARS

Automobiles equipped with cigar and cigarette lighters cannot be imported into Ecuador. The reason is that the government has granted a match monopoly to a Swedish firm and every time a lighter is used it means the consumption of one less match.

Young's "Expert" Garage, 11x16 ft., $295 complete, erected on your property.

Young's "Economy" Garage, 10x16 ft., $170, completely erected on your property.

Delivered and Erected at a Saving of $75 to $150

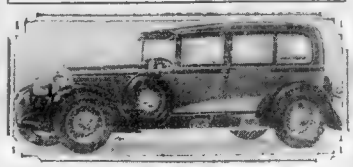
We deliver the garage to your property and our construction crew puts it up the same day, ready to receive your car. If desired, we'll even get the building permit and arrange for putting in the foundation. Or we'll give you precise directions for doing the concrete work yourself, at a big saving. For twenty years we have been building garages in the greater Boston area.

Select Materials—Workmanship Guaranteed.
Write for catalog picturing and pricing many designs. Drive out and see our Exhibit on South Main St., Randolph, Mass.

E. C. YOUNG CO. 186 Depot St. Randolph, Mass.
Phone Randolph 0037 and 0574

Pioneer Builders of Garages Since 1908

The Nash Ambassador



PROMINENT AMONG the Nash offerings this year is the Advanced Six 5-Passenger Ambassador, a luxuriously designed car. A six-wire wheel equipment is a feature of this model.

BRICK WALL TEST FOR STUDEBAKER

Cars Placed Against Barriers and Engines Raced Until Some Part Weakens

"Judging from the success which the Studebaker enjoyed in sales at the automobile show last week, the slogan originated several years ago is still true—'1928 is another Studebaker year,'" declares George Forest, president of the Studebaker Sales Company.

"The accomplishment of America's champion car, the Commander, in [illegible] average 25.60 miles in 25, 50 and 100 miles at the Atlantic City Speedway," he said, "brought a host of visitors to the Studebaker booth. It was explained to them that the car which made this phenomenal record for speed and endurance is identically the same without any alterations whatever and is sold as a regular model in the Commander line.

"That this record was accomplished by the car itself and not through exertions in driving is due to the elaborate methods which Studebaker has in testing out its cars.

"One of the visitors to Boston this week was D. G. Warner, assistant engineer in charge of Studebaker's million-dollar proving ground, and he brought with him pictures showing both the speedway and the dirt roads used and the various shops on the grounds.

"It is here that Studebaker tests out the performance of its cars in comparison to every other car in its own class.

"One of the most gruelling tests given is what is known as the 'brick wall test.' In this test a car is placed against a brick wall, the engine is revved to its highest maximum and the clutch thrown in at high. This forces a tremendous impact against all parts and the test is continued until something gives away."

TIRE MAN COMPLETES 25 YEARS WITH FIRM

F. T. Moore, district manager of the B. F. Goodrich Rubber Company, observed his 25th year with the company. Fellow employes and associates in the tire business presented him with floral tributes and an anniversary gift.

Mr. Moore entered the firm's employ as a stenographer, and has been district manager for the past 10 years. Since he took up his duties the firm has outgrown three buildings, and now are located in spacious quarters at 857 Boylston St.

GAS TAX PROPOSED TO CHECK U. S. CARS

"England is in favor of a gas tax because it may tend to keep out the American cars," declared Sidney von Leesaker, manager of the touring department of the Automobile Legal Association.

How? The American cars are of higher power than the English cars, and necessarily consume more gasoline. It is on this point principally that the advocates of the gas tax in England are basing their argument," he said.

EUROPE PRODUCED 574,000 CARS IN '27

The European production of automobiles, other than the assembly of American units there, is estimated for 1927 at approximately 574,000 units.

Great Britain was the largest producer with 223,500, followed by France with 180,000 units, Germany and Italy ranking next with 66,000 and 60,000 units, respectively. Czecho-Slovakia produced 12,000 automobiles, Belgium 8500 and Soviet Russia about 600. Miscellaneous production totaled approximately 10,500.

WIRE WHEELS ARE ADDED TO HUDSON

Buyers of Super-Sixes This Season to Have Choice of Combinations

All Hudson Super-Six cars will be equipped this season with wire wheels as optional equipment—and cars so equipped are now ready for delivery, it was announced yesterday by the Hudson Motor Car Co. Hudson-Essex distributor. Extra wheels and tires may be obtained in a number of combinations.

This move on the part of Hudson designers C. G. Abbott of the Henley-Kimball Co., is in line with the company's program of improving and refining the style and appearance of all its cars. It applies to both the standard and the custom built models. This provision of optional equipment for its cars is a new step for Hudson.

Speaking of the de luxe 1928 models, Mr. Abbott said they embody a number of features which hitherto have been known only in the high-priced fields.

"Most important perhaps," he declared, "is the use of aluminum instead of silver steel in the bodies, [illegible] gases is likely to occur," says Mr. Farley. "The average piston travel is said to be about 2200 feet a minute.

Poor of Mexico Making Shoes From Old Tires

GREEK peasants and the poorer workers in Mexico now use old automobile tires for shoes. The Greeks have substituted rubber for the laced strip of leather which formerly composed the tchaglk of the villagers.

The Mexicans cut a piece of rubber to the shape of the sole and attach it with leather thongs.

FEATURES OF LIGHT 4 TOLD

John R. Farley Points Out Whippet Doubles Its Rated Horsepower

A study of power plants in the light car field discloses that the Whippet holds an individual position in the light four-cylinder field.

It is pointed out by John R. Farley, assistant district manager of Willys-Overland, Inc., that the Whippet is the only engine in the light car field that more than doubles its rated horsepower at its point of maximum efficiency.

"Engineers point out that the compression ratios of the light 4-cyls range from 4.70 to 5, at which point detonation of the

Railroads' Use of Motor Buses Almost Doubled

INCREASING use of buses by steam railroads has resulted in the doubling of the mileage of bus units in railroad service from about 600 on January 1, 19[illegible], to about 1200 on January 1, 1928. This growth in the steam railroad field, while not as large as expected, even warranted by the economies involved, reflects a steady growth that has been very satisfactory to the railroads as well as to the public. About 60 railroads are using buses either directly or through subsidiaries.

PRAISES RULING ON SEIZED CARS

Decision That Forfeiture Must Be Under Prohibition Act Is Called a Victory

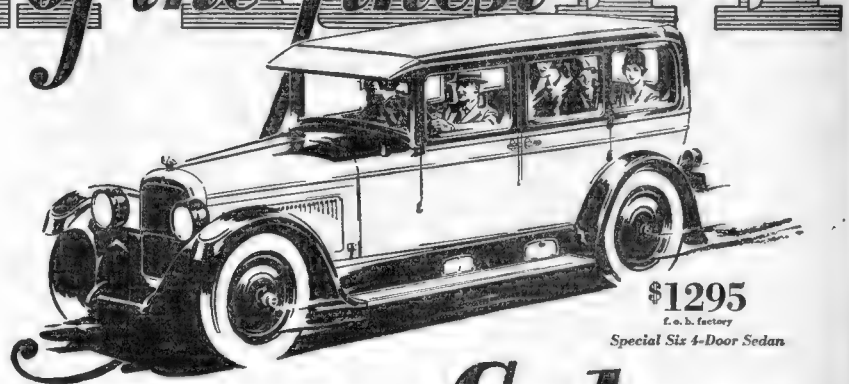
Washington, March 17—The decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, holding that in a case involving the seizure of an automobile used to "transport" intoxicating liquors, the forfeiture must be under the Prohibition act, is a sweeping victory in the campaign to protect the rights of innocent car owners, according to the American Automobile Association.

Commenting upon the decision the association issued a statement saying that it is a death blow to the practice whereby prohibition enforcement officers confronted such cars

Mountain Subways

Tunnels are becoming common on highways throughout the Rocky Mountains.

NASH



$1295
f. o. b. factory
Special Six 4-Door Sedan

One of the finest 5-passenger Sedans at a NEW PRICE, AMAZINGLY LOW

Nash—*long the leader in fine-car value*—now increases its margin of leadership by *new reduced prices.*

Now at $1295 f. o. b. the Nash factory you can buy this big Special Six 5-passenger 4-door Sedan—a car built to the highest standards of quality and style—brilliant in performance—*one of the finest.*

You can have this car in an option of colors—done in the new Nash deep-lustre finish.

The interior is upholstered in first-quality mohair velvet, with inlaid walnut paneling and period interiorware to heighten its charm and luxury. Cushions are deep tufted and form fitted.

This Sedan, like all Nash cars, is powered by the great, Nash-type 7-bearing motor, has Nash 2-way 4-wheel brakes, the Nash straight-line drive, Nash extra easy steering, and all the other luxuries of performance which belong exclusively to Nash.

Wire wheels and side-carried spare wheels and tires are optional at slight extra cost.

Save your money, and at the same time enjoy a finer mode of motoring. Buy this 7-bearing Nash Sedan!

C. P. ROCKWELL, Inc.

New England Distributors Nash Motor Cars
640 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston

METROPOLITAN DEALERS

ARLINGTON—Arlington Nash Corp., 352 Mass. Ave.
BRAINTREE—Independence Ave. Garage, 186 Independence Ave.
CHELSEA—Ullian Motor Sales, Inc., 35-39 Fourth St.
CONCORD—Concord Motor Co., Inc., 25 Walden St.
DORCHESTER—Camden Sons Motor, Inc., 450 Talbot Ave.
EAST BOSTON—Neptune-Nash Co., 470 Saratoga St.
EAST MILTON—Kelley's Garage, 554 Adams St.
FRAMINGHAM—Andrew Nash, Inc., 8 Freeman St.
HINGHAM—Curtis Garage, Fort Hill St.
HYDE PARK—Hyde Park Nash Co., 1231 Hyde Park Ave.
MALDEN—Harry C. Stratton, 203 Pleasant St.
MATTAPAN—Sperling & Marks Motor Co., 1590 Blue Hill Ave.
MEDFORD—R. H. Wheeler, 61 Salem St.
MELROSE—Harry C. Stratton, 48 Grove St.
NEWTON CENTRE—Crowell-Nash Co., 1022 Commonwealth Ave.
NEWTON CENTRE—Tufts Motor Co., Inc., 782 Beacon St.
NORWOOD—Norwood Auto Station, Inc., 666 Washington St.
QUINCY—J. F. Rogers Auto Co., 430 Hancock St., Norfolk Downs
ROSLINDALE—Roslindale Nash Corp., 361 Belgrade Ave.
ROXBURY—Homestead Garage, 215 Humboldt Ave.
ROXBURY—Freedman Motor Co., 360-362 Warren St.
SOMERVILLE—Somerville Nash Co., 5 Union Sq.
SOUTH BOSTON—Charles B. Dailey, Inc., 452-454 Broadway
WALTHAM—Earl O. Maxwell, 60-62 Adams St.
WATERTOWN—Everett Bros., Inc., 75 North Beacon St.
WELLESLEY—Wellesley Nash Co., 54 Washington St.
WINCHESTER—Kimball & Earl Sales Co., Inc., 526-528 Main St.
WINTHROP—Empire Garage, 191 Shirley St.

7298

Automobile News

MEETING NEED FOR COMFORT IN FRONT SEAT

Auto Designers Provide More Upholstery and Swinging Seats in Coaches

DEMAND FORCES CHANGE

Adjustable Front Chair and Steering Column Receive More Attention

By AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEER

Car buyers have been [illegible] fussy about the comfort and convenience of the passenger compartment. The [illegible] a long time [illegible] now. As time goes on and still further [illegible] when [illegible] longer will the [illegible] ment [illegible] in front of the [illegible]

This [illegible] been [illegible] men [illegible] rather [illegible] traditions [illegible] as the [illegible] all [illegible] assumed [illegible] Under [illegible]

In fact, [illegible] the [illegible] the [illegible] form [illegible] are [illegible] the [illegible]

TRADITIONS MADE STALE.

The [illegible] tomobile [illegible] to [illegible] ment [illegible] from [illegible] the [illegible] ers of [illegible]

In the [illegible] that [illegible] keep a [illegible] fare [illegible] blind [illegible]

Naturally [illegible] ence [illegible] driver [illegible] satisfied [illegible] while [illegible]

It was [illegible] parts [illegible] regarding [illegible] was of [illegible]

PROBLEM OF CONTROLS.

Year by [illegible] the truth [illegible] few years [illegible] for [illegible] that [illegible] to be [illegible] the [illegible] the [illegible] the fact [illegible] the [illegible] the [illegible] the [illegible] feeling [illegible]

If [illegible] have [illegible] front [illegible] a foot [illegible] will [illegible] or [illegible] vantage.

ADJUSTABLE STEERING.

[illegible] automobiles at the [illegible] was announced just [illegible] the automobile show, illustrated what can be [illegible] adjustable steering column [illegible] is now [illegible] planned [illegible] one [illegible] the [illegible] can be [illegible] instrument [illegible] menta

There is no reason why [illegible] justment [illegible] be accomplished [illegible] just as [illegible] justed to suit [illegible] length of [illegible]

This is one [illegible] we can [illegible] The amount [illegible] of the [illegible] no doubt [illegible] that will help [illegible]

Explosives Warning

Vehicles [illegible] through [illegible] Penn. [illegible] display warning [illegible] inscription, "[illegible]

"Flivver" Shoots Farmer When He Cranks Up

Atchison, Kan., March 17.

FRED SMITH, Atchison County farmer, was shot by his old "flivver."

While cranking the engine [illegible] struck a [illegible] Smith was [illegible] cont[illegible] exploded [illegible] in Smith's [illegible]

He was [illegible] and the [illegible]

ARTIST HAS ROLE IN AUTO FIELD

Engineers Hear Address by R. M. Bach of Metropolitan Art Museum

[illegible]

SEES DODGE HEADED FOR RECORD YEAR

[illegible]

SMART TRUCKS MAKE DRIVERS DRESS UP

[illegible]

NOVA SCOTIA PLANS MODERN ROAD SIGNS

[illegible]

AUTOISTS WARNED OF CARBON DEPOSITS

[illegible]

U. S. PAYS $9,000,000 WHEN RUBBER JUMPS

[illegible]

WOMAN AT 95 IS ENJOYING 1500-MILE AUTO JOURNEY

By Universal Service

Atlanta, Ga., March 17.

AT the age of 95, Mrs. John H. Alexander started on a 1500-mile automobile trip from Atlanta with as much enthusiasm and anticipation as she did when she made her first trip over the Pennsylvania railroad 67 years ago.

"Why, I traveled from coast to coast a few years ago visiting relatives—and a one, too," said Mrs. Alexander. "I came to Atlanta alone last December from my home in Springfield, Mass., to visit by granddaughter. This is my sixth visit to Atlanta.

"I like to travel, whether it is by train or auto, and I am looking forward with as much eagerness to the Florida trip as I did at the age of 14 when I traveled over the Pennsylvania railroad just after it opened.

"What is your recipe for longevity?" she was asked.

"Well, I'm not mention that I take a cool sponge bath every morning when I arise. And I like to walk. Regular habits, no worries, finding an interest in things about you. These are things that make 95 years come lightly," she explained.

While giving modern youth credit for many good innovations, Mrs. Alexander does not take kindly to the sophisticated cigarette-smoking flapper.

Summerfield's

THE "BERKLEY"

4-Room Home Outfit $300 Buy Any Room for $100

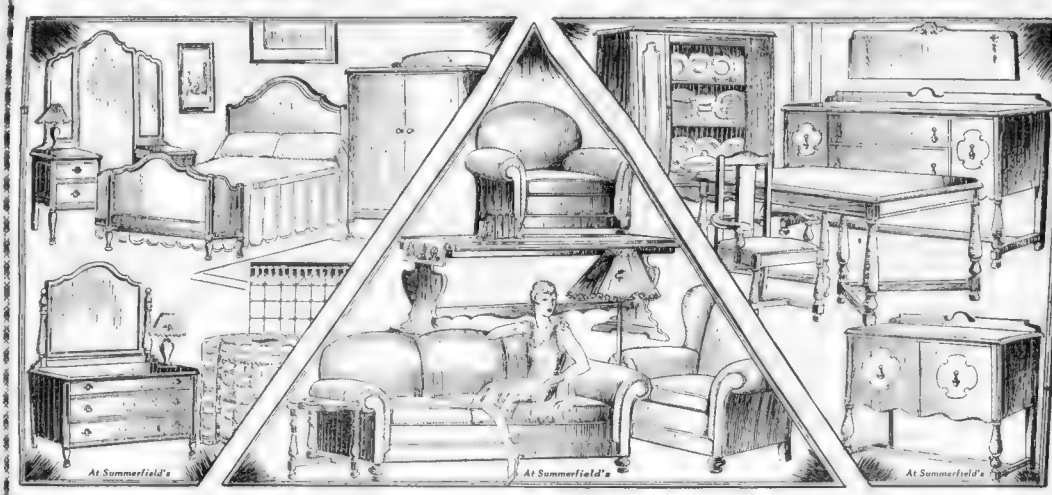
Kitchen Included But Not Shown

This price of $300 also includes a complete Kitchen Outfit, consisting of 5-Piece Breakfast Suite (Table and 4 Chairs), 26-Piece Table Flatware Service (6 Knives, 6 Forks, 6 Tablespoons, 6 Teaspoons, 1 Sugar Spoon, 1 Butter Knife), 1 Dinner Set (service for 6 people), 1 Damask Tablecloth and 6 Napkins to match.

[Easy Terms]

Summerfield's Complete Outfits Save You Money

Summerfield's Complete Home Outfits are designed to afford generous savings through the selection of all the major furnishings of your home at one time. Many happy couples have learned this fact. Besides, Summerfield's Complete Home Outfits are carefully selected to give you a harmonious, decorative scheme of furnishings throughout your home. There's a Summerfield Outfit for every home.



The Bedroom 10 PIECES!

For the charming "BERKLEY" Bedroom we have assembled—10 Pieces—A completely furnished bedroom! They are: Bow-End Bed, Vanity, Dresser, Wardrobe, Spring, Mattress, 2 Pillows and 2 Lamps. Sold Separately For

$100 Easy Terms

The Living Room 9 PIECES!

In the cozy "BERKLEY" Living Room we place a beautiful 3-Piece Silk Velour Suite consisting of: Sofa, Club Chair and Wing Chair and to make the room complete you also get Floor Lamp and Shade, End Table, Davenport Table, Table Scarf and 2 Book Ends. Sold Separately For

$100 Easy Terms

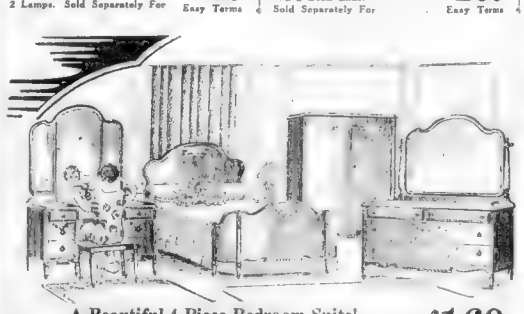
The Dining Room 10 PIECES!

The "BERKLEY" Dining Room is tastefully and practically furnished. It consists of Buffet, Table, China Cabinet, Server, 5 Side Chairs and Host's Chair. The chairs have seats of genuine leather. A suite well made and nicely finished. Sold Separately For

$100 Easy Terms

The Kitchen (Not Shown) 14 PIECES!

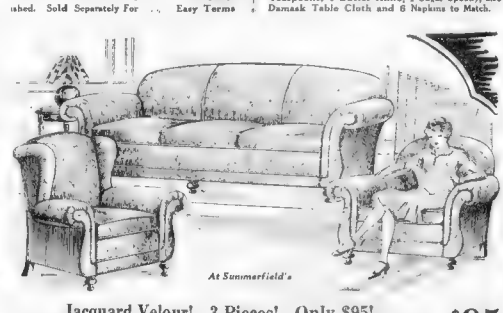
A nicely equipped Kitchen, for the "BERKLEY" outfit is also included at $300 for the 4 rooms. It consists of 14 pieces. A 5-Piece Breakfast Suite (Table and 4 Chairs), 1 Dinner Set (Service for 6 People), 1 26-Piece Table Flatware Service (6 Knives, 6 Forks, 6 Soup Spoons, 6 Teaspoons, 1 Butter Knife, 1 Sugar Spoon), also Damask Table Cloth and 6 Napkins to Match.



A Beautiful 4-Piece Bedroom Suite!

Dresser, Bed, Vanity and Wardrobe. Handsome Walnut Veneers and Gumwood make this a most substantial and decorative suite. 4 pieces complete

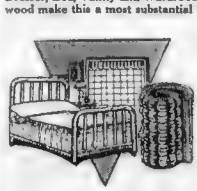
$169 Easy Terms



Jacquard Velour! 3 Pieces! Only $95!

Reversible cushions, spring seats, spring backs, spring edges. Shapely, comfortable and serviceable. Sofa, Club Chair and Wing Chair, 3 pieces complete

$95 Easy Terms



3-Piece Bed Outfit

Full-Size Metal Bed, Spring and Mattress. Fix up the spare room. Now.

$17 $1 Weekly

Double Day Bed

Windsor Style Ends

Complete with cretonne-covered mattress—SPECIAL

$17.50 $1 Weekly

EVENING APPOINTMENTS Call HANcock 8103

Trade in Your Old Furniture for New

We Will Make You a Liberal Allowance!

Modernize Your Home Now!

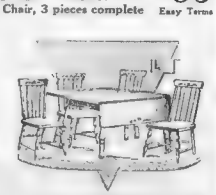
"New Haven" 20-in. Mantel Clock

Silvered dial—8-day movement — cathedral gong strikes hourly and half hourly—SPECIAL

$7.95 $1 Weekly

Jewelry Dept.—Street Floor

The House of Dignified Credit!



5-Piece Breakfast Suite

Drop-Leaf Table and 4 Chairs—decorated and enameled. Complete

$16.95 $1 Weekly

OPEN AN ACCOUNT

There is absolutely no "Red Tape." No embarrassing questions; just a simple understanding. No investigations. It's Easy to Pay Summerfield's Way.

Store Open All Day Saturday Till 9 P. M.

Summerfield's

727 to 737 Washington St., Boston

FREE BUS SERVICE

Leave your car at either Motor Mart or Bowdoin Square Garage and enjoy Free Bus Service to our store.

THE AMERICAN WEEKLY
Greatest Circulation in the World
© 1926, by American Weekly, Inc. Great Britain Rights Reserved

Boston Advertiser

Social Advice from Aunty Climax

By the Brilliant Satirist—Fish

Dear Aunty Climax:

I HAVE lost my boy friends and four fiances simply because I am getting too fat. This is a terrible worry to me, and please don't suggest any of the awful reducing methods, because I have worn everything and swallowed everything I can think of already. FATIMA.

Pensicola. Fla.

I am afraid you are up against a pretty stiff problem. I think you had better get engaged to a Turkish Pasha, because they still appreciate girlies like you in Turkey.

Dear Aunty Climax:

WE got a new vacuum cleaner recently, and it is particularly large and powerful. The other day I accidentally "vacuumed" my rich aunt, who had left us $100,000 in her will. How can we claim the insurance money, since there is so little trace left of her?

MRS. PETER J. EDGEWOOD

Carstairs, L. I.

Preserve the bits carefully and send them to the insurance company in your jewel box. This is technical evidence in all States but Utah.

Dear Aunty Climax:

MY daughter has married a peer. Does this entitle me to wear a coronet?

CYNTHIA ——.

Reno, Nevada.

Yes, but only a very small one.

Dear Aunty Climax:

I AM 19 and my fiance is 44, he says. I am terribly fond of him, but I think he wears a toupee. He has a lovely head of golden hair, but, Oh, Aunty Climax, if it should be false! I dare not ask him straight out, but can you tell me how to find out?

Noxville, Miss. ELSIE ——

This is one use for kid brothers. Seat your fiance in the hall close to the stairs and arrange with your young brother to be up above with a fish hook on a line. I will leave the rest to your imagination.

Dear Aunty Climax:

WE have only one parlor in our house to entertain in, and when my special boy friend is calling on me Dad insists on coming in and talking about Babe Ruth's home runs and also what he was like when a boy. I am 17, and I think I ought to have some privacy. GWENDOLYN STANTON.

Spokane, Wash.

Has your boy friend ever tried holding up Dad for a loan? This should be a very effective way to get all the privacy you want.

Mystery of the Vanished Skull of Rene Descartes Solved by Science

FOR almost three centuries historians and scientists have been trying to solve the mystery of the missing skull of Rene Descartes, great French philosopher, who died in 1650, in self-imposed exile in Stockholm, Sweden.

When, sixteen years later, his fame tardily acknowledged, his body was shipped back to his homeland, it was found that the skull was missing. Ever since the question as to who stole the skull of the great thinker, and the motives that prompted the thief, have baffled all efforts at solution.

Recently the problem was solved by modern scientific research. The credit is due Professor Verneau, the well known anthropologist of the Paris Museum of Natural History.

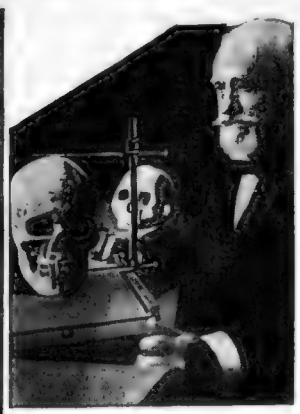
When Descartes died at the age of fifty-four, he was buried in the orphanage cemetery at Stockholm. His own country, as well as the rest of the world, forgot all about him until 1666. Then the French nation began to realize the mistake it had made in turning away such a great man. Those who had repudiated the teachings of Descartes and who had caused his exile were among the first to sign a petition asking for the return of his remains to his native land.

The body, with the exception of the bones of the right hand (kept by the Swedish Government with the consent of France, as a relic) was turned over to the French Ambassador. For almost three months, in a strong coffin specially prepared, it rested there in the Embassy, awaiting proper weather for shipment by sea to France. Finally, the weather signs being unpropitious, it was decided to send the body overland, and this was done. The bones of Descartes were placed in the chapel of St. Paul, and later transferred to the church of St. Genevieve, and there for over a century, they lay undisturbed. All this time the posthumous fame of Descartes grew, and in 1793, what was left of Descartes was removed from the comparatively humble grave at St Genevieve's, and with due ceremony the remains were given the highest place of honor in the famous Pantheon.

Even this was not to be the final resting place of Descartes. In 1819 the bones of the great thinker were taken from the Pantheon and brought to the Church of St Germain des Pres.

All this time the fact had not been generally known that when the remains of Descartes had come back from Sweden, the skull had been missing. Probably the fact had been withheld as a matter of policy. But now, with the interment in St. Germain, the fact became known. Simultaneously it was reported that there had been, in the possession of a Swedish resident of France, what was said to be the original skull of Descartes. It was established that the skull of the philosopher had been stolen when the body was on its way to France from Stockholm. The act of mutilation, according to records dug up by Professor Verneau, was done by a Swedish guard, who, being appointed to watch over the dead body, removed the skull.

The Skull of Descartes, Now Authenticated and on Exhibition in the Paris Museum.



Professor Verneau Measuring the Disputed Skull.

The Portrait of Rene Descartes, by Frans Hals, in the Louvre, From Which Professor Verneau Made the Measurements to Compare With the Recovered Skull.

Eventually it was turned over to the Paris Museum of Natural History where, for generations, it had lain with hundreds of other skulls, nobody dreaming that it was really the head of Descartes. The claim of the donor was regarded with skepticism even at the time the award had been made, and as the years went by, it had even been forgotten. It was remembered only when the paper accompanying the donation came to light.

The problem then was to establish whether or not the skull in question was really that of the celebrated Frenchman. The job was put up to Verneau. His first act was to obtain two of the well-known paintings of Descartes, which hung in the gallery of the Louvre. One was by the master Frans Hals, the other by Bourdon. Professor Verneau made photostatic copies of both heads, and of the skull itself, and then measured the exact dimensions from the heads of the portraits. Microscopic instruments were then used in comparing the measurements, curvatures and other peculiarities of the actual skull and the two paintings.

The results satisfied Verneau that the skull was really that of Descartes. But not satisfied with this, he instituted the investigation which established the facts relating to the original theft of the skull and its eventual placing with the French Museum. It took five years to do this. Israel Planstroem was the name of the Swedish guard who, inspired by his desire to have a souvenir of the great man, appropriated the skull. He kept it throughout his life, and it was not until he died that it was sold, and then at auction. In 1751 the skull came into possession of Olaf Celsius, an antiquarian, and in 1821 it came into the hands of the museum, through gift. There it reposed for a century, until the research by Verneau established that it was Descartes' head.

Ban on American Actors Stops Famous Stage Star

LONDON, March 10

A CRISIS in the international relations of the American and English theatres has been caused by the barring of Miss Alden Gay, American actress, from the stage in London. The official act itself was done by the British Ministry of Labor's refusal to permit Miss Gay to open in a play, on the grounds that her engagement was depriving an English actress of employment.

There was considerable annoyance in the United States when stringent laws were passed in England to keep American jazz bands from competing with the native orchestral talent, and now that this tendency has spread to the theatre at large, reprisals are expected in the United States. It is said that the ruling of the British Labor Bureau was inspired by the tremendous success in London of Tallulah Bankhead and other stage stars from the United States.

On the other hand, however, it is pointed out that America welcomed and poured a flood of gold into the hands of Sir Harry Lauder, Beatrice Lillie, Gertrude Lawrence and a great number of other English actors and actresses. In fact, there was a time when English actors were in the majority in plays on Broadway. For a certain type of play, American managers sought English actors, and there were several plays within the past few seasons whose entire casts were English, despite the fact that there were scores of competent American actors out of employment.

In the old days of the variety stage English vaudevillians scored their greatest hits in the United States. It really remained for American audiences to discover Lauder, Laddie Cliff, Vesta Victoria, Vesta Tilley, Marie Lloyd and many other [illegible] English actors and actresses who scored hits in America in the field of legitimate and musical comedy entertainment were far larger than those of Americans who earned their major successes in England. Criticized for their preference for English performers, American managers answered loftily that there were no boundaries in the field of art; that the stage was international, and that citizenship was not a factor in the matter of talent. All this, however, was in the days before the organization of the powerful Actors' Equity Association, which is now taking a hand.

"If England bars American actors and actresses, America will have to bar English stage people," is the ultimatum of a strong faction in the Actors' Equity Association. The barring of Miss Gay has brought the matter to a crisis which may affect the destinies of scores of actors in both countries.

Miss Alden Gay, the Young American Actress, Who Has Been Barred From the English Stage, and Whose Case Has Caused Much Excitement in the Theatrical World.

Why Many Chinese Are Short-Lived

HUNGER is placed even before sex instinct in the life of evolutionary man, so that man's menu is almost as ancient an institution as the record of his life itself. Artichokes, oysters, grapefruit, lobster, eggplant, nectarines are among the items which have appeared on man's menu within the past few hundred years. But long before that, almost as far back as there is record, man drank milk and ate cheese.

Intuitively ancient man must have discovered what modern man knows today scientifically, that milk and cheese, among all other foods, rank exceptionally high in dietetic value. The vitamin content, of course, is not the only factor that confers upon milk and cheese their dietetic value, which was recognized before the discovery of vitamins. The ancients must have known that milk was the best food for children; obviously, since this is the food that nature herself provided for children. But why?

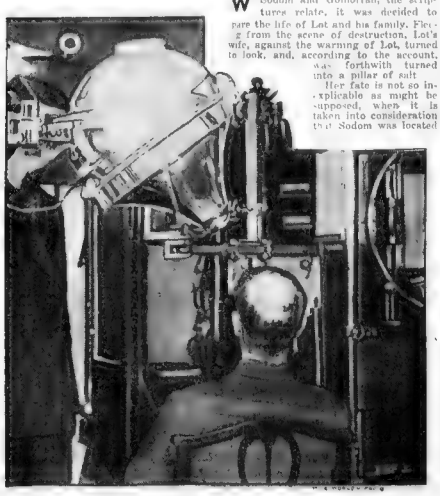
The growing child has a special requirement for calcium and phosphates for the building up of bone. Recent work in the study of that children's disease known as rickets has shown that these elements must be supplied in the diet not only in adequate amounts but also in definite proportions. Most articles of food are poor in calcium; milk is especially rich in calcium and contains calcium and phosphates in the proper proportion.

In the matter of calcium requirements for the average child, it has been established scientifically that seven ounces of cow's milk are the equivalent of fifteen eggs. In addition to its calcium content, milk is rich also in vitamin A and vitamin B, while containing no vitamin C at all. Bread contains very little calcium, nor does white bread contain either vitamin A or B.

It may be said that what bread stands for in the matter of quantity, milk stands for in quality. What is true for milk applies also for its by-products, cheese and butter. Cheese contains the protein casein, of a high dietetic value, in a very concentrated form, together with a certain amount of vitamin B. Butter is rich in vitamin A. Both cheese and butter contain less calcium than milk, but are still richer in calcium than most other articles of diet.

As the calcium requirements for growth become less urgent, so the diet changes from milk to cheese and butter. It has been pointed out by an English dietetic specialist, Dr. Graham Lusk, that "few of those who eat in restaurants realize that the greater quota of nourishment which is brought to them lies not in the specific dish served, but in the bread and butter which is ostensibly presented as a gift."

To Tear Down and Sell the Famous "Lot's Wife" Pillar of Salt



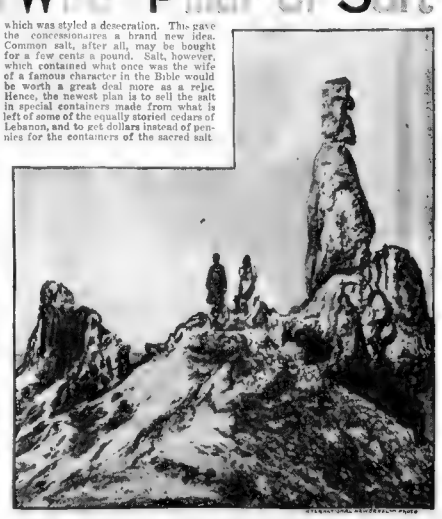
Experimenting on a Victim of Baldness With the Ultra-Violet Rays.

WHEN Jehovah decided to destroy Sodom and Gomorrah, the scriptures relate, it was decided to spare the life of Lot and his family. Fleeing from the scene of destruction, Lot's wife, against the warning of Lot, turned to look, and, according to the account, was forthwith turned into a pillar of salt.

Her fate is not so inexplicable as might be supposed, when it is taken into consideration that Sodom was located on the edge of the Dead Sea, and that the destruction of the city was supposed to have taken place as the result of a great earth disturbance. Salt was an abundant constituent of the rocks around the Dead Sea. An eruption such as that which destroyed the wicked cities might have been accompanied by eruptions of salt slime, which presumably enveloped the good wife as she lingered. Lot, turning and seeing a mound, or pillar of salt where a short time before his wife had been, probably thought that a miraculous change had taken place, and so the incident was reported.

At any rate, near the shores of the Dead Sea stood a pillar of salt which, in later years, was known as "Lot's Wife," and the inhabitants of the Holy Land were convinced that this pillar was really all that remained of Lot's wife. The crystallized Mrs. Lot was pointed out to hundreds of thousands of pilgrims, and her sad fate was used as subject for sermons on the matter of disobedience, and what happens to women who disobey their husbands. But in time the quasi-holy nature of the pillar of salt was overlooked in certain commercial matters which involved concessions to work the Dead Sea deposits. Modern gentlemen with blue prints, machinery and all sorts of scientific devices came along, and before long it was inevitable that Lot's wife, in her traditional salt reincarnation, was doomed.

The concessionaires figured it out that the famous Pillar of Salt, having served so many centuries as an object lesson, was due to be turned into common table salt. It was recently announced that the pillar was to be torn down, crushed into powder form after going through the usual process of refinement, and sold for the salt shakers. There was a chorus of protest from all parts of the world against this move, which was styled a desecration. This gave the concessionaires a brand new idea. Common salt, after all, may be bought for a few cents a pound. Salt, however, which contained what once was the wife of a famous character in the Bible would be worth a great deal more as a relic. Hence, the newest plan is to sell the salt in special containers made from what is left of some of the equally storied cedars of Lebanon, and to get dollars instead of pennies for the containers of the sacred salt.



The Famous Pillar of Salt in Palestine, Which Many Bible Students Believe to Be the Body of Lot's Wife, Miraculously Changed Into Salt Because of Her Curiosity in Looking Back on the Destruction of Sodom and Gomorrah.

Hope At Last For The Bald

ONE of the most persistent plagues of civilized man has been baldness. There have been concocted some thousands of lotions and remedies, and there have been used a great number of variegated treatments to bring back hair to those who have lost it, all with no great effect. Now, for the first time, there seems to be hope for the bald.

The British Medical Supply Association of London has been experimenting of late years with ultra-violet rays for the growth of hair. Some of the experiments have been so successful that there seems no doubt the use of these rays as a treatment for baldness will soon become more or less general.

Scalp troubles are claimed by experts to be the principal cause for the stoppage of hair growth, falling hair and other ailments that result in baldness, but it has also been found that, lacking stimulation, the roots of the hair cease to function properly, and need to be revived into activity. The perfection of a violet-ray device that not only kills germs and remedies surface affections, but penetrates to the hair roots and brings them to life, has been accomplished, according to the medical supply organization.

After the announcement of the development of the apparatus, the inventors had no trouble in mobilizing persons as experimental subjects. The applications for treatment to prove the efficacy of the violet-ray afforded an interesting psychological study. The operators found that bald men were equally as sensitive about their lack of hair as women were about their complexions, and the inventors look forward to as great a demand for the apparatus as there is a demand for beauty parlor appliances. "Men are as vain as women about their looks," they say, "and willing to pay the most exorbitant prices for new hair."

© 1928, by American Weekly, Inc.
Great Britain Rights Reserved.

Should a Minister Tell?

Because the Rev. Mr. Pardue Revealed the Confession of the Pretty Young Bride, Alma Gatlin, the Body of Her Father Was Found, She Was Tried for Murder, With a Series of Dramatic Climaxes and Surprise Ending That Equals Any Scenario Invented in Hollywood

Alma Gatlin, Beauty Prize Winner, Who Confessed to the Murder of Her Father to Rev. Mr. Pardue, the Village Clergyman.

CAST OF CHARACTERS:

The Accused Heroine	Alma Petty Gatlin
The Minister Who Told	Rev Thomas F. Pardue
The Heroine's Murdered Father	Smith T. Petty
Her Mother	Mrs Smith T. Petty
Her Fifteen-Year-Old Brother	Woodrow Wilson Petty
The Sheriff of Rockingham	J. F. Smith
Chief Attorney for the Defence	Powell W. Glidewell
Chief Attorney for the Prosecution	Porter Graves
The Judge	Justice Cameron McRae
Foreman of the Jury	W M. Carter

REEL I.
The Confession.
TITLE.

IS IT THE DUTY OF REV. THOMAS F PARDUE, BAPTIST MINISTER OF REIDSVILLE, N C., TO REVEAL THE MURDER CONFESSION HE HAS HEARD OR TO SEAL HIS LIPS?

IRIS IN FULL SHOT of the minister's study.

He is sitting anxiously considering that problem. He looks over at the empty settee. VISION IN

On the settee, Alma Petty Gatlin, 20 year-old bride of the local fire chief. She is a really pretty girl who a few years ago won a trip to California in a beauty contest and like most such winners, is now in trouble. Mrs. Gatlin, with growing emotion is telling something to the astounded minister. Her eyes become wild, she jumps to her feet, pantomimes picking up some imaginary weapon the size of an axe, steps stealthily forward and brings it down with a vicious blow. SPOKEN TITLE

"and Father moaned 'Alma, why are you killing me?'"

The vision of Alma Gatlin speak this title, pantomimes striking another blow and someone prostrate at her feet and then collapses on the minister's settee. She DISSOLVES OUT, leaving the deeply troubled minister staring at the empty settee. He paces the floor and finally looks out the window at—

FULL SHOT, exterior of the minister's house, a uniformed policeman passing.

CLOSE-UP of Rev. Pardue, seen through window. He registers that he has come to a decision and taps on the glass. FADE OUT

REEL II.
The Exposure.

FADE IN LONG SHOT of the exterior of a house that has been empty since Smith T. Petty disappeared, his wife died and his daughter Alma married the fire chief. The Rev. Pardue walks thoughtfully into foreground of scene and pauses with a start as he sees a car stop in front of the vacant Petty house and Sheriff Robert Smith of Rockingham, with several deputies, carrying picks and shovels, enter the house.

CLOSE UP of Rev. Pardue, again haunted with doubts FADE OUT.

FADE IN exterior of Chief Gatlin's house. His wife Alma, at the window, watching for him to come home. She starts at the sight of—

LONG SHOT of Rev. Pardue coming down the street.

FULL SHOT of cellar of the Petty house. In the half-darkness it can be seen that the deputies have dug a shallow trench in the floor. From this they lift out a man's body. The Sheriff's flash-light reveals the cruel face of Alma's father, Smith Petty. The Sheriff feels of the back of the dead man's skull and utters SPOKEN TITLE—

"Let where the minister said she hit him."

exterior of Gatlin's house. Rev. Pardue, passing, catches Alma's eye, at the window, and quickly averts his eyes, as he hurries on.

CLOSE-UP of Alma's face at window, registering quick, intuitive fear. SPOKEN TITLE—

"He promised never to tell."

As Alma whispers this to herself, she sees—

FULL exterior of Gatlin house. The Sheriff's car stops and his entire party march to the front door. Alma opens it. SPOKEN TITLE—

"I arrest you for the murder of your father, Smith T. Petty."

FADE OUT on the Sheriff saying this to the almost-fainting Alma

Rev. Mr. Pardue, the Minister Who Listened to the Confession, Promised Not to Tell, Then Was Tortured by His Conscience and Revealed Alma's Secret to the Authorities.

REEL III.
The Minister's Story.
TITLE

SIX MONTHS LATER—

FULL SET of the crowded courtroom. Rev. Pardue is telling the story of Alma's alleged confession. SPOKEN TITLE—

"And when I had locked my study door, she confessed it all."

As the minister says this from the witness chair, DISSOLVE INTO his study. Alma sits on the settee as he locks the door and turns to her. SPOKEN TITLE—

"That night I found Father strangling Mother, as he often did when he had been drinking——"

Alma Gatlin, Waiting at the Barred Windows of the Court House to Hear the Jury's Verdict.

As Alma says this DISSOLVE INTO—

FULL SHOT of the dining-room of the Petty house. Mr. Petty, intoxicated, is brutally throwing his half-conscious wife about by the throat as Alma enters unexpectedly. The daughter rushes to her mother's aid, pounding her powerful father with her small fists, until in fury he turns on Alma and beats her. The mother is too weak to help and when the father is through, the girl picks herself up. SPOKEN TITLE—

"I'll get you for this!"

Alma speaks this from the door as she totters out. The big man laughs at the threat. FADE INTO TITLE—

BREAKFAST.

FADE IN—

FULL SHOT of dining room. Mr. Petty sober and sullen, eating alone. Behind him in the kitchen door, watching with a dangerous look, stands Alma. Mr. Petty holds up his empty coffee cup, without looking around. Alma takes the cup into the kitchen and reappears immediately, on tip-toe, with an axe, brandished on high. She brings the blunt end down on the back of her father's head, and, raising it again, watches him slowly fall out of his chair. Alma remains with the axe poised, watching the prostrate figure. His eyes open, he looks up at her and his lips move. As the flashing axe descends again:

DISSOLVE INTO the minister's study. Alma is pantomiming that last blow. She sinks back to the settee, but the minister asks a question. She answers SPOKEN TITLE—

"Oh, I hid the body in a closet."

Alma bursts into hysterical weeping. The attorney for the defence flies at him.

CLOSE-UP of jury box. The twelve men look very stern. FADE OUT.

REEL IV.
Alma's Story.

FADE IN FULL SHOT of court room. All eyes turn as the pretty prisoner takes the stand, pale from six months in jail, but well groomed and confident. Her attorney invites Alma to tell the jury her version of the killing. As she starts to speak, DISSOLVE INTO—

FULL SET of Petty house kitchen. Alma with hat on, ready to leave, stops to dab with a wet rag at some little flecks she sees on her neck. Her father's face, insane with liquor, glares in the door. SPOKEN TITLE—

"You needn't wash your neck, I'm going to cut it off."

Mr. Petty shouts this as he grabs a butcher knife and rushes at her. Alma manages to catch the knife-hand, but the other grasps her throat, giving time for just one scream. This brings in at one door her fifteen-year-old brother, Woodrow Wilson Petty, with an axe in his hand and at the other, her mother. The boy stands paralyzed at the sight, but Mrs. Petty snatches the axe from his hands and strikes her husband on the back of his head. He falls, dragging Alma with him. As he falls, Mrs. Petty strikes him again in the face. Alma gets up slowly, dazed (dazzled, to use her exact word) For a moment the three stare, stunned, at the dead man Then the mother orders the brother and sister to go out and tell nobody As they go, FADE INTO TITLE:

THAT EVENING

FULL SHOT of Mrs. Petty's bedroom. She is in bed with strange, staring eyes. Alma looking in the door, thinks at first that she has taken poison, but the eyes turn toward her. Alma whispers a question. The mother makes a gesture of silence. SPOKEN TITLE—

"I'll never tell where I buried him"

Mrs. Petty speaks this decisively. FADE SLOWLY INTO TITLE—

MRS. PETTY'S DEATH BED

FULL SHOT of small hospital private room, Mrs. Petty dying. Alma enters with a minister (not Mr. Pardue), tells him that her mother has something important to say to him and goes out. Mrs. Petty recognizes the minister, tries to speak and then her eyes close in death.

DISSOLVE BACK to witness chair in court room. Alma finishes her story.

CLOSE-UP of jury. Their faces have softened.

REEL V.
The Fatal Inconsistency.

FADE IN SPOKEN TITLE—

"Now, in your own words, tell the jury about this alleged confession."

SEMI-CLOSE-UP of witness chair. Alma's attorney says this to her and she begins to speak again.

DISSOLVE INTO Rev. Pardue's study. Alma sits on the settee, just as the minister said she did. The sequence that follows is a brief resume of the high spots sub tantially as he related them.

DISSOLVE BACK TO FULL SHOT OF COURT ROOM

Every one is listening breathlessly to the pretty defendant.

CLOSE-UP of the prosecuting attorney registering growing astonishment that she should voluntarily admit all this. His eyes roll toward—

CLOSE-UP of the jury. The twelve faces are growing stern again.

DISSOLVE BACK to the minister's study. Alma is just finishing her confession to him and collapses onto the settee. But Alma's story does not stop here. It goes on and narrates something that the Rev. Pardue did not mention. The minister now suggests that they pray, and the two get down on their knees while the Rev. Pardue raises his eyes in prayer. SPOKEN TITLE—

"I thank Thee for letting me be such a leader among men that a person would have such confidence in me as to tell a horrible thing like this. Oh, God, let me keep the confidence of people."

As the Rev. Pardue utters this in prayer, Alma looks at him anxiously and asks a question to which he replies SPOKEN TITLE—

"I assure you again that your confession shall remain a secret between God and me and shall die with me."

The minister says this on his knees and with the Bible held against his heart. Alma believes him.

DISSOLVE BACK TO PANORAMA of the court room. Most of the spectators are furious at the betrayal of the girl's confidence, but the more thoughtful realize that she has apparently confessed in open court and left the jury no excuse to acquit. The faces of the jury seem to reflect this. FADE OUT on the jury

Mr. Smith Petty, Alma's Father, Who Was Murdered and Buried in the Cellar of His Home.

Mrs. Petty, Alma's Mother, Now Dead, Who Alma Now Declares Committed the Murder.

REEL VI.
The Astonishing Explanation.

FADE INTO SPOKEN TITLE BY JUDGE McRAE—

"But why did you make such a confession, if it was not true?"

SEMI-CLOSE-UP of the witness chair. Alma's attorney asks her that question

CLOSE-UP of the prosecuting attorney, nodding vigorous and triumphant approval as he glances meaningly at the jury. It is just the question he want to ask SPOKEN TITLE

"Mr Pardue preached that if anyone died with a great sin, unconfessed he would burn in Hell, forever"

CLOSE-UP of the witness chair as Alma says this.

DISSOLVE INTO CUT-BACK of Alma bringing the other minister to her mother's deathbed too late

DISSOLVE BACK TO CLOSE-UP of the witness chair. Alma is still testifying SPOKEN TITLE

"I wanted to know if Mother had committed a great sin or if she would be lost But I had promised never to tell about her."

As Alma says this—

DISSOLVE INTO FULL SET of the choir loft of Rev Pardue's church. Alma and the minister are alone in the dimly-lit room. She is [illegible] strangely [illegible] He suddenly rises and [illegible] shakes a finger in her face. SPOKEN TITLE—

"What all this? What do you want to know about the [illegible]?"

CLOSE-UP of the two. As the minister shouts this at her, the girl recoils in astonishment. She does not know how to answer without breaking that promise to her dead mother

DISSOLVE INTO SPOKEN TITLE—

"So I told him I did it and he promised never to tell."

SEMI CLOSE-UP of the witness chair Alma [illegible] saying this, her attitude [illegible] that he is done and turns [illegible] to the prosecution for [illegible] examination

CLOSE-UP of the prosecuting attorney [illegible] impressed and flustered face

FADE OUT.

FADE-IN CLOSE-UP of the jury box The twelve men stand up as the foreman announces the verdict. SPOKEN TITLE—

"NOT GUILTY!"

IRIS OUT.

© 1928, by American Weekly, Inc. Great Britain Rights Reserved

Carving the Hump Out of Mamma's Nose to Resemble Her Son's Cute "Pug"

UNDETERRED by the experience of Fannie Brice, who lost her husband, "Nicky" Arnstein, after she had her nose straightened, Mme. Estelle Gray-Lhevinne, the well-known concert violinist, has just had the hump taken out of her nose.

Arnstein, it will be recalled, left Miss Brice after she had been beautified by the nasal operation because she "didn't seem like the same old Fannie." When the corrigienne obtained her divorce she charged desertion due to the fact that the contour of her face had been changed.

[redacted] nationally acclaimed as a beauty as well as one of the world's greatest women violinists. She did not submit to the nose operation to enchance her beauty, as did Miss Brice, but for a far different and more sentimental reason.

The violinist has a son, Laddie, seven years old, who is not only a child prodigy at the piano, but has been declared a perfect boy physically, and has been used as a model by artists. One of Laddie's most attractive features is his cute little pug nose.

Mme. Gray-Lhevinne, on the other hand, is of the Roman style of beauty. She had a pronounced bump on the bridge of her nose. This was not by any means a disfigurement, but it was so unlike Laddie's little nose that the more Madame compared the two facial organs the more she wanted a nose like Laddie's.

To the surgeons of beauty surgeons, Mme. Gray-Lhevinne did not have to look for what he finally made up her mind to have a nose like her son's. She consulted a well-known Chicago plastic surgeon, but he soon assured Mme. Gray-Lhevinne that the operation was possible, easy and simple. All that were needed were the exact measurements of Laddie's nose and the presence of the boy himself at a model. So micrometer measurements of the boy's nose were taken and he was brought on to Chicago from his California home to sit as a model while his mother's face was recast.

Mme. Estelle Gray-Lhevinne, as She Appeared Before the Operation, Her Nose Being a Decided Grecian Type.

Mme. Gray-Lhevinne's Nose, Without the Hump, as It Appeared After the Operation.

Laddie Gray-Lhevinne, Whose Cute Little Pug Nose Was Copied by His Mother.

Before the operation was performed, the violinist said:

"In the Scotch-Irish folklore of my son's ancestors, it was considered a lucky omen for any boy to look like his mother. But I regard it as even more fortunate and a great blessing as well for any mother to be able to look like her son. Since this happiness was denied me, I have set about on my own initiative to even the score and remissions of both birth and nature, molding myself in my son's image instead of him in mine."

After micrometer measurements of both noses had been made, Laddie was placed on the model's stool where he sat patiently while the surgeon removed the hump from the mother's nose. Now, both noses are exactly alike, adding greatly to the mother's happiness.

Laddie expresses himself as well pleased with his mother's new nose.

Laddie is a remarkable boy in more [redacted]

When he was only one year old, Laddie won a prize for physical perfection. At the age of three he won a nation-wide beauty contest for boys. Before he was four, he showed marked musical talents, and at four and one half gave his first public piano recital, playing numbers by Bach, Mozart and Schumann.

Magazines at this time were printing photographs of him showing his bodily perfection. Last Spring, not yet six years old, he was presented at the Civic Auditorium in San Francisco, by the Pacific Musical Society, and won over an audience of many hundreds. Since then he has appeared a number of times at the Pacific Musical Society entertainments, each time giving a different program of masterpieces for the piano, by Mozart, Bach, Beethoven, Grieg, Tschaikowsky and a Chopin Polonaise. His repertory includes many of the larger works, although his baby hand can only reach five notes on the piano.

Last Spring, too, he was presented at musical entertainments by six Eastern universities. He is permitted to leave home only six weeks of the year, the rest of the time being devoted to his education and his health.

Laddie does all his piano practicing with his pet rabbit, an old buck, three years older than Laddie, on the piano stool beside him.

Italy's First Air Collision Brings Law Against Stunt Flying Over Cities

ROME, March 8.

KING AMANULLAH of Afghanistan was visiting Rome, and as part of the official welcome there were airplane maneuvers. Two Italian aviators performed spectacular stunts and were cheered by the crowds below.

Then, suddenly, they met head-on in a collision. One of the planes crashed to the street below, killing the pilot and injuring several people. The other nose-dived into the roof of a house, and again was the crash [redacted] remained unable to leave. The pilot of this plane was also killed.

This tragedy served to bring to a head a problem which had been under discussion for some time by the civil authorities of Rome—the matter of regulating air traffic. At last the thing had happened which many people of Rome had foreseen—airplanes traveling over the city had collided with results fatal to the pilots and injurious to innocent bystanders below.

There had been under discussion a law which would provide that no air machine must fly over the city at a height less than one thousand feet. However, these two planes had been considerably over that distance in the air, and yet the accident occurred. It became apparent that the matter of height was not the only consideration to be involved in the drafting of an adequate traffic law for planes. If controls break or wings collapse, it makes no difference how high up a machine may be in the air. When they fall they are likely to fall like meteors. It was suggested that the only safe rule for the protection of citizens was to forbid airplanes to fly over cities, no matter at what height.

This, of course, was found to be too stringent a ruling. Such a law would interfere with the airplane transports which are now assuming the proportions of a major industry in Europe. Forcing the passenger planes to detour whenever they came to a city would seriously impair traveling schedules. In the matter of regulations concerning height of flight over cities, it is regarded as almost impossible to enforce, especially until such time as municipalities employ airplane police. Since the growth of aerial mail and transport systems, scores of planes fly over cities at night as well as by day. In many European as well as American cities, during outdoor events, such as ball games, fairs, circuses and carnivals, it has been the practice of aviators to fly over the grounds, circling above the massed spectators below, imperilling many lives in case of an accident which might send the plane crashing to the ground.

In such a case, and in the case of skywriters and other stunt flyers, legislation can be immediately effective. The plan in Rome now is to introduce stringent laws forbidding any over-city flights which are of an advertising or "stunt" nature. From that point on, legislation will have to proceed as it did in the matter of automobile traffic. When motor car use became so general as to create a traffic problem, one-way streets were introduced to reduce the chances of accidents. Something of the sort will have to be done with air traffic. It is predicted by experts in aerial travel that in a very few years the skies will be clouded by hundreds of fliers. Long before that time arrives laws will have to be established which will minimize the chances of accidents which may prove fatal to the people below.

Such laws will undoubtedly include a more rigid inspection of planes, perhaps a compulsory inspection of every plane shortly before it flies over a city. The matter of licenses for pilots will be more carefully regulated. Just as it is a serious infraction of automobile traffic laws to drive a car while intoxicated, so in the case of air travel intoxication will undoubtedly be the cause of taking away the license of any offending pilots. The point of view taken by legislators must be that no parachute can ever be invented which will protect pedestrians when an airplane comes hurtling to a crowded city street.

Wreck of a Stunting Airplane, Nosed Into the Tile Roof of a Roman House, Following a Collision in Mid-air With Another Plane. The Pilot Was Killed.

Beauty Treatments for Dogs Are More Costly Than for Women

NEW YORK now boasts an unusual beauty parlor, an establishment which confines its ministrations to lower animals, catering particularly to dogs and cats. And it is an interesting fact that beauty treatments for Fido and Fabby are more expensive than they would be for their mistress.

Miss Sheila Hunt, one of the proprietresses of the unique establishment, explains this by saying:

"The reason for this is that the average dog or cat does not view beauty culture in a reasonable way, as do the women. The animals make more fuss over it, and for that reason we have to charge higher rates."

A shampoo for a dog costs $4.00; manicure, $3.00; violet ray treatment, $10.00; reducing treatment, $5.00, and permanent wave, $15.00. The latter device is much in demand by owners of Pomeranians, who not only buy their pets weekly shampoos, but have their glossy long hair beautifully marcelled. Some have gone so far as to purchase boyish bobs for their animals. Several Pekinese have been bobbed at Miss Hunt's shop.

One of the most interesting of the devices in the shop is a little treadmill, which is used for reducing obese lap-dogs. The weeping animals, overfed with candies and other rich foods, are placed on this treadmill, and given half an hour's workout per day as part of a reduction treatment. They are also given steam baths, a treatment which the dogs invariably object to, but which accomplishes results.

Fancy haircuts are given to French poodles, and mistresses of dogs have been known to ask for—and get—hair dyes for their pets. It is becoming fashionable for house dogs in some of the more recherche homes to match the general color scheme supplied by the interior decorators, and where nature has been unable to give the proper hue, the animal beauty shop does the trick.

The shop is exceedingly prosperous, indicating the ever-growing class of people—mostly women, of course—who take their pets seriously. Never in the history of civilization has the dog been given such care and attention as today. In Europe it is no uncommon thing for women to take their dogs with them in the increasing air traffic between London and Paris and on the trans-Atlantic liners there are usually from a dozen to a score of pedigreed dog passengers.

The modern liner carries a veterinary surgeon as well as a physician. There are sanitary and modernly equipped kennels, and attendants to see that the dogs are as well cared for aboard ship as they are on land. Every precaution is taken to protect their health, for some of the dogs are worth considerable sums of money.

The most recent move made along these lines was to provide life preservers for dogs. Every owner of a dog is provided with a specially constructed life preserver, similar to those used by the human passengers, but smaller, and the dog-owners are instructed in the manner in which the life preservers are then fastened on the dogs.

Miss Sheila Hunt, One of the Proprietors of the Dog Beauty Parlor, Drying the Hair of a Pekinese After a Shampoo.

Misses Diana and Sheila Hunt Giving a Chow Pup a Hair Trim.

Using Ice to Salvage Ships

THE newest development in modern salvage work is the invention of a German, W. Kinwull of Berlin. He ingeniously employs ice as a coating for the holed or damaged ship, thereby rendering the vessel watertight and capable of being pumped out.

This is done by direct cooling in the form of refrigeration of the steel or iron shell of the ship. The refrigeration plant is sunk to the point of operations by means of cables, and is supplied with the cooling liquid, a combination of CO2 and brine, by pipe lines from above water. From the refrigerating plant extend flexible pipes, which are placed over the aperture to be sealed. The metal being cooled, the sheet of ice adheres firmly to the hull plates.

The Kinwull system of salvage has been successfully tried out by the British Admiralty, to whom the problem of salvage has always been a considerable one. Scores of vessels are sunk in the waters around the British Isles. Fishermen are constantly complaining of the damage their trawls and gear sustain through the numerous obstructions that bestrew every fishing ground. Under many of these wrecks lie telegraph cables, and many breaks and faults occur which can be traced directly to crushing and obstruction by wrecks.

As many of these wrecked vessels and their cargoes are of considerable value, a large amount of ship salvage has been done in the past ten years, and it is an interesting fact that although Germany possesses the latest and best diving apparatus, British firms are recognized as the world's salvage experts, and in many cases they carry out the work with great success. For some years engineers have been at work on new methods of ship salvaging, but it remained for the German inventor to design what promises to be the most effective of all systems—the use of ice to seal the battered wrecks.

© 1928, by Associated Weekly, Inc. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

Why Conditions On Mercury Make It Impossible For Life To Exist

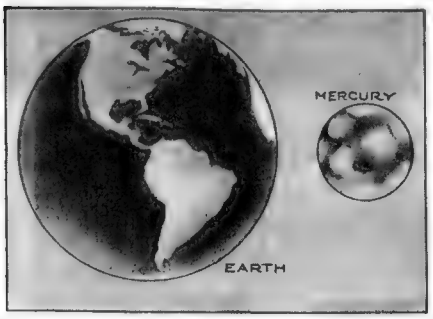


Diagram Drawn to Scale and Showing the Comparative Dimensions of the Earth and the Planet Mercury. Drawn by Prof. Rudaux.

Professor Rudaux, the Distinguished French Astronomer, Explains How His Observations of This Interesting Planet Reveal High Mountains and Torrid Deserts, and While One Half Is Swept by Violent Wind Storms of Frightful Heat, the Other Side Is in Perpetual Cold and Darkness

The Irregular Line of the Shadow Boundary of Mercury, Caused by Irregularities on Its Surface.—From Sketch by Professor Rudaux.

By Professor Lucien Rudaux,
Of the Donville, France, Astronomical Observatory.

DONVILLE, France, March 10

WHEN astronomers study the planets of the solar system they are interested, first of all, in discovering how closely these other worlds resemble our own, and, secondly, whether it would be possible for life to exist on them. Such researches require an enormous expenditure of patience and time before their results can be considered seriously.

Among the planets Mercury is the one nearest the sun and also the one about which least is known. It is situated in such a way as to render its observation very difficult. Its extremely rapid motion limits the period during which it can be clearly seen to a few days. The following facts will serve to illustrate these remarks.

Mercury is at an average distance of only 36,000,000 miles from the sun. Consequently it moves in a comparatively small orbit. If this orbit were ring-shaped, the planet could be observed in its entire progress around the sun. Such, however, is not the case. By a trick of perspective, the circle, or orbit, seen obliquely, appears to our eyes as an [illegible] the sun. Mercury seems to be a sort of seesaw, and the planet appears to pass alternately from one side to the other of the sun.

In pursuing this motion, Mercury exhibits successive phases similar to the full, half and quarter phases of the moon. These depend upon its changing position as seen from the earth. At the same time it is turning on its axis in such a way as to keep one side always facing the sun. The accompanying diagram will explain these facts better than words.

Since it is near the sun, Mercury is usually lost from view in the sun's radiance. The difficulty of observing it is, therefore, great. It can never be seen by the naked eye except when farthest from the central luminary; in the west a short time before sunset, and in the east a little before sunrise. As it moves very rapidly, completing its orbit in 88 days (figured in conjunction with the orbit of the earth) it only remains far enough away from the sun to be seen for a short time before once again disappearing.

This constitutes the first serious obstacle to regular observations. Weather conditions must next be considered. The observations, already brief, are often further curtailed by clouds or the presence of mist in the vicinity of the horizon where the planet appears. Whoever wants to observe Mercury must have the patience of a soldier on watch.

There is still another obstacle. The diagram illustrating the phases of Mercury shows that when the planet is nearest the earth it appears in the form of a crescent, that is to say, we only perceive a small part of the illuminated portion. Only when it is farthest from the earth is it sufficiently illuminated to enable us to distinguish all the details of its surface. But then as a result of extreme remoteness its dimensions appear so reduced that most of the details cannot be made out. Consequently the planet has to be studied with the largest and most powerful telescopes.

But fogs and disturbances of the air, which are most exaggerated in the neighborhood of the horizon, blur the image as seen in the telescope. It is true that these instruments permit Mercury to be distinguished in broad daylight, but the air has to be of a peculiar transparency without being too bright, in which case, seeking the planet in the neighborhood of the sun, the eye of the observer becomes dazzled.

If we seem to have harped on these vicissitudes it was only to show the difficulty of any consistent study of Mercury. The reader will understand how this planet, which gives up its secrets so reluctantly, has been somewhat neglected by the majority of observers. Our knowledge of it is as yet quite incomplete. After describing its motion and stating its size and position in the solar system, most astronomy books seek refuge in vague and often contradictory remarks. Compared to the earth, Mercury is a very small planet. It is only 3,000 miles in diameter, its volume being thus only equal to a twentieth part of the earth's volume. This is not the only difference between the two worlds, as we shall soon see.

Until the end of the last century, it was generally believed that Mercury and the earth turned on their axes in practically the same time. Then, after a series of observations undertaken between the years 1881 and 1889, the eminent Italian astronomer, Schiaparelli, announced that, instead of turning on its axis in 24 hours, Mercury accomplishes this movement much more slowly. Its rotation, he declared, is completed in the same time as its orbit, i. e. 88 days. The consequence of this fact is that Mercury must always present the same side of its disc to the sun.

It is impossible to tell why the discoveries of the Italian scholar were not accepted so readily. Some astronomers even discarded his conclusions altogether, continuing to maintain that Mercury must rotate rapidly. The cause of discord is perhaps to be found among the difficulties of making exact observations. In fact, the problem has come down to the present without final solution.

Because of the great interest attached to it, the study of Mercury has been pursued at my observatory for many years. To begin with, it seemed advisable, because of their forced infrequency, to extend the observations over a long period. It would then be possible to assert that a phenomenon which appeared periodically unchanged was a permanent fact. Furthermore, observations at long intervals would enable the observer to distinguish transient phenomena from those of a fixed character. Such a distinction could not be made as a result of many observations within a short space of time.

In furtherance of this program, the observations begun in 1893 were continued until 1927. They have resulted in a number of incontrovertible conclusions.

The discoveries of Schiaparelli, which are admitted by some and denied by others, were found to be correct. Mercury only presents one side of its sphere to the sun. We will appreciate the important consequences of this fact further on. On its illuminated side—which is the only one we will ever see—details appear which can only be discerned in a general fashion. There has been, and still is, a great deal of contradictory information about these details.

Schiaparelli maintained that the shadows [illegible] of the projected [illegible] geographic features of the surface, that they are very difficult to discern and change their aspect. Many observers since then have discerned the markings partially, others have been unable to make them out at all.

My observations have borne out Schiaparelli's conclusions. Variations actually do occur. Sometimes the markings are very apparent, sometimes they are nearly invisible, or partially masked. These variations do not result from the nature of the markings themselves, but rather from some external influence, which, veiling them, makes them disappear for a time. We are warranted, therefore, in supposing that the influential phenomena are situated in an atmosphere environing the planet, and in likening them provisionally to clouds of vapor or of dust.

The appearance of the markings is the same each time they can definitely be made out. Their permanence is thus assured. This amounts to saying that they represent variations on the surface of the planet. Generally speaking, the surface is of a yellowish color, marked with very bright or white regions. It is difficult to give the exact shade of the darker, grayish, portions.

The map reproduced here is based upon my observations. It shows in a general fashion the appearance of the one side of Mercury that we can see. If this may be compared with the map of the earth, it will immediately be noted that the geographical features of the two globes are entirely different.

To an observer looking at the earth from a great distance the oceans would appear darker than the continents and the great islands. If the same conditions obtained on Mercury, i. e., if the darker portions represented oceans, it would mean that there was very little water on Mercury as compared with that on the earth. Oceans occupy more than three-fourths of the surface of our world, while on Mercury, the dark portions have a total [illegible] less than that of the light. Hence the darker portions of the surface [illegible] may need not represent water. It is upon the brightest portions [illegible] most obtain on a planet so close to the sun, the evaporation of water would be such that the atmosphere would be constantly clouded. Thus the details of the surface would nearly always be hidden from view. This does not mean that the planet is absolutely without water, but rather that water must be very scarce there just as it is in terrestrial deserts.

My observations seem to lead to the belief that the general character of the surface of Mercury is similar to that of [illegible]

[illegible] new methods of investigation will allow the visible details of the planet to be distinguished with more accuracy, the whole matter will take a great pace forward.

In the meantime, if all the facts proceeding from the appearances that I have observed be assembled, it will be found necessary to consider Mercury as more like the moon than the earth. Its path is [illegible] in part, on the fact that the edge of the moon when seen by the unaided eye (appearing then smaller and more blurred than through a telescope) is remarkably like the general appearance of Mercury; the details of the surface, too far away to be made out distinctly, are fused into an appearance of broad masses.

Consequently, it is quite likely that, as in the case of the moon, the darker regions of Mercury represent vast plains [illegible] of a different sort than that of the bright regions.

There is another respect in which the moon and Mercury resemble each other. The sun's light strikes celestial globes so as to illuminate part of them. The conditions under which we see them make the illuminated portions appear of various shapes. Thus we speak of the moon as being full, or half, or quarter. Astronomy calls these various degrees of illumination "phases." The half moon is one phase, the quarter moon another phase, and the full moon still another.

In each case, part of the globe appears bright and the rest dark. Where the light portion and the dark portion come together the eye perceives a line. This line, in the case of a perfectly round and smooth globe, would not be uneven; however, if the surface of the globe happened to be broken or hilly, we would perceive the line as more or less uneven, according as the irregularities of the surface were more or less pronounced. Now, [illegible] Mercury and the moon have peaks, and [illegible] of both, the line separating the illuminated and unilluminated portions appears very uneven.

Consequently, after a number of observations, I concluded that the surface of Mercury was very irregular, offering differences of level between the plains and mountainous regions, of about 9,840 to 13,120 feet.

In recapitulation, the planet Mercury seems to be essentially different from our world. Upon those regions of the former which are constantly exposed to the sun's rays the heat must be frightful. As a result of its proximity to the sun (taking into consideration the variations in its distance from the central luminary) the temperature of the illuminated portion of Mercury is about seven to ten times higher than that of the earth. The American astronomers, Pettit and Nicholson, of the Mount Wilson Observatory, have estimated that the temperature of Mercury's soil must be about 400 degrees Centigrade.

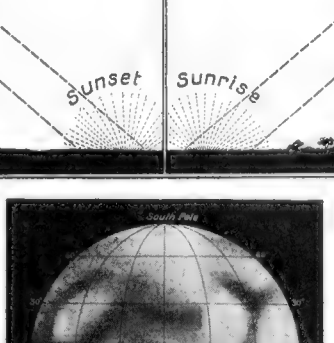
Basing our reasoning on the conditions of organic life on the earth and on the facts that have been gleaned from my observations, it is hardly possible to think of Mercury otherwise than as a world made up principally of torrid deserts, where violent wind storms occur, caused by the interchange of air between that part of the planet that is in perpetual cold and darkness and the baking regions on which the sun's rays are always falling.

Without any doubt, life, as we know it, could never exist on Mercury

Diagrammatic Explanation of the Phases of the Planet Mercury. The Planet, Half Illuminated by the Sun, Is Seen Variously According to the Position It Occupies With Regard to the Earth in Its Movement Around the Sun. Its Orbit Is Represented Here in Perspective. In A, Mercury, in a Position Beyond the Sun, Is Very Far Away From the Earth; in B, It Has Come Nearer to Us and Now Is at Its Furthest Remove From the Sun. These Positions and Phases of the Planet Are Those Which Are Visible in the Evening After the Setting of the Sun. On the Other Side of the Orbit, C^1, B^1 and A^1 Represent Those Phases of Inverse Order and Aspect When Mercury Is Visible Just Before Sunrise. Drawn by Professor Rudaux.

Diagram Showing How Mercury Can Only Be Seen by the Naked Eye in the West a Short Time After Sunset, and in the East a Little Before Sunrise on Account of Its Being the Nearest Planet to the Sun.

Diagram Drawn by Prof. Rudaux.



General Chart of the Visible Part of Mercury, From Drawing by Professor Rudaux, at the Donville Observatory.

© Publ. by American Weekly Inc. Great Britain Rights Reserved

Send 10c for this marvelous new Armand Beauty Treatment—with four essential preparations—designed for your modern, active life

IT IS Armand's belief that face powder, like costumes, should suit the life of the times. Yet today there is but one face powder that meets perfectly the modern, vigorous conditions of living. Only Armand Cold Cream Powder will stay on for hours at a time. Only Armand Cold Cream Powder need not be renewed through mornings, afternoons or evenings of activity. It is a smooth, natural face powder that keeps your complexion as delicate as the petals of a rose.

No matter what kind of skin you have—here is the way to keep it fresh and clear. It takes only ten minutes of your day.

Armand has perfected an entire beauty treatment designed for your busy life. It contains four essential preparations: (1) Armand Cold Cream Powder, this modern complexion powder that really stays on. (2) Armand Eau de Cologne Cleansing Cream, for cleansing only. It is a smooth cream consisting of penetrating cleansing oils. It liquefies the moment it touches your skin. (3) Armand Foundation Creme, the perfect powder base. After a single week of use of this marvelous new cream you will notice a fine quality coming into the texture of your skin. (4) Armand Lip and Cheek Rouge, the surprise in rouges! With a tiny touch of cream you can spread it on evenly and it will last all day.

In this trial package you will also receive the authoritative talk on beauty, "Give Your Complexion Ten Minutes of Your Day," which describes the treatment for every kind of skin. If your skin is clear and fresh, it helps you to keep it so. If your skin is inclined to be sallow and dry, there is a treatment here for it.

The results of this new beauty treatment are remarkable. Certainly you will want to get your generous trial package before the supply is exhausted. And they are going fast. Never before have we been able to offer such an important Beauty Treatment for such a small amount of money. Send us the coupon and ten cents. Armand, Des Moines. In Canada, Armand Ltd., St. Thomas, Ontario.

Armand Cold Cream Powder

ARMAND, 134 Des Moines Street, Des Moines, Iowa.
I enclose ten cents (stamps or coin) for which please send me the new Armand Ten-Minute Beauty Treatment.

Name _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____

If you live in Canada send coupon to Armand Ltd., St. Thomas, Ontario

Always in the pink and white hat box at $1.

Where the Famous "Follies" Beauties Come From

Miss Paula Pierce, Who Dropped Her Flapjack Flipper at a Cheap New York Restaurant, the Newest Recruit, From the Long Lines of Stenographers, Waitresses, Shop Girls and Dress Models

The Famous "Dolores," Who Graduated From Lady Duff-Gordon's Dressmaking Establishment to the "Follies," and Who Was Called "The Best Clothes-Horse in the World."

Miss Paula Pierce, Who Was Discovered Tossing Flapjacks in the Window of a Downtown New York Restaurant and Was Promoted to a Place in the "Follies."

Miss Gladys Glad, Who Decided She Was Too Decorative to Continue Life as a Stenographer.

Miss Lily Skeels, a Bargain Counter Shop Girl, Who Took on the Name of Prudence Wise and Became a "Follies" Beauty.

Miss Polly Nally, the Brooklyn Stenographer, Who Put Away Her Notebook and Typewriter and Joined the "Follies."

THEY find pearls in oysters, diamonds in clay, ambergris in whales—but where do they dig up the unfailing supply of precious beauties for the "Follies"?

This question arose recently when a wide-awake newspaper reporter discovered one of these jewels in the rough, tossing flapjacks in the window of a low-priced restaurant, near where newspapers are published in lower New York.

The reporter noted the girl's pretty face, her shapely arm and the grace with which she deftly flipped the cakes from the hot griddle onto a plate.

"There," he thought, "is as pretty a girl as you will find on any stage. Why is she working with her hands down here instead of throwing her feet, about 100 blocks further up Broadway? It must be that she lacks charm, personality or she is dumb. Probably she's a cold, stone Venus."

Thereupon, as women so often do when a man thinks something personal about them, she looked right at him through the glass. She paused, with the flapjack flipper poised in her hand and gave him a smile. That smile was a pretty good answer to his unspoken thought. It revealed two neat rows of white teeth, lighted up her face and gave her eyes that merry, roguish look that makes a man desire to have a woman all to himself across a supper table and sometimes even a breakfast table.

She was a 100 per cent beauty as far as he could see, but he could see only as far as her hips because the griddle concealed the rest. The reporter reasoned that she must have "frog's legs" or something. He went in, sat at the first table and called for flapjacks which the waitress translated into a shouted order:

"Plata wheta!"

The Venus at the griddle picked up her pitcher and poured a small puddle of batter on the hot metal. She did not have frog's legs nor piano legs, but straight, slender and very presentable legs, the kind that have an agreeable kick in them.

On the way out the reporter spoke to Mr. Kingman, the manager, and learned that the bay window cook's name was Miss Reeves. It later developed that she was really Miss Paula Pierce, of Montreal, who had been "tossing 'em" for six weeks.

The newspaperman went uptown and told the "Follies" management what he had seen. The management was skeptical but promised to send an expert to look into it. The expert did look into it, first with his nose flattened against the glass, with the rest of the street audience and then joined the paid admissions within.

On departing he spoke to Paula who looked stunned and then showed her agitation by pouring out an oversized wheat cake—a heinous offense. But the horrified manager, rushing up, did not even scold Paula when she told him that she had been invited to call at the New Amsterdam Theatre, home of the "Follies."

Miss Pierce got a job and is to be seen in the chorus of the show, but not from the sidewalk nor for anything like the price of a plate of whesta. As a "griddle girl," she drew about $25 a week and no tips. As a beginner in the chorus she would be entitled to a minimum of twice that, with possibilities of tips ranging from orchids to limousines. It is rumored that she is receiving nearer $100 which would indicate that Paula has made a nice little hit.

One thing that helped her is her absence of stage-fright. What is an audience out in front when you are used to one front and rear, and what are dance steps compared with the dread of pouring out a few more calories than a customer is entitled to?

Paula arrived, hot off the griddle, but whence come the others? They come from most every walk of life and do not need, like a President, to be born on a farm. Some achieve their objective by careful preparation and others have it thrust on them. Very few do not choose to run, if they get the chance

Thelma Todd was literally "fired" into it. Readers of this weekly will remember how that pretty, little 15-year-old daughter of an ex-alderman of Lawrence, Mass., was sent home in tears, after just one day at her first job in a five-and-ten-cent store. She was so pretty that all the customers stood and gaped at her, forgetting to buy anything. They dismissed Thelma from two other positions for the same reason. But the very thing that made her an impossible salesgirl qualified the little beauty for the "Follies" and there she arrived.

Occasionally winning a beauty contest gets a girl the coveted honor, though more often it only brings her a swelled head and a lot of misfortune. Gladys Glad arrived as the ultimate fruit of carrying off the palm in a Bronx contest. Everyone wonders what her real name is; but that's it. Her father's name is Glad and her mother's Gladys. Strangest of all, she still keeps house for him and scorning limousines, travels home from Broadway in a Bronx express.

Perhaps the most prolific source is the big cloak and suit manufacturers who are involuntary scouts for the "Follies." They have to find beauties who can display their garments to the out-of-town buyers. Unfortunately the girl who can "wear clothes" effectively is usually even more effective without quite so many. And so Madeleine Sheldon, Hazel Forbes, and many others, after parading as mannequins before the buyers in the wholesale dress houses, paraded before them again across the footlights

The career of Dolores, who, with Jessie Reed, is probably the most famous "Follies" girl of all, was as strange as anything in fiction. When she was quite a young girl in England she became apprenticed to the exclusive dressmaking establishment of Lady Duff-Gordon, and when that establishment invaded New York, came with it as a mannequin, dropping her real name of Kathleen Mary Rose and becoming, so far as almost anyone ever knew, just Dolores.

The two other mannequins imported by Lady Duff-Gordon, Hebe and Phyllis, married millionaires, but Dolores remained heart free, even after she joined the "Midnight Frolics," and became known as the world's loveliest show girl. Dolores was the most effective show girl they ever had, the "Follies" management said a few years ago "The most perfect clothes-horse in the world," Lady Duff-Gordon called her.

The great mystery about Dolores was not only in her name, but in her personality. Her stately, regal manner clung to her off stage as well as on. She was the epitome of the impersonal, never offering the least information about herself and never seeking information about others. To put it bluntly, the mystery was: Is Dolores high-brow, deep or just dumb? Nobody seemed to know the answer.

Eventually she left the stage and sailed for France. There she disappeared from the sight of the gay crowd. When next heard of she had married Tudor Wilkinson, an expatriate St. Louis millionaire, and after that, even, it was some time before she was discovered that she was living a quiet life with him in a secluded mansion on the Ile de St. Louis, a small, exclusive island in the Seine

Jessie Reed, one of the most celebrated of them all, first punched crackers in a Texas factory where she was discovered and married by a vaudeville actor who brought her to Broadway, lost her to the "Follies" and then to her second husband, the late Dan Carwell.

Miss Pierce was the flap-jack girl of the downtown griddle is by no means the first to graduate from a restaurant. Kathleen Rasche got herself a job as waitress in a restaurant right next door to the New Amsterdam, hoping that propinquity would get her something. It did. The beauty experts seeing pretty face and figure carrying trays about with a carefully studied show girl walk, decided to give her a chance. She did not like the life though and surprised everyone by going back to her waitress job. She said it was her career, and so it was, for she was soon promoted to wife of the owner of a chain of restaurants

Joan Gordon who married the chum of the man who married her chum, Helen Morgan, was a stage-struck waitress in a Seattle tea room. One day she found she was waiting on Ina Claire, the comedienne and dropped her tray with a crash. When the actress settled down in her chair again, she took notice of the girl who had startled her and the result of that notice was the "Follies" into which she may be said to have crashed

Helen Morgan was a Montreal stenographer who came all the way to Atlantic City to win a beauty contest and step from that to the "Follies." The New York night club named after her was the scene recently of that mysterious raid by Maurice Campbell and his curiously vindictive prohibition raiders who chopped up the mahogany bar, smashed the glassware and tore costly lace curtains and tapestries to ribbons. Broadway is waiting with interest to hear Mr. Campbell, who himself was once a theatrical manager, explain his motive in court.

Polly Nally was a Brooklyn stenographer, but appraises herself as too decorative for anything but a "Follies" girl. She went to the New Amsterdam, saw the manager and went right to the point with the announcement that she wanted to be in the show. Then she almost stunned him by demanding:

"When do I start?"

He automatically gave the first command:

"When casting—take off your hat."

When Polly's hat came off, her blonde hair tumbled down to her knees and she was hired on the spot for the "Follies." She naively asked the manager to telephone her mother so she would believe that Polly was really hired. He did so and the mother replied:

"All right, but don't you dare undress my girl in your show!"

He didn't—entirely

Doris Lloyd was a high school girl who was "fired" into the "Follies." As punishment for some sort of exuberance, the principal made her stand up on the platform and recite, "Hark, hark, the lark," to the whole school. Doris managed to put so much mock heroics and burlesque gestures into it, that the school roared and the enraged principal sent her home. She stayed home until the truant officer was sent for her. Polly said

"Tell that overpaid and underworked principal that I am going on the stage."

She had just that moment seen an advertisement:

"Girls wanted for the Gertrude Hoffman dances."

She joined that troupe and then went into a Ben Ali Haggin tableau in which she met Marion Benda, who had been a newspaper reporter. From this both Marion and Doris graduated into the "Follies." Flo Kennedy, a future "Follies" girl, took the place of Doris. Flo met and nearly married the Russian Prince Troubetzkoy.

Howard Chandler Christy's studio has been a generous feeder of the "Follies." Lois Wild and Dorothy Knapp were winners of beauty prizes at Atlantic City which qualified them as models for his paintings and from that eminence they climbed onto the "Follies" stage. This was also the history of Ruth Patterson, who was a typist before she was "Miss Greater New York" at Atlantic City.

Eunice Holmes worked her way in, taking singing lessons in St. Louis until she was [illegible] enough for the local opera company. [illegible] away with a road company of "No, No, Nanette" and [illegible] Broadway.

Mary Adair, a teacher, stepped from Miss Baltimore in a beauty pageant to Miss Adair. Ada Vidi arrived somewhat unexpectedly, through matrimony. She was a concert singer who somehow lost her voice. Fat, fortunately, not her figure, in an unhappy marriage and joined the "Follies" until such time as divorce brings back her voice.

Marcella Miller was a cigarette girl in the Knickerbocker Grill. Lilly Skeels was at the ribbon counter of Selfridge's department store in London. In one jump she became Prudent Wise of the "London Midnight Follies."

They come from anywhere and everywhere, but there is never too many of these beauties, for they are gobbled up by matrimony and movies almost as fast as they are found.

© 1928, by American Weekly, Inc. Great Britain Rights Reserved

Budweiser

Real Quality Malt Syrup

Constant Control

from raw materials to finished product by

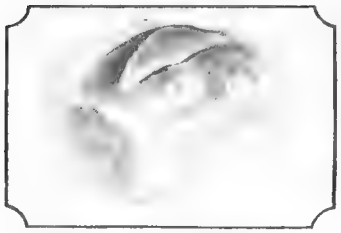
America's Foremost Maltsters

Anheuser-Busch is one of the very, very few malt syrup manufacturers who maintain absolute control of quality from raw materials to finished product.

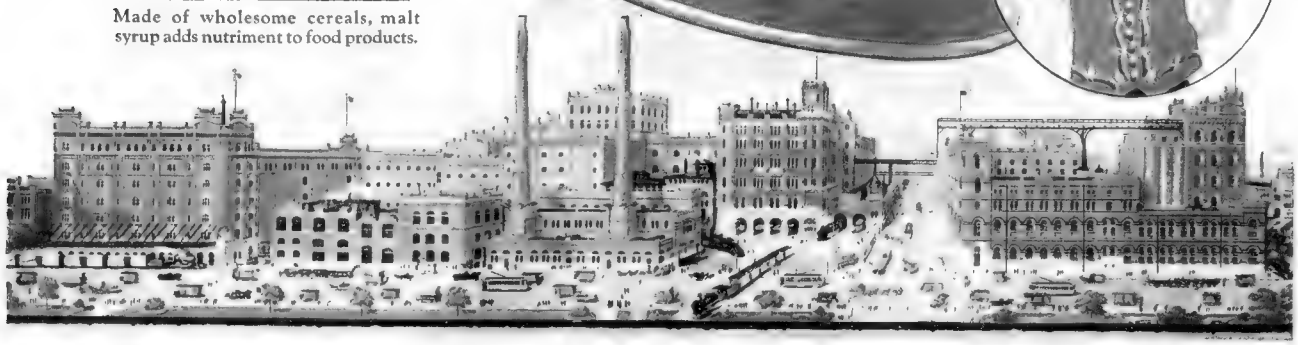
All malting is done in our own huge malt houses right here in St. Louis—the cleaning is done here—the sorting, grading and blending of the natural barley grains. The cans are filled and labeled in the Anheuser-Busch plants at St. Louis—and every can is sold under our own name and label.

Remember this the next time you buy malt syrup! For no manufacturer who uses partially processed materials can guarantee the quality and uniformity of his finished product.

Budweiser Malt Syrup is sold by grocers, delicatessens and neighborhood dealers everywhere.



Made of wholesome cereals, malt syrup adds nutriment to food products.



When in St. Louis, visit the Home of Budweiser Malt Syrup ~ ~ covers 70 City Blocks

ANHEUSER-BUSCH

SAINT LOUIS

How the Duke of Torlonia Lost His Ha[illegible] W[illegible]

Cascade and Basin in the Grounds of the Villa Torlonia.

The Duchess of Torlonia, Who Was Elsie Moore, of New York and Connecticut.

Western Stairway to the Villa Torlonia, Near Rome, Italy, the Ancestral Country Seat of the Duke of Torlonia—A Little Seedy, Moss Grown and Shabby When the Duke Married His American Heiress Bride.

Didn't Appreciate the Goose That Was Laying the Golden Eggs Which Paid the Bills at His Ancestral Palaces in Italy Until His Conduct Drove Her to a Divorce

IF an American girl marries an Italian nobleman, as Elsie Moore, of New York, and Greenwich, Conn., did, and spends papa's millions keeping up the expensive ducal palace at Rome and the huge villa at Tusculum, built on the site of the Gardens of Lucullus, she must also behave herself, just the same as if he were a regular husband and paid all the bills.

If he catches her being unfaithful to him, just once, he can throw her out and get a divorce. That seems fair enough to the American girl, because the American law is the same. But if she thinks catching her husband once or a thousand times is ground for divorce, she is a much mistaken wife. It is not even grounds for pulling his ear or scolding him. According to Italian law, what is sauce for the married American goose means nothing in the life of her noble gander.

True, he must not be "offensive" about his delinquencies. If the philandering husband brings one of his sweethearts home with him, that isn't quite right, and if the wife catches them there, the Italian courts recognize that she has cause for divorce. But as long as the husband keeps these various flames out of the house, where they shouldn't light up a wife's jealousy, and he doesn't advertise them unduly, the Italian law considers that they are none of his wife's business. American wives never seem to get used to that idea.

And so when Elsie Moore, American heiress, got tired of her numerous rivals for the affections of her husband, the Duke Don Marino Torlonia, and sued for divorce in her native State of Connecticut, His Grace the Duke put in a double defence that made the American judge open his eyes. First, his counsel, Mr. Philo Calhoun, maintained that Elsie, by marrying the Duke became an Italian subject, and, therefore, the American marriage and divorce laws had no jurisdiction over them.

In the second place, he hadn't done anything wrong, anyway. The various affairs his wife complained of were a husband's privilege in Italy and he had been reasonably discreet about them. And as for that little matter of knocking the Duchess out by hitting her over the head with a piece of a chair—if he really did such a thing, maybe she deserved it. It wasn't fair to divorce a Duke, one of the highest forms of noble life, just for an alleged bit of bad manners. Hadn't he defended her fair name by fighting a duel with a sculptor who had made an insulting bas-relief of the Duchess holding an American dollar in her hand?

The American court listened with awe to this heads-I-win, tails-you-lose matrimonial arrangement and decided in favor of the Duchess. However, the decree will not go into effect until the Court of Errors has passed on the Duke's claim of non-jurisdiction.

When an American heiress marries a threadbare, titled foreigner, she knows it is usually a straight business proposition. He needs the money to get his coronet out of pawn, to hire servants and get the gas and water turned on at the castle. She buys that title for so much down at the wedding and so much a month on account on a Duke or whatever she is buying. Some American heiresses have "welched" on their payments. Count Salm had to sue to get anything at all. But Elsie kept her end of the bargain so faithfully that she is known in Europe as the "Dollar Duchess."

In spite of the commercial *side of the* alliance, the bride believed her husband loved her for herself. Perhaps he did. All heiresses *imagine* that, because all noblemen *are trained* from childhood to act the part of a lover convincingly. She was young, pretty, bright, high in *New England* society and the belle of her *town*. He may have meant it. Anyway, *Elsie* was certainly the envy of American womanhood in 1907 when, with her gallant husband, she left on their honeymoon to Italy. It seems to have been perfection itself, all the way—a husband right out of a movie film.

Also the Villa Torlonia, the romantic terminus of the honeymoon, was like a set taken from a movie. As she had seen from his photographs, few royal palaces could equal in size and magnificence this ancient seat of that ancient ducal family. Impressive sums of American dollars had gone ahead of them to put that splendid mansion and grounds in commission, staff it with servants, fix its plumbing and turn on the fountains and the great cascades. She found it all that he had said or she had imagined, and yet she had hardly entered the great mansion when her dream of romance was ruined.

The army of servants bowed before the Duke and his Duchess as if they were almost divinities, and the Duke's family welcomed the wealthy bride with almost reverent formality. But when the ceremonial was over, she happened to see two young, gaudy and bejeweled women rush upon her husband and embrace him at the same moment with surprising vehemence. The Duchess wondered who these might be—perhaps very demonstrative cousins who had arrived too late for the formal family greeting.

She stepped in to be introduced, and immediately got the impression from their pained looks that she had committed a social error. No, they were not relatives, just—very old friends. The Duke, who is a very bright man, saw at once that his bride was not going to understand. He whispered something to the two young women, who gave the Duchess a mean look and departed. Elsie asked for an explanation. Instead of giving it, the Duke deputed one of his older female relatives to explain, put on his hat and sauntered out.

He did not return until nearly noon of the second night. Meanwhile the American bride had been informed of all the peculiarities of Italian marriage law and customs. It was not concealed from her that her noble husband was probably doing those two very old friends out there. She was informed that what a wife did not actually know is not supposed to hurt her.

The first impulse was to take the next steamer home to father. But father would say, "I told you so." And what would those millions of envious fellow-countrywomen say if she flounced back on the next boat? Her pride told her to stay and fight it out.

If her husband did not love her she would make him love her. She would win him to her ways and make him true to her and she was not entirely unsuccessful. The Duke seems to have had quite a tenderness for his "Dollar Duchess" and really to have considered his newly wedded husband, according to his code, true to her.

He soon dismissed the two sweetheart who had broken his wife's heart, and were immediately replaced by new ones almost as fast as she discovered a rival. She found that he had gotten rid of them not so much to be obliging as because he tired of them quickly. In a way, however, it made the situation more endurable. At least Elsie had the satisfaction of knowing that he did not take any of these short-lived affairs very seriously, while she herself was permanent.

It was not pleasant though, as she wrote the checks that kept their great palaces running, to wonder which item concealed his generosity to the Duke's assorted lady friends. But she did it and hoped for the best.

While she was still struggling to cure her husband of his taste for variety, three children were born, Alessandro, who is now 16 years old, Christina 15, and Marina 10. In consideration of the fortune their father was spending in its upkeep, the Villa Torlonia was placed in the names of their children. It still is, but it may be taken away when they return to Italy and become Italian subject to [illegible].

The Duchess might have gone on forever, [illegible] with the corner of her eye an [illegible] in and out of her husband's [illegible] had not been for Maria Lorenzino. She broke up the whole parade.

Maria Lorenzino was rated as the most beautiful woman in Rome. Her face and form were so enticing that it was considered pardonable for any man, no matter who he might be with, to stop and look after her. The Duke not only looked but ran after her. An affair with a woman of such prominence could not be discreetly hidden. It was on everyone's tongue and everyone told the Duchess about it. This was bad enough if it had been brief like the others, but it showed signs of permanence. At last he seemed really serious—also it was expensive.

Finally, so the Duchess testified at the recent divorce suit, she went to the lovely Maria's apartment and accused her of undue friendliness with the Duke. All the Duchess got in reply was a long and sweetly-modulated laugh, in which her husband apparently joined, later. However, it could not be laughed off. The "Dollar Duchess" was good and furious.

This unreasonable attitude angered the beautiful Maria and pained the noble Duke.

There followed at the Ducal home a long and unpleasant argument, making the Duke so agitated that he accidentally pulled off the arm of the antique chair in which he was sitting. Men of gentle breeding dislike scenes and the Duke put an end to this one, according to the Duchess, by hitting her over the head with the [illegible] arm, putting her down and out.

Though the assault may have [illegible] had to be severe, he evidently did not consider it fatal, because he took his children and returned to America, where he went through the process of re-[illegible] himself as an American citizen. The Duke maintains that this is null and void because done without his or his ancestors' approval. Then, after the required [illegible] residence in Connecticut, the Duchess brought her suit for divorce.

Meanwhile the Duke began to mourn the loss of his "Dollar Duchess" for lots of reasons. She seems to have kept on paying over, but not all the bills. Things turned out what they used to be in Europe. Incomes are [illegible] and expensive, even in Italy, and Mussolini is jacking up the taxes on [illegible] unproductive estates of the nobles, no matter how noble. Under such circumstances, it was embarrassing to have the goose that was laying all the golden eggs divorce him.

It was over one of the bills that the Duke fought a duel with Count Filippo Lovatelli, the sculptor who had made a bas-relief of the Duchess in marble. But when it was finished she was in America and by some mistake she sent him only 1,000 lire, which at that time only amounted to about $40.

The Count was so indignant that he chiselled the features into a sort of comic valentine in marble and, in place of a lily in the lady's hand, placed an American dollar. Rome laughed at the caricature, and the sculptor's remark that a woman was [illegible] so much for her husband could not be so niggardly over something of real worth.

The Duke considered this an insult that could only be wiped out in blood and challenged him to the field of honor. It was a real fight, with rapiers, and the noble husband "proved himself in the right" by running his adversary through the arm. His triumph was short-lived. The Church of Rome is trying to suppress dueling among its members and thought so little of the Duke's excuses for his [illegible] that it excommunicated him for a while.

His Grace wants his wife back. Common ordinary men miss their wives when they see the dishes accumulating in the sink, but when the missing wife has also been paying all the bills for two palaces and about everything else, it is heart-breaking. The Duke might even consider a single standard of behavior.

Alessandro, Oldest Son of the Duke and Duchess of Torlonia.

The Reception Hall of the Town Palace of Torlonia, in Rome.

The Duke of Torlonia, in Riding Costume.

© 1928, by American Weekly, Inc. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

Stunning...and modestly priced
The new octagonal Djer-Kiss Double Compact
1.50
Refills 50¢ each
The new Lipstick to match
50c

NEW... and Divinely Smart!

This Slim, Octagonal Vanity...with Lipstick to match!

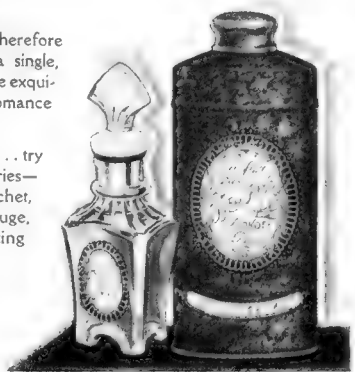
CHARM! MAGNETISME! BEAUTY! These alluring gifts Monsieur Kerkoff, master parfumeur, now bestows upon mademoiselle... in his latest presentation. The newest double compact and lipstick. Two superb inspirations! Bewitchingly clever—divinely smart—and very, very *moderne!*

The gay, voguish note of this new Djer-Kiss double compact intrigues you—*instantly.* Its octagonal shape—expressing the very spirit of Parisian chic! Its delusive slimness—granting a generous allowance of poudre and rouge! Its double mirror—revealing your face in full view and in miniature. And the lipstick, too, fascinates you—it is so smartly distinctive.

Both come in a variety of flattering tints *that really stay on* . . . and both are scented with the exquisite Djer-Kiss parfum. For always, Monsieur Kerkoff has insisted that fragrance is the very keynote of charm. Not only must mademoiselle be beautiful . . . she must also be enchanting—mysterious—*magnétique!*

To all of his creations, Monsieur therefore adds *magnétisme* with the aid of a single, inimitable parfum . . . Djer-Kiss—the exquisite fragrance that inspires love—romance—moon-lit moods!

If you wish to be truly enchanting . . . try using Djer-Kiss for *all* your toiletries—your poudre, your parfum, your sachet, your talc, your bath crystals, your rouge, your lipstick! A single harmonizing motive. Fascinating—irresistible!



Djer-Kiss

KERKOFF • PARIS

ALFRED H. SMITH CO., *Sole Importer* • 233 to 245 Spring Street, New York City

Most enchanting is Djer-Kiss Face Powder. Soft and fragrant—like the petals of fresh flowers! 60¢.
Exquisite also is Djer-Kiss Toilet Water—alluring—magnetique. Use it in and after your bath. On your hair, kerchiefs, lingerie. 2.00.

Parfum Djer-Kiss ... enchanting—mysterious! The fragrance that adds "magnétisme" to beauty. 2.00
Djer-Kiss Talc . . . chiffon – soft . . . with the same bewitching parfum. Delightful after bathing. 35¢.

How the Pretty Kansas Co-eds Punished the "Butt-ins"

Unpleasant Surprise for the Masquerading Boy Students Who "Crashed" the University of Kansas Girls' Ball When They Were Caught and Ducked in the Swimming Pool

Miss Ruth Bennett, One of the Co-ed Leaders Who Hurled the Pair of Student "Crashers" Into the Pond.

Miss Bennett as She Appeared at the Ball When Selected by the Votes of the Girls as the "Perfect Man."

THE well known University of Kansas, at Lawrence, Kansas, has its share of fraternities and sororities. The lads of the fraternities are known not to abide entirely by the prohibition laws, and sometimes, at frat meetings they drink toasts. Just now the favorite toast is this:

"To the old-fashioned girl!"

They drink hearty to that one. Up to quite recently the male students at the Kansas university were stalwart champions of what has been designated as the genus flapper. When reactionary critics deplored the tendencies of the present day young woman to smoke, drink gin and generally behave ultra-modern, the U. of K. boys rose en masse in defense of the co-eds. But not now. No more. No.

"To the old-fashioned girl!"

They mean it. They long again for the clinging-vine type, the gentle and shy type, the dear girl of olden days who knew her place instead of her onions. They deplore the passing of the annual "Hell Week." From now on it is to be known as "Rosebud Week." The sorority sisters, as it were, knocked all the fivst word out of "Hell Week." The clinging vines of yesteryear became berserk Amazons.

It was all on account of the Puff-Pants Prom. For years when the University of Kansas co-eds staged their annual prom, half of the girls would dress as men, in a feature which was a sort of contest to determine which of the girls made the most handsome "men." The Puff-Pants Prom started in the days when that was as far as girls were in trying to be men. It was just a matter of costume.

It had been the custom of the men's fraternities to order some of the members just then being initiated to "butt-in," or, as the more modern college slang has it, "crash-in" on the Puff-Pants Prom. The week of the prom got the name of "Hell Week" because of the amount of pranks played by the students. They were the terror of the co-eds as well as the townspeople. All the rest of the semester was preparatory to this one grand spree.

As for the initiates of the fraternities who were ordered to "crash" the girls' prom, they rather welcomed the assignment. It was nothing like so difficult as the other stunts which the Greek letter men invented to test the stamina of those they had picked for fellow members. Inasmuch as the prom was more or less a mask affair, it was easy to get in. When the unmasking came, the girls had always behaved with becoming girlishness. They had squealed, giggled and looked modestly the other way when long skirts and wigs had been discovered to be hiding the fresh frat initiates. Their consternation at this annual discovery had been most ingenuous, and pleasing to the masculine vanity of the youths.

Taking their cue from the girls, the police had been equally considerate about the ructions which took place from the tests of other neophytes during the seven days of rowdy doings.

All this was in the good old days, the days before the flapper had come into her own, the days when skirts came down to ankles, when curls clung to girlish necks, when young women never rouged their lips in public, when cigarette-smoking girls would have caused expulsion, when—in short, the good old days.

Those days, the gentlemen of the fraternities now realize, are gone forever. No more will fraternity neophytes crash the Puff-Pants Prom. Not without brass knuckles. On the occasion of the last Puff-Pants Prom, the girls caught the gate crashers, beat them up, tore off most of their clothes from them and threw them into the college swimming pool when its temperature was close to freezing.

And the police, taking their cue from the girls, suffered a change of disposition, too. Instead of smiling at the students' pranks as heretofore, they threw thirty-four of the fraternity pledges into jail and weren't a bit gentle or nice about it, either. But not as rough as the sorority sisters.

On the night of the whimsical college lads' recent disillusionment, about 150 of the co-eds, in assorted costumes, were being escorted to the annual Puff-Pants Prom, which is under the chaperonage of the University Women's Good Government League. Their escorts were an equal number of other co-eds. The escorts, however, wore borrowed clothes—all male—toreador and matador costumes, tuxedos and frock coats, cadet suits and the like—but all trousers. Each sorority represented had several entries for the contest as to which girl made the best looking man. Rivalry was keen. One couple attracted more than usual attention.

"What a fine man that girl maker," commented more than one woman as the parade passed in review.

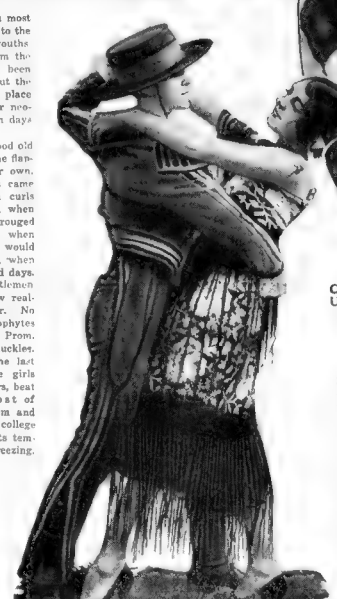
"The girl's ankles are a bit large, though, don't you think?" suggested another. "And those shoulders! So broad!"

Just then the girl discussed tripped. Something ripped. A cry went up.

"A man! A man!"

This was the cue for the shy running away of the girls, the hiding, the squealing and the murmurous giggling of former Puff-Pants Proms when the intruders were discovered. But there was no running away nor giggling this time. Affairs were at once taken in hand by Miss Ruth Bennett, one of the leaders of the sorority sisters.

She had a suggestion to make.



Miss Florence Kisecker as a Spanish Cavalier and Louise Wright as a Spanish Girl, Winners of the First Prize at the Kansas University Puff-Pants Prom, After They Had Gotten Rid of the Intruding Men Students.

"Enough of this," she said. "Let's teach these boys a lesson. To the swimming pool!"

The others took up the chorus—299 shrill voices, charged with the note of battle.

"To the swimming pool!"

They advanced upon the intruder. They tore off his outer garments. They tore off also the outer garments of his partner. They were revealed then, with burning faces and sheepish grins, as two frat neophytes—Clarence Laughlin, of Lawrence, and Sidney Edwards, of Oswego, Kansas. They had been sent there by the older members of the Phi Alpha Delta, into which they were being initiated.

They found themselves being given what is scularly termed the bum's rush. Their slithering progress, impelled by the forceful help of the co-eds, led them to the swimming pool. The waters of the pool were, at the time, close to the freezing point. It was plain to see that they were destined to enter that pool, head first. They fought, ungallantly, unchivalrously, against the fair captors. But gymnasium classes and cross-country hikes had given men's strength to the emancipated co-eds.

"Hell Week" had no fury like these women scorned.

Clarence Laughlin, One of the Unfortunate Pair Who Was Ducked, as He Appeared in His Wet Dress Shortly After His Escape.

There was a loud splash as young Edwards went hurtling head first into the freezing water of the pool. A moment later Laughlin hit the water with a plunk. But the co-eds had left him part of his gown. He shouted that he was drowning.

"Help, help!" he called as he came up and went down again.

Without the slightest hesitation Virginia Bowers, one of the emancipated co-eds, poised for a moment in a beautiful diving stance and then plunged into the pool. Under the water she opened her eyes and looked around for young Laughlin. Finally she had to come up to get her breath.

"I can't find him, girls," she cried.

From the other side of the pool came a loud laugh. It was Laughlin. An expert swimmer, he had crossed under water before coming up for air. He crawled out of the pool and walked swaggeringly away, while companions helped Miss Bowers, bedraggled but relieved, from the water. His mocking laugh could be heard as he disappeared.

It was the only laugh the frat men had that day. It was the last laugh they were to have that memorable "Hell Week," which was to degenerate into a week of mourning and lamentation. In some way news of the emancipation of the co-eds spread to police headquarters, and the police began a round-up that was to be historic.

In the meantime the Puff-Pants Prom, apparently de-manned proceeded. But not before the [illegible] two more dancers were found whose sex was male. They were Earl Foy and Richard Layne, both of Hutchinson, Kansas. They were discovered lurking at the edge of the ballroom. One wore a silk dress and the other had padded parts of a man's suit.

They suffered the same fate as Laughlin and Edwards. They were given their ducking in the icy waters of the pool, and permitted to depart to ruefully report to their elder brothers of the Delta Chi fraternity. While the four neophytes were recovering from their ordeal, wrapped in blankets and dosed with quinine, the police of Lawrence were busy.

The county jail is equipped with thirty-eight cells. Thirty-four of them now housed initiates of the Alpha Tau Omegas, the Sigma Chi, Sigma Alpha Mu Sigma Nu and Alpha Phi Alpha. The four other cells could very easily have accommodated Messrs. Laughlin, Edwards, Foy and Layne, but they were now fitter candidates for a hospital. The charge against them all was the same—disturbing the peace.

While the disheartened young men were discussing ways and means, the Puff-Pants Prom went on gaily, with no men around to interfere with its orderly progress. As the time approached for the end of the prom in the girls' dormitory hours, a vote was taken and Miss Ruth Bennett was voted the handsomest "man" of the prom. Undoubtedly the judgment [illegible] was influenced to some extent by the fact that it was Miss Bennett who led the onslaught against the intruding men students, which resulted in the icy ducking. It was the girls' way of giving a testimonial to Miss Bennett.

Charged with this later, they said "No, no." They insisted Miss Bennett came nearer their beau ideal than any real man. A bit dark of complexion, tall and graceful of figure, she was indeed impressive in her well-fitting trousers and double-breasted suit of dark material. She carried her cane and gloves like a dandy of the Paris boulevards.

"And what a sock in the nose she gave Laughlin!" murmured one co-ed admiringly as she cast her vote for Ruth.

The best costumed couple was voted to be Miss Florence Kisecker and Miss Louise Wright, dressed in Spanish costumes. Miss Kisecker made a handsome don with the short cape and [illegible] of the gentlemen of the Spanish [illegible]. It was Miss Kisecker who [illegible] young Mr. Foy into the pool, and it was Miss Wright who attended with her own hands to the ducking of Mr. Layne.

"'They're men' somebody cried.

"And the whole 299 co-eds descended upon the two masquerading men students tore the most of their girls' clothes from them, then rushing them to the swimming pool, hurled them into its icy waters, expediting their progress downward with sundry pokes from hastily snatched up poles."

Meanwhile the pledges of the fraternities who had escaped ducking [illegible], not having been arrested in the prom for which they thirsted their souls' fill—were plotting, in their cells, unchanging times. None of them slept a wink that night. In the morning they received a visit from C. C. Stewart, the county attorney, and James C. H. Dargatz. They talked matters over with the young men and their fraternity brothers who came to their aid. It was decided that the pledges had been sufficiently punished. Promises were exchanged. The lads were not required to swear they would no longer make any attempts to "crash" the girls' prom. It wasn't necessary.

Chancellor E. H. Lindley, of the university, when asked about the matter of the ducking of the four men students said: "But it is understood that the matter was taken up at a meeting of the Pan Hellenic Council of the university."

A resolution calling for the official abolition of "Hell Week" was unanimously adopted. The rule was that after fraternity initiations are held [illegible] the pledges' hours [illegible] the young women hold [illegible] Prom [illegible] one or more [illegible] Nor the year after. Not as long as the university pool functions and the flappers of the university stay emancipated.

© 1928, by American Weekly, Inc. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

Mlle. Dalbane, The "Death Flower"

The Mysterious Death of Prince Radziwill, Controlling O Carlo, Reveals the Startling Career of a Fascinating Fre Into Whose Lap Rich and Titled Admirer Fortunes and Hav Dead as if by a J

Marthe Dalbane at the Height of Her Popularity, Richly Dressed in Furs.

Photograph of a Mystic Meeting in One of the Underground Catacombs of Old Paris, Where Jacquard and His Friends Held Their Interrupted Ceremonial.

Marthe on the Beach at Deauville, France.

Lucienne de Carlynne, Who Was Arrested by the French Police in the Raid Which Followed Marthe Dalbane's Arrest.

CHAPTER VII.

(Continued from Last Sunday)

International News Service Weekly, Inc. Great Britain Rights Reserved

PARIS, March 11

WHEN Marcel Boussac, the wealthy French textile manufacturer and race track owner, felt the gash of the razor in the hand of his discarded sweetheart, Marthe Dalbane, he screamed and fell to the floor. As related in the last chapter, the lovely Marthe, who became known to Paris and most of Europe, as the "Death Flower" because so many of her admirers came to violent ends, made no effort to escape when the servants of the magnate's great Bois de Boulogne apartment rushed in.

Boussac's life blood spread over the tiled bathroom floor and he seemed to all to be dying. The "Death Flower" must have realized that one more fatality was about to be added to the long list. The Paris telephone system is operated by the government and is almost as bad as in Russia or Turkey, and it failed in this emergency.

Fortunately for the wounded man and for the woman who had slashed his throat, Dr. Thierry de Martel, one of the city's most famous surgeons, happened to be passing in his car and was hailed by a frantic, hatless butler. One glance and he saw that seconds meant life or death. His skilled fingers flew to their work, and after the operation was done, he announced that the patient would probably live. Then, for the first time, he looked around and asked how the accident happened.

"She did it," said the servants, pointing to Marthe, who had been sitting quietly all the time.

The surgeon looked at the blue-eyed beauty and frowned. It was his duty to report her.

"Here," she said, holding up one hand, like a dog with a sore paw, "fix that."

Dr. de Martel looked at the slender, white hand and saw that it was badly cut near the wrist. Nerves and blood vessels might be involved, so he set to work and sewed that up also.

Before this was done Boussac was conscious again and looking at them from the bed. The butler asked his master if he wished the woman turned over to the police. Boussac turned questioning eyes at Dr. de Martel, who said:

"You will live."

At that Boussac whispered faintly:

"No, let her go, but, nom de Dieu, never let her in again."

"I will have the honor of taking Madame home," announced the surgeon with a courtly bow, for a little thing like attempted homicide does not interfere with the gallantry of a Frenchman.

Marcel Boussac smiled faintly and beckoned to Dr. de Martel to lean over him. He had seen the surgeon from time to time glance up from Marthe's wrist into her fascinating blue eyes, which filled with tears of silent pain.

"Doctor," whispered the wounded man, "you saved my life and I owe you something. That is Marthe Dalbane, the 'Death Flower.' She can go home in a taxi. If you take her you do so at your own risk."

The great surgeon looked at Marthe, who gazed back, with great blue eyes, full of injured innocence, and the face of an abused angel.

"If Mademoiselle will honor me—?" he said, offering his arm. The Mademoiselle did and they left the room together. Looking back the surgeon saw his patient feebly going through the pantomime of washing his hands of the whole matter.

The surgeon not only took Marthe home, where he could hardly fail to be impressed by the splendor of her Avenue Bugeaud residence, but she had to be treated for a long time because a nerve had been severed in her wrist, causing temporary paralysis of part of her hand. While these treatments were going on, Dr. de Martel undertook to wean her away from the drug habit and she let him think he was slowly succeeding. In his benevolent efforts it was necessary to give the beautiful addict long lectures, and few men can look into Marthe's eyes with impunity.

The "Death Flower" listened meekly, and she also showed a flattering interest in the surgeon's work, read his books, spent much time in his clinic and delighted him by studying to be a trained nurse. The doctor was indignant when a woman suggested that the reason might be that a nurse can always have needles and plenty of morphine, unmolested by the police.

He did not know how serious had become Marthe's problem of getting drugs. While her powerful friend, Jean Guitry, the head of the drug ring, was alive she was in touch with the main source of narcotics, and his uncanny power kept the police at a distance. Now things had suddenly changed. Judge of Instruction Bacquart of the Seine Tribunal, sent for her. An instruction judge is really a sort of district attorney, who directs the police and detectives, but does not actually try the malefactors himself.

Judge Bacquart specializes in pursuing drug addicts of Paris and Marthe had faced his penetrating eye before. The judge is handicapped by the rather lax drug laws of France, but his grim persistence and uncanny knowledge and memory have made him a terror to the drug fiends. Marthe knew that for years Judge Bacquart had been accumulating a dossier about her doings and trying to fathom the mystery of the chain of deaths associated with her name.

As long as Boussac did not die or enter a complaint, Judge Bacquart could not put her on trial, even for assault, but when she found herself in his presence she feared that this might have just happened. Therefore, Marthe told the truth about the slashing and pleaded that it had been done under the influence of drugs. It was a dangerous admission. The "Death Flower" was released, but soon knew that she was being shadowed, which made it hard and hazardous to get her drugs. The need of becoming a trained nurse became more imperative.

Dr. de Martel could not have been the most fashionable surgeon of Paris, as he was, except through great popularity among fashionable women. He had a balcony above his operating room where renowned beauties and their escorts had tea and watched the surgeon remove appendices and perform such other operations as are not unduly revolting to watch.

Invitations to these little entertainments were eagerly sought and indirectly brought much revenue and profit. Some patients preferred to be carved in privacy, but usually they enjoyed playing the hero to such an audience, chatting gaily until the nurse muzzled them with an ether cone. Marthe became a sort of hostess at these curious tea parties, and was often seen, in a becoming uniform, driving about with the doctor; a beautiful but not entirely necessary assistant.

Dr. de Martel is of distiguished and sympathetic appearance. He has many advantages in his favor. He is of noble family and counts many of the most famous Frenchmen of history among his ancestors. He is the principal descendant of Count de Mirabeau, the great moderate leader of the Revolution—the Mirabeau family is extinct in the male line. His mother, the Countess de Martel, was regarded, under her pen name "Gyp," as one of the most daring and witty of French novelists a generation ago, but her daring would not be considered exceptional today. The Countess is now very old and Dr. de Martel himself is of mature years.

They say that every successful surgeon in Paris has been made so by a woman or by women. Paris expects a great doctor to be thoroughly familiar with every phase of the gay life, and especially with that which is of supreme interest—the doings of the reigning beauties of the day. He is supposed to be equally intimate with the beautiful ornaments of the highest society and also that other society which is much livelier and of more interest to Parisians. In fact, a surgeon could hardly enjoy the highest kind of reputation and standing unless he had two or three outstanding friendships in both sets.

They tell some entertaining stories of how great Parisian surgeons have made their first success. There was Dr. Robert, one of the best known surgeons of recent years. At the beginning of his brilliant professional career he had the good fortune to meet Madame Gautreau, at that time one of the beauties and great leaders of the best Parisian society. Her portrait by Sargent marked the beginning of that great artist's fame. Dr. Robert felt that this fascinating beauty ought to be of similar help to him and began paying his attentions to her in the best Parisian manner.

One afternoon Madame Gautreau, who was often quite brusque and unconventional, remarked with irritation to the young doctor:

"I wish you would stop courting me for a time and tell me what it is that constantly causes a pain in my interior."

"Madame," said Dr. Robert, "I am always at your service, no matter what the occasion may be."

The energetic young surgeon hurried his fair friend to his surgery. There he discovered a peculiar tumor in her side, which he persuaded her to allow him to remove at once. It proved to be the body of a twin brother who had only partially developed and had become "encysted" in his sister's tissues from the beginning of her existence.

Madame Gautreau made a quick recovery, and from that time she devoted herself to praising the skill, devotion and general abilities of Dr. Robert. His fortune was made.

Dr. Thierry de Martel at the present moment is the Parisian ideal of a fashionable doctor. His refined and kindly features bear the stamp of one who has worked and studied much at his calling and has wrestled earnestly with problems of life and death, and yet he has the cheerful air, the sophisticated eye of a Parisian man of the world.

Dr. de Martel must have had a wonderful way with women because he pursuaded them that his wistful, lovely little friend was a much wronged victim of circumstances. If any of them were jealous of her hold on the magnetic surgeon they did not show it at the time. Marthe's newest romance was running smoothly and she looked forward to the time when shortly she would be a registered nurse, able to tell Judge Bacquart that she had drugs in her house and on her person and ask him what he was going to do about it.

Just as this was almost within her grasp, death intervened again and ruined all her plans. The news swept over Paris that Rene Jacquard had scrawled her name with the last strength of his stiffening fingers and died mysteriously.

Dr. de Martel had had his suspicions about Rene, but he might have forgiven a rival now that he was dead had not his patronesses turned their lovely backs on the "Death Flower" as soon as publicity burst on her again. This was the worst deluge of all, because of the peculiar prominence of the man who had died. In vain Marthe pleaded that it was a mere coincidence that he had been at her house. The tea

"Whose Lovers All Meet Tragic Ends

wner of Monte
:nch Lorelei
, Famous
s Have Poured
e Been Struck
ealous Lover

When Jacquard's friends of both sexes arrived at night in the dungeon they saw a large altar in the form of a papier-mache bull's head, with long iron horns. Inside was some sort of light, which gleamed through the bull's eyes. Around this object they saw Jacquard and a dozen others garbed in priestly robes of ancient Babylon, but the thing that caused awe and wonder was the form of a man bound to a table placed beneath the altar. The man was breathing, but seemed to be drugged into half consciousness. What would they do to him?

At that instant the ancient door of the chamber flew open and in rushed half a dozen masons and bricklayers, who knocked the high priest down and released the stupefied victim. For this sacrilege they were attacked by the Baal priests and worshipers, who outnumbered the invaders five to one. But the workmen were husky, healthy men, whose fists made short work of the flabby drug addicts.

tables in the operating room were deserted. She had to go.

Rene Jacquard was one of those pathetic characters in whom genius is separated from madness by only the thinnest of veils. Son of an old and wealthy French family, he started off like a rocket on the road to fame. With high university honors, a magnificent personality and a gift for poetry much like that of Gabriele d'Annunzio, he captivated the French capital as a youth. Like the Italian poet, he had a flair for the picturesque and an instinct for dramatic posing.

A great name in literature seemed assured, and then it all fell to ruin as he took to drugs and met Marthe about the same time. Almost at once his fine rhythm degenerated into free verse, which he finally wrote without even punctuation. Nobody knew what it meant. The young poet had been a deep student of medieval history and now his drug-ruined mind concentrated on that ancient madness known as devil-worship.

Jacquard was familiar with every phase of French diabolism from the time of the Baron Gilles de Rais, the real "Blue Beard," who depopulated a number of villages through wholesale human sacrifices offered to Satan in the hope of obtaining from the Evil One magic powers and especially the secret of turning base metals into gold. Jacquard had studied all discoverable literature concerning that strange creature, the Marquise de Brinvilliers, the greatest poisoner of history, who resorted to devil-worship and sacrilegious ceremonies to obtain Satan's help in her countless crimes.

In her company the famous Marquise de Montespan participated in an outrageous travesty of divine worship with the object of inducing Satan to turn King Louis XIV.'s affections back to the Marquise's waning beauty. It proved to be more of a miracle than even Satan could accomplish.

In his studies Jacquard made the discovery that all true devil-worshipers are the spiritual descendants of the ancient devotees of the Asiatic gods, Baal and Moloch. They were the same evil divinity with one name. To them uncounted human beings —men, women and children—had been sacrificed since the dawn of civilization. Sacrifice to Baal was commonly made by cutting the victim's throat, while those offered to Moloch were destroyed by fire.

It appeared to the drug intoxicated mind of the Parisian student of ancient wickedness that the most intelligent men since the beginning of time had worshiped the god of evil rather than a benevolent creator. These early men were convinced from experience that the evil divinity brought the best results to his worshipers. Baal and Moloch always brought an abundance of war, pestilence and other misfortunes on the enemies of those who sacrificed to them. It paid apparently to worship Baal and Moloch.

It may seem incredible that in this enlightened age anyone outside of a lunatic asylum could be found willing to worship evil spirits. But Paris has a large drug-addict population and among these is a considerable sect who take diabolism seriously. After all, it is not strange because under certain drugs nothing is too fantastic to seem real.

When the police of Paris heard that Jacquard was planning to hold a grand devil-worship ceremony in the underground dungeon beneath the ancient house of Tristan the Ogre, in the Latin Quarter, they made no move to interfere. There was no law against a man worshiping evil spirits if he liked, and in the past these diabolistic services had been harmless enough. The police reports told of a lot of sorcery, burning of incense and uttering of fearful sounding names and that was all.

But the drug-crazed mind of Jacquard, the half-genius, had something more serious planned than just spells and smells. His intention was to revive the demon worship of Baal and it was whispered among the select who were invited that Baal would have a human sacrifice such as he had always demanded in the past. If the police heard of this rumored feature they paid no more attention to it than to the usual ravings of addicts.

The dungeon was a well chosen place. Tristan the Ogre was one of the secret executioners of wicked King Louis XI. and beneath his house he had all the medieval implements of torture for making the King's enemies yield up their secrets, wealth and sometimes life. From the walls dangled chains by which the prisoners had been fettered and others higher up from which they hung by their thumbs until they remembered something his Majesty wanted to know. There was a rack which also helped a man's memory by pulling him limb from limb, branding irons, flesh pincers, the "boot" and a case, shaped like a woman and big enough to hold a man. When a person was placed inside and the lid allowed to close, spikes slowly penetrated various parts of his body.

When Jacquard's friends of both sexes arrived at night in this dreadful place they saw all these things, and also a large altar in the form of a papier-mache bull's head, with long iron horns. Inside was some sort of light which gleamed through the bull's eyes.

Around this object they saw Jacquard and a dozen others garbed in priestly robes of ancient Babylon, but the thing that caused awe and wonder was the form of a man bound to a table placed beneath the altar. The man was breathing, but seemed to be drugged into half consciousness. What would they do to him?

There was much incantation, pouring out of oil and wine, burning of incense and other spices and herbs until one could hardly breathe in the chamber. Then came the climax of all this mummery.

Rene Jacquard announced that the man on the table had not only consented but volunteered to be sacrificed to the great Lord Baal. At this the victim opened a pair of bleary eyes and nodded confirmation. Some of the more rational persons present thought it only a bluff, but one or two did not like the exalted look in Rene's face and protested when he drew from his robes an ancient sacrificial knife of curious shape.

Their protests were silenced by Jacquard's acolites, who also passed around a hymn to Baal written on slips of parchment. When the last verse of the hymn had been chanted Jacquard advanced upon the victim, rolled back his flowing sleeve and raised the knife. One or two spectators screamed, but the high priest ignored them.

At that instant the ancient door of the chamber flew open and in rushed half a dozen masons and bricklayers, who knocked the high priest down and released the stupefied victim. For this sacrilege they were attacked by the Baal priests and worshipers, who outnumbered the invaders five to one. But the workmen were husky, healthy men, whose fists made short work of the flabby addicts.

When Baal's devotees had had enough, the workmen smashed the altar and dragged away to the open air the maudlin idiot, who complained because he hadn't been permitted to sacrifice himself. The rescuing masons had been peeping at the ceremonies from a neighboring cellar through a hole in the wall which one of them had made.

It was the honest opinion of these men that they had broken in just in time to prevent a tragedy, and most of Paris agreed with them. But the police made no arrest because they could not prove what was in the crazy minds of the devil-worshipers.

At dawn one morning, this much discussed priest of demonism staggered from a taxi to the door of the Jacquarde residence and rang the bell. A sleepy maid let Rene in, saw that he got safely to his room and forgot then about it. Around noon the next day Rene's mother thought her son had slept off enough of his spree to awaken him. The door was unlocked and she threw it open.

The whole household answered her cry of anguish. They found Rene, still fully dressed, lying doubled up on the rug before his desk. He had been dead for six hours.

He had collapsed while seated at his desk, and the attack that had killed him had struck while he was in the act of writing. No one knew what this last message of a dying man might have been, completed. It was sufficient for Jacquard, pere, that the first two words of the scrawl in his son's handwriting were the name—Marthe Dalbane.

The families of Hellmann, Bellanger and others shrank from publicity and discouraged all attempts to ferret out the mysterious connection between the "Death Flower" and the series of tragedies that dog her steps. Jacquard senior was of sterner stuff. He followed his son's body to the grave and then drove straight to the Palais de Justice, where Judge Bacquart was waiting to question Marthe in the presence of the bereaved father.

Marthe told what seemed a simple, truthful story. She said that for some time she had not seen Rene Jacquard, but on the evening before his death she had dined at the home of Mlle. Rosette Scott, a well known professional beauty of Paris. There were several other guests, including Mme. Dujardin, whom Judge Bacquart had on his lists as a drug user. Rene had attended that dinner, arriving late and declaring that he had quarreled with his wealthy father, and bringing a basket of champagne, stating that it was all he had been able to drag from the house.

At 1 o'clock in the morning Marthe had decided to go home and Rene had arisen, announcing that he would escort her. They found no taxi, and as they started to walk a sudden snowstorm descended on them, making the woman's slippers wet through before her house was reached. Rene had complained of a headache and asked to sit in the hall for a moment. When Marthe had changed her slippers she found the young man sitting rigid, insensible and scarcely breathing.

Mindful of her death flower reputation, Marthe was frightened at the prospect of another man dying in her house, and for an hour telephoned vainly for a doctor. At last she got the physician of George Watel, one of the few admirers of Marthe who is still alive.

The physician found Rene's thighs covered with the tell-tale ulcers left by careless jabs of the morphine needle. They worked till dayhght on the man, with massage, oxygen and coffee. Marthe did her part, persuaded a drug store to open and sell her some more oxygen. Finally Jacquard opened his eyes as if from a deep sleep, apologized for the trouble he had made and said he was well enough to go home. The doctor went with him and saw him enter his house.

Not only the doctor, but every one else mentioned in Marthe's story corroborated every word Marthe said. There was nothing the matter with her story except one thing. It was so similar to so many of her other stories. As usual Marthe had done nothing except to be helpful, and yet there must be some reason that so many young men just happen to start dying in her presence. Also, as usual, the autopsy revealed an overdose of morphine.

The judge and the father could only look at the mysterious and fatal beauty in perplexed despair.

"I don't know why these things happen any more than you do," she sobbed out to Judge Bacquart.

"Well, one of us must find a way to stop them," answered the judge sternly. "It will be better if you do," and he let her go.

Judge Bacquart, however, took one precaution. He knew that publicity had for the moment broken off the "Death Flower's" relations with Dr. De Martel. However, after a day or two she might win her way back to him. The judge decided that De Martel was too good a surgeon to have anything befall him, and he took steps to make that separation permanent, as he hoped.

Except as an excuse for slashing Boussac's throat, Marthe had not admitted taking drugs. Judge Bacquart knew well enough, but the point had not been pressed because the inquiries were about death, and it was not fair to expect the woman to incriminate herself as an addict. It seemed time to get some evidence so that Marthe could be kept away from the surgeon. So two of the Judge's best searchers were sent with a warrant to Marthe's Avenue Bugeaud mansion, and for two days ransacked it in vain. They found a dozen secret panels in the walls, hollow legs of furniture and other hiding places, but not a single crumb of narcotics.

While they were hunting Marthe moved into a small apartment at No. 46 Rue Francois 1er, and for some reason has never returned to her splendid house.

"She thinks faster than I do," said the Judge, when his men reported failure. "We'll try her again. She has probably destroyed all her supply and is now desperately anxious for more. She dares not seek out a drug peddler for fear we are trailing her. She is, therefore, sending vague distress messages from friend to friend to get something to her somehow. We will accommodate her."

Next morning a detective dressed in the nondescript clothes of a messenger boy called at the concierge's lodge of the apartment with a small package for which Mlle. Dalbane must sign personally.

He was introduced to the presence of the mistress of the house. Perhaps he betrayed too much eagerness. Perhaps some sixth sense warned Marthe. At any rate, on the point of affixing her signature to the delivery voucher which the detective had presented she sprang up and let the pen fall.

"What's in this package?" she cried. "I don't know anybody in Marseilles who might send me a present." With a rapid gesture she tore the wrappings of the packet away and let the contents, a

Continued on Page 22

The Unlit Lamp

By Sinclair Murray

The Story of a Modern Diana and a Search for the Treasure of Ancient Carthage

Synopsis of Preceding Chapters.

[illegible] the Count [illegible] arrive in [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Twenty Pianos All Being Thumped At The Same Time

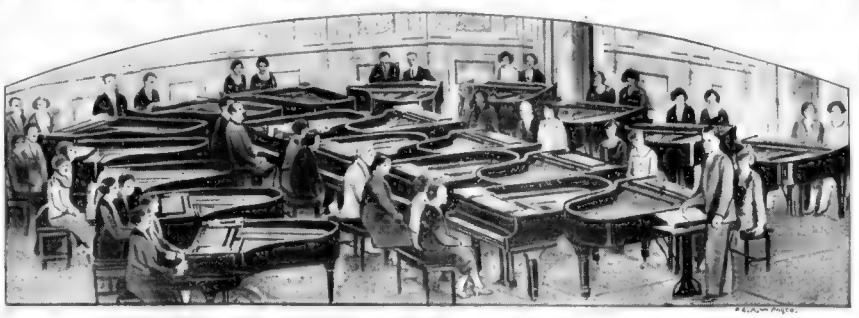
FORTY pianists sat at twenty pianos in a recent concert at Portland, Oregon, and gave a concert which was listened to by over 5,000 people. The baton was waved by William van Hoogstraten, conductor of the Portland Symphony Orchestra. It was the first time that such a concert had ever been given, and the results were so tremendously successful that similar concerts are being planned for various parts of the country.

Piano duets and trios and, in vaudeville, an act with six pianos had given musicians an idea of the effect possible by the use of many pianos played together. Not long ago the producer of a musical revue in New York introduced a dozen pianos played together. But in this case the pianists were girls of the chorus, who were far from being expert. In the case of the Portland concert, every player was a finished and talented pianist. For a week expert tuners had been at work putting the concert grands into condition for the event, which had been sponsored by the Oregon State Federation of Music.

"If such remarkable musical effects may be obtained by the use of twenty pianos, what would be the result if, say, a hundred pianos were played simultaneously?"

This question was asked of Professor van Hoogstraten, and he admitted that it was not without the range of possibility that such a concert might be given. It is in line with generally radical tendencies in the world of music during the past few years. The past year particularly has seen a number of concerts unique of their kind.

With considerable advance ballyhoo, the young American composer, George Antheil, came from Europe to his native land to perform his "Ballet Mecanique." The concert took place in Carnegie Hall, New York City, and was blazoned on all the front pages the following morning. Raucous derision was the main note of the reviews. In his remarkable composition for orchestra, Antheil had used wind machines, rattles, automobile horns and tin kettles, and the effect, to the average listener, was that of chaos. Of course, there were a few of the loyal who hailed Antheil as the prophet of a new era in interpretative music, but they were heavily outvoted by the skeptics, who ruled that Antheil's composition was merely a mad series of dissonances.



Forty Pianists, Using Twenty Pianos, All Going at Once, During the Unique Concert Recently in Portland, Oregon. The Concert Was Directed by Professor William van Hoogstraten.

An Ironing Hint.

WHEN dampening cloth iron them, always [illegible] over the [illegible]

Gray Hair

I show you safe way to end it FREE

[illegible] notice like. Call back [illegible] Apply [illegible] liquid brushed through hair. Does not wash [illegible] only to parts. [illegible] First treatment get bottle at drug store. Few cents' worth gives complete [illegible] Money back if not satisfied.

TEST FREE

Mary T. Goldman, 120-G Goldman Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

Check color: Black ..., dark brown ..., medium brown ..., auburn (dark red) ..., light brown ..., light auburn ..., blonde ..., (Print name)

Name ....

Street ....

City ....

MARY T. GOLDMAN'S

Hair Color Restorer

KBWP...

The Perfume-Filled Beetle Trap Hung in a Tree. —And at the Right— Enlarged Photograph of the Pestiferous and Destructive Japanese Beetle.

A NEW IDEA is being tried out by scientists in a campaign to exterminate the pestiferous Japanese beetle. The beetle is being lured to its death by perfume. The stuff used is "geraniol," which, mixed with bran, serves for the baiting of traps. It liberates a vaporous perfume which is irresistibly attractive to the beetles. They come in flocks to enjoy it, and it kills them.

Geraniol is derived from lemon oil by distillation. Lemon grass is a tropical plant, and much of the oil comes from the Malay Archipelago. In southern California the plant is beginning to be cultivated for making perfumery.

The crude oil is "split" into a number of products, one of which is geraniol. Most valuable of the component parts is "petitgrain," which is the basis of many expensive perfumes, and is used for scenting fine toilet soaps.

Geraniol can be obtained by the distillation of geranium plants—whence its name—but it is more cheaply derived from lemon grass.

The trap used for Japanese beetles is simple and ingenious. It is a cylinder of galvanized iron with a solid bottom and a tin funnel set into the top. Half way between top and bottom is a pan of wire mesh, to hold the bait.

The odoriferous vapor, rising through the funnel, spreads in the surrounding air and attracts all the Japanese beetles in the neighborhood. They fly into the funnel, are suffocated by the fumes and fall through.

[illegible] Test For Motorists

BY way of self analysis, says Hygeia, let each motorist answer honestly for himself the following questions:

Have I at any time in the past been guilty of driving a car at an excessive rate of speed?

Have I ever driven on the wrong side of the street?

Have I driven recklessly in passing children?

Or taken chances in passing another vehicle?

Failed to stop when passengers were getting off street cars?

Fooled with other occupants of the car while driving?

Failed to observe recognized automobile signals?

Failed to sound the horn, as is customary?

Started from the curb into heavy traffic without precaution?

Passed a street car on the left?

Driven through a safety zone?

Disregarded the traffic rules?

Failed to co-operate with the traffic officers?

Failed to go slowly by a school building?

Turned corners improperly?

Been reckless at a railroad crossing?

Driven a car with illegal lights?

Driven incautiously past blind corners?

Backed up without looking behind?

Driven with inadequate brakes?

Stopped suddenly without warning those behind?

Parked my car next to a water hydrant?

Failed to look out for jaywalkers?

Parked my car at night without lights?

Left my car on an incline without brakes properly set?

Driven with a faulty steering gear?

Or without chains or non-skid tires over wet pavement?

Followed another car too closely for safety?

Entered a garage at high speed?

Driven a car I did not know how to manage safely?

Allowed a child to catch on for a ride?

Failed to watch out for obstructions in the highway?

Neglected to exercise proper caution on curves?

Driven a car not equipped with mirror for looking back?

Driven and flirted with girls on sidewalks at the same time?

Failed to give pedestrians a fair chance?

Tried to outguess the other fellow?

Now Ready!

AN IMPROVED KOTEX

Offering Two New Exclusive Features:

1 ***A new, form-fitting shape*** . . . you wear it under the most clinging gowns without possibility of detection, without marring smooth, fashionable lines.

2 ***It is softer, too***—fluffier—eliminating unpleasant chafing and binding.

How gaily social event [illegible] No limitations set by physical handicap . . . The [illegible] never clinging, will remain smooth, unbroken

WITH the presentation of the new style Kotex, exclusive in design, comes the most radical development in intimate feminine hygiene since the invention of Kotex itself.

What form-fitting means

You can wear the new Kotex without self-consciousness no matter how close fitting your gown, how thin and clinging its fabric. By a unique process, developed only after months of experiment, corners are now scientifically rounded and tapered so that the pad fits snugly, comfortably, securely, and is worn in the knowledge that closest-fitting gowns will retain their slim, smooth lines.

This brings a composure, a sense of well-being, heretofore impossible.

Softer—fluffier—chafing eliminated

New, exclusive methods have been found for making the absorbent filler *still softer*. Chafing, binding, similar discomforts are eliminated.

Utmost protection is afforded delicate, sensitive skin. The importance of such an improvement cannot be exaggerated.

The Improved Kotex retains all the advantages of the old Kotex, including the same area of effective absorbent surface you have always known.

Women doctors, nurses, approve

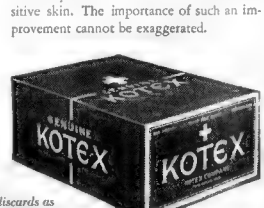
Women doctors, nurses in hospitals, in welfare departments, in city health departments—have given these improvements their enthusiastic approval. So will you! Your good health, your comfort, are considered—and, for the first time, your appearance.

Utter safety is assured by the remarkable Cellucotton wadding which fills Kotex and which is exclusive to Kotex . . . for it is 5 times more absorbent than cotton. It discards like tissue—you simply follow the directions given in each box; it deodorizes thoroughly while being worn.

Nothing else is like Kotex

You buy Kotex by name, without embarrassment, without delay . . . comes in two sizes, Regular and Kotex-S. [illegible]

Remember, nothing else is remotely like the new Improved Kotex. Buy a box today. Kotex Company, 180 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill



No laundry—discards as easily as a piece of tissue

"Ask for them by name"

KOTEX

PROTECTS—DEODORIZES

Supplied also through vending cabinets in rest-rooms by West Disinfecting Co.

© 1928, by American Weekly, Inc. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

To Keep Fruit

IN keeping fruit, let it be spread out in a light, airy place; two pieces touching. If piled together, or if stored in a close dark place it will decompose quickly.

Rub BAUME BENGUE (pronounced Ben-Gay) on the forehead and outside of the nostrils. Its penetrating quality at once felt. Head throb is lessened, and the congested mucous membrane relieved.

The "stuffiness" usually felt quickly disappears if a little BALM is melted in a spoon and the vapor inhaled. Use it for every chest cold and every ache or pain in nerve or muscle.

BAUME BENGUE
ANALGESIQUE

Advertisement.

Freckle-Face

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of Those Ugly Spots

[illegible]

Advertisement.

Three Days of Terror

By J. S. Fletcher

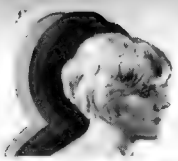
The Story of a World Menaced by a Strange Power

Synopsis of Preceding Chapters.

HENRY GRAHAM is engaged to Evelyn Wynyard, ward of his uncle, Oliver Wynyard, Chancellor of the Exchequer. At the latter's house Count de Reinelle, a mysterious Frenchman of double reputation as an assassin and scientist, Graham is struck by the unusual appearance of the count and notices an indefinable air of uneasiness while in his company.

The Dictators, a secret society in possession of a newly-discovered gas capable of destroying the world, demand a ransom of £10,000,000 from the Government. When this is refused they blow up several banks around Charing Cross station and also that [illegible] and [illegible] rapidly disappear, the gas acting as though it [illegible] The Dictators issue a public ultimatum demanding that the ransom be paid immediately or they will blow up London.

Sir Llewellin offers Wynyard his yacht in Scotland's waters as a refuge for the Government. Wynyard [illegible] and Graham, Evelyn, Stephen Todd, [illegible] authority on Anarchist outrages, [illegible] Island off the [illegible] Graham [illegible] Stephen Todd, [illegible] authority on Anarchist outrages, [illegible] Island off the [illegible] Graham [illegible] Stephen Todd, intimating that [illegible] authority on Anarchist outrages, [illegible] Island off the [illegible] Graham [illegible] Stephen Todd, intimated



BLONDE HAIR
need never darken
if you use the right shampoo

N[illegible] need fear for their hair to grow dull and dry. Here's the special [illegible] that keeps golden hair [illegible] ... Just ask the Canadian Government Department [illegible] for generous trial package.

Swedish Shampoos Laboratories,
Dept. 244, 21 W. 26th St., N. Y. C.
I would like to try Blondex the special golden shampoo for blonde hair. Please send me a free trial package.

Name .....
Address .....
City ..... State .....

Coast Guard Staging Pirate Spectacles

FORMERLY the prevention of smuggling was almost the whole of the U. S. Coast Guard's business. Now its duties are many and varied; and only the other day it was called upon to help stage a pirate show at Wilmington, N. C.

On that occasion a 36-foot motor life-boat was built up with a superstructure and fitted out to represent a pirate ship. Though of miniature size, the craft was made as accurate in detail as possible, and at her fore peak flew the skull and crossbones of the Jolly Roger. She was manned by a crew of picked "cutthroats" of the Coast Guard in appropriate and picturesque costume.

A second motor lifeboat was converted into a convoying vessel, and manned by Coast Guardsmen in uniforms of the eighteenth century. She was, in miniature, an accurate copy of the revenue cutter Eagle, which in 1747 helped to defend the Cape Fear River against the advance of a piratical expedition.

Both ships were armed with 6-pounder guns lent by the modern Coast Guard cutter Modoc, and, blazing away at each other with blank charges, they gave much realism to a mock battle which was the principal feature of the recent historical celebration at Wilmington.

The Coast Guards' Replica of the Buccaneers' Ship, Used in the Marine Spectacle at Wilmington, N. C.

The Government believes that by encouraging such spectacles, the members of the service, as well as the citizens of the cities thus favored, are benefitted by the research that is necessary to producing a historical pageant. It also serves as a sort of recreation for the personnel, who plunge into the work of converting ships and decorating them according to story with much vigor and pride.

And on such occasions there is always a series of social functions, for which the men are given coveted shore leave. On the occasion of the Wilmington fete there was, of course, a [illegible] ball given by the [illegible] for the [illegible] and [illegible] ... [illegible] ... [illegible] ...

Sundaes.

ICE CREAM sundaes can be served as a dessert by pouring a little chocolate syrup over the ice cream. The syrup is made by boiling equal parts of sugar and water with cocoa. Boil until it thickens.

Three Days of Terror

By J. S. Fletcher

(Continued from Page 16)

...ed followed us, at first slowly, ... with rapidly increasing speed. ... soon sailed much faster than ... at any rate within a few ... he approached to within ... half a mile of us ... then that the thing hap-

It is hard to describe, ... went did happen. I was ... at the captain's side, on ... and we were both look- ... yacht. Suddenly I saw ... bigger—just as a man slaz- ... was less so—not through ... No, it rather seemed to ... the word. ... her entire ... every part of her—the funnels, the ventilators, the shining brass work on her deck—seemed to quiver, as if she were a human being. And ... seemed to be crumpled up, just as a scrap of paper is crumpled up by a fierce flame, and almost before we knew what had happened the yacht had disappeared.

I gripped the captain's arm. He flung off Lord Leaf. He leaped to the engine-room. I heard him ... tinue. I felt the great ship, already steaming at tremendous speed, leap forward trembling. I ... her quarter—and ... through the ... water. I looked at the captain, ... was white and he wiped ... sweat from it, and ... lips trembled as I heard him ...

"If only we are out of range! If only we are out of range!"

CHAPTER XXIV.

Narrative of Miss Beachcroft—IV.

IT was some time before I ventured to address the captain. The warship was now tearing through the water at a terrific speed, and her funnel vomited continuous clouds of smoke which went sailing away across the sea in dense masses. I never saw such looks of anxiety in my life as I saw on the faces of the men by whom I was surrounded. Officers and men alike seemed filled with apprehension since the terrible destruction of the yacht.

They still had their eyes fixed on the Island, the towers of which we could just see, but once or twice they glanced at the captain, and ... poured out of the funnel, as if they wondered whether the speed to which he was ... becoming ... But he, never taking his eyes from the Island, neither spoke nor moved until the rose-hued towers of the castle had ... dipped—then the bell rang again, and the great warship, groaning and straining, lessened her speed and flew forward in smoother fashion.

The captain wiped his forehead and muttered his first officer to his side. They conversed together in low tones for a few moments, and then the captain turned to me and ... to his cabin. We left the bridge together, and I remember that as soon as I began to walk I was ... a curiously weak feeling. When we got into his cabin the captain gave me some brandy, and I even swallowed a stiff dose of it myself. It was easy to see that he had received a severe shock.

"Miss Beachcroft," he said, "I ought to tell you. You told us ... destruction of a large ... of your metropolis the other ... Did you witness that event?"

"No," I replied. "But I know ... what happened. I heard ... about it before I left ..."

"... you heard, did that ... mention the destruc- ... ?" he said, with ... accent. "Any ... fingers—"

"... something like ... —I think I ... in the press ... of business."

"From all that I heard," I made ... reply, "the aim at Charing Cross must have been ... Sadly ... aim! ... no sound; ... was nothing but a sudden ... one might say, ... lifting."

"Everything was all crumpled up and became as nothing, eh?" ...

"Just like the yacht ... wood, iron, ... being—all destroyed ..."

"I said once more ...

He began to walk up and down, ... his hands opening and ... his mouth, and giving ... other remarkable signs of his ... and perturbation.

"But I have never heard of such a thing!" he said, stopping in front of me at last and clapping his ... "These people, whoever they ... must be in possession of some secret which even the very greatest chemists do not know of! Why, not even lightning would have such an effect. They shoot their power forth, and pouf!—whatever it hits is gone—disappeared! How do we know that they may not yet destroy us? That ... Mein Gott!"

"I have an idea," I said. "Is it not possible that the yacht was destroyed by the explosion of a mine charged with this marvelous force? I ask, because it seems to ... that as we were in close proximity to the yacht at the time, they might as easily have destroyed us as her. Perhaps that Island is surrounded by mines, and perhaps the yacht crossed one and was——"

"Ah!" he said admiringly. "That was an excellent conception. Mines! Yes—it is most likely. It must have been a mine. Well, but what is to be done now? Here are those three unfortunate men still in the hands of the devil, and here is that Island filled with—Ach Himmel, what is it filled with? I ought to go on my way—already I have lost several hours."

One of the Shapes Moved Forward, Lifted Its Arms, and a Long, Weird Cry Came Across the Waters.

"I cannot advise you," I said "Only one thing—carry us all with you wherever you are going."

He was proceeding to assure me with great politeness that he would never desert us until our feet were safely planted on German soil, when an officer hastily entered the cabin with the news that a ship flying the English flag was in sight, steaming at great speed towards us. I rushed out and darted up to the bridge before the two astonished Teutons knew what I was after.

"Why, it's an English man-o'-war!" I exclaimed as the captain came after me. "A first-class cruiser, too—look at the way she's coming along!"

I hastened to Evelyn and finding her much better and greatly cheered by my news of the English man-of-war, took her on deck. The two ships were now within half a mile of each other, signals were being exchanged, and one of the younger officers standing near us with his glasses at his eyes suddenly read out the English ship's name.

"It is the 'Avenger,'" he said, turning to us with a nod.

"The Avenger!" exclaimed Evelyn. "Why, that's Eustace Wynyard's ship—you remember the Avenger, Cynthia!—we went over her at Portsmouth. Don't you remember that Eustace told us all about her—she's a first-class armored cruiser, I don't know how many thousand guns and tons and horse-power and all the rest of it."

"Yes, I remember," I said. "But I shall remember seeing her now much better than seeing her at Portsmouth. Let's see, and isn't Winthrop Leyland her commander—weren't we introduced to him that day? I have misty recollections of something of that sort."

"Oh, Cyclops! We lunched with him!" said Evelyn, reproachfully. "Why—you asked him why they called him 'Fighting Leyland,' in the Navy."

"Never mind," I said, "I'll ask him again some day. There—they're going to hail each other."

The two great ships now lay motionless, and almost opposite each other. We listened eagerly as the officer vociferated. The young officer who had told us the name of the English man-of-war explained to us what was being said.

"They want to know have we seen or heard of an English vessel called the Malvolio of Hull," he said, after much shouting had gone on. "We reply—yes, we cut her in two last night. . . . They seem

(Continued on Page 22)

Left-over Fish.

LEFT-OVER fried fish can either be served cold as a salad, or creamed on toast.

Waxing Supplies Worth $1.20

EVERYTHING you need to have and keep floors beautifully polished ... in the Old English Waxer Polisher Outfit at the low sale price. ... consists of four wax applies a ... worth $1.20 ... Old English Waxer-Polisher worth $3.00 itself, can Old English Paste Wax with ... not ... can Old English Liquid Wax worth 75c, and valuable book on "Floor Care."

You merely glide the Waxer-Polisher over your floors. It goes everywhere—under any furniture, under radiators right up to the baseboard. With it you can both apply the wax and polish the floor without stooping or kneeling. Can be used with either paste or liquid wax.

For sale at *retail hardware, drug, house-furnishing, department stores.* If your dealer cannot supply you, send check or money-order with coupon below. Manufactured by makers of the famous

Old English Wax

The A. S. Boyle Co., 908 Pyne Ave., Cincinnati, O. Send me an Old English Waxing Outfit as offered $3.00 price (Denver and West, $3.25; Canada, $4.50; Winnipeg and West, $5.00), mailed.

Name .....

Address .....

Its loveliness will thrill SMART AMERICA

Miss Rosa Ponselle

FOR fifteen years I endeavored to bring more grace, more ... to the hands of my clients who, I really believe, are among the most fastidious women in the world.

My only problem was to find a polish that would ... the tips with beauty.

I had begun to ... that it was looking for a ... when I ... that my fondest hopes for perfection were ... My clients were ecstatic.

Here at last is the ... that bestows on the ... to match the adoring ... of a flawless pearl ... to make hands *lovely*.

Its soft patina, its lovely lustre for a whole week its radiant beauty remains undimmed! And it does not crack, peel ... in spots.

Beauty in a Twinkling

Its ease of application makes Glazo more wonderful. For now you can give your nails the loveliness which distinguishes the hands of my clients.

Of course, you can purchase Glazo at all the better shops and stores. Its price complete with remover is fifty cents. Also for preserving the beauty of the cuticle there is nothing better than Glazo Cuticle Oil or Glazo Cuticle Cream. I suggest that you use the one you prefer.

Send For My Booklet

Just a word from you will bring you my complete little booklet on manicuring which shows you how to keep industrious hands forever lovely—and a Miniature Glazo Manicure. Fill in and mail the coupon with ten cents.

Miss Rosa Ponselle
42 Park Street,
Montclair, N. J.

Please send me ... Miniature Glazo Manicure ... booklet on manicuring.

Name .....

Street .....

City .....

MILK and HONEY

SMART WOMEN are discarding ... MILK ... for the most ... in history called

The MILKY WAY TO BEAUTY

... everywhere.

MILK-EGG BLEACH PACK—... tones ... whitens ... clears ... Jar ... $1.00

MILKY-WAY CREAM—... cream ... Jar ... $1.00

GET ACQUAINTED OFFER

... upon receipt of $1.00, ... Milky-Way, ... Chicago, Ill. ... Toilet Sampling Set.

Print Name .....

Street .....

City .....

FREE! lessons

JAZZ PIANO PLAYING MADE EASY!

Ask any music dealer about this wonderful offer and to show you the quick, easy

WINN JAZZ BOOKS

Or write to WINN SCHOOL of POPULAR MUSIC

44 West 34th Street, New York

"OFTEN SO TIRED I could hardly finish the program"

Philadelphia, Pa.

"In business all day—then, every evening well into the night, practising with our little orchestra . . . no wonder I began to feel continually tired!

"What sleep I could get didn't seem to do me any good. My weight dropped to 112 pounds, my face lost all its old healthy color.

"As our engagements became more frequent, matters became even worse. I was often so fagged that I wanted to drop out, but as part of the orchestra I was forced to see it through.

"This kept up till, on the suggestion of a young man in the office, I began eating Fleischmann's Yeast. I ate a cake before each meal, and in less than three months my color had come back and my weight was again normal. Today, instead of dreading our engagements I look forward to them with pleasure."

Edward T. Brown, Jr.

Mr. Edward T. Brown, Jr., of Philadelphia

AS fresh as the tenderest home-grown vegetables, Fleischmann's Yeast is a food, not a medicine.

Easily, naturally it cleanses the intestines of poisons—softening the intestinal contents and toning up the sluggish muscles. The result is prompter, more complete elimination—improved digestion—a clearer, healthier complexion.

You can get Fleischmann's Yeast at any grocery store. Buy two or three days' supply at a time and keep in any cool, dry place. And write for a free copy of the latest booklet on Yeast in the diet. Address Health Research Dept. S-51, The Fleischmann Company, 701 Washington Street, New York City.

LEFT

Enjoying her new-found health . . . Miss Margaret Berry of Chicago, in action on the basketball floor. Miss Berry writes:

"I used to be all tired out every morning before going to school. I was nervous and irritable, and even resented the fact that I had to eat.

"And I was bothered with a breaking out on my back.

"My friend told me about Fleischmann's Yeast and, though I doubted that it would do me any good, I began to eat it before every meal. In a very short time I began to enjoy my meals again. I now feel better in every way. And my skin is better, too."

Margaret Berry, Chicago, Ill.

RIGHT

"I have been a long distance runner for twenty-two years. Work hard all day, then go to the gym and run ten miles or more three times a week.

"When in training for a long run, as for my recent 70-mile endurance test, I eat several cakes of Fleischmann's Yeast every day around mealtime or between meals.

"I have eaten Fleischmann's Yeast regularly for twelve years. I carry a little case that holds three cakes, and I defy anyone to catch me when I haven't got at least one cake on my person. Fleischmann's Yeast tones you up and makes you feel fit."

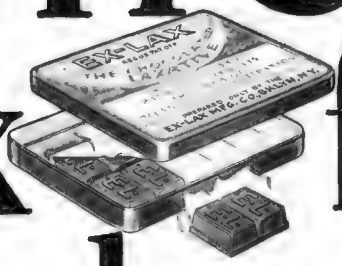
Harry Duell, Minneapolis, Minn.

New health, new zest in life—
this easy way:

Eat three cakes of Fleischmann's Yeast regularly every day, one cake before each meal or between meals. Eat it plain, or dissolved in water (hot or cold) or any other way you like. For stubborn constipation physicians say it is best to drink one cake in a glass of hot water—not scalding—before meals and before going to bed. Train yourself to regular daily habits. Dangerous cathartics will gradually become unnecessary.

© 1926, by American Weekly, Inc. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

children coax for this *safe* laxative



Gone forever are those nasty medicines that upset the nervous system and stomach. Now when constipation threatens let your children eat a piece of Ex-Lax, the safe, non-habit-forming laxative. It tastes like a fine chocolate bar. It is made from pure chocolate and contains a harmless, tasteless laxative ingredient that mildly and pleasantly relieves constipation and protects precious health. Give Ex-Lax to your children to keep them healthy. Take it yourself. Doctors recommend it both for grown-ups and children. Get Ex-Lax, the chocolated laxative, from your druggist, 10c, 25c and 50c. Also for more obstinate cases he sells Ex-Lax, Fig Flavor, a delicious fruit laxative made from the choicest Smyrna figs, 15c and 35c. In foreign countries, slightly more.

Forcing children to take castor oil or bitter pills may upset their nervous systems or derange their stomachs. Most physicians agree that it is preferable to give children a palatable laxative. Phenolphthalein, the active ingredient in Ex-Lax, is frequently prescribed by doctors.

for constipation

EX-LAX

NOW MAIL COUPON FOR FREE EX-LAX

EX-LAX MFG. CO., P.O. Box 170, Times Plaza Station, Dept. AW 328, Brooklyn, N.Y.
I want my children to try this safe, delicious laxative. I want to try it myself. Please send me without obligation on my part, a trial size of Ex-Lax.

Name_____

Street_____

City and State_____

IT'S THE CANDY!

The Unlit Lamp By Sinclair Murray

(Continued from Page 14)

...ment Herbert, and, realizing ...t further progress now lay ... hands, was enjoying himself ...odingly. There was, too, an ... matter that moved darkly ... and on which account he d... to hurry. And he ... camels that are ... For long days ... Massoud glanced down the ... mud houses ... thoroughfare of El Feija, and saw ... other ... woman with men's clothes and ... a pool talking, surrounded by a ... shudder of staring and naked children. It struck him that these ... rich people—to have come ... so far for nothing. Rich! He ... red at the string of holy beads, ... and looked decisively at Casgrain ... It meant ... that with great ... effort I could find them—but not ... till tomorrow. A hundred francs a day for each camel. Never before have I made so small a price."

Casgrain also looked at the pool. Then he began to smoke.

"I will give you fifty, and their food."

This after a long deliberate pause.

The headman spread out his polished palms in dismay. "We be poor people in El Feija, and they are noble beasts. Ninety—and their food."

Casgrain laughed at him. "I am not buying camels, also it is written that there is much poverty outside El Feija. Let it be sixty."

"The camels of which I speak are such that they would die of shame if they heard you. If God wills, I make it eighty, and not a franc less. But let this be a secret between thee and me."

"The sun is too hot for much talk, and the tongue wearies with many words. It might be that I make it seventy, but, doing this, I go in rags for the rest of my life."

"Then to keep thy feet from the stones I make it halfway between eighty and seventy. And their food—and food for the drivers—and a gift at the end of the journey."

Casgrain chuckled "Tomorrow, before the sun is hot. Let it be thus."

He went off to the others and Massoud sat for a moment deep in thought. His hard, weather-beaten face was not pretty, his eyes were half closed, and his lips lifted a little, showing his rusty teeth. Again he fingered his holy beads and presently signaled to a tall young Arab who lounged a little way off. There ensued a low-voiced conversation, with covert glances at the strangers. Suddenly the young man's eyes rounded, and he made a gesture.

"It is death if this wife ... ered."

Massoud smiled sardonically "I speak it into the hollow of your ear, and do not call from the housetops. The part you take is very simple."

"Where are those Negroes ..."

It is a tribe of the Igiri desert, and they camp today near the Springs of Dra. That is a matter of but thirty miles and very easy. With my racing camel you can be there in four hours. Go, therefore, quickly, looking not behind, and tell the Kaid what I have told thee. I know not his name, but he is a small man and the point of his nose cut off. There can be no mistake."

"And how many of them shall come?"

"As many as the Kaid may bring. The Roumis have but few arms and on account of the women there will be little fighting. It is well, also, that you describe these women, for, as the Kaid will remember, the Roumis pay great sums to ransom their wives. That is strange, but true. Go therefore, and peace go with you."

* * *

The camels of El Dhid moved disdainfully across the face of the desert, and, perched high on the leading one, the merchant regarded the tawny slopes of the Jebel Ban. Already there could be distinguished the great wrinkle at the foot of which lay the green patch that was El Feija, and on the edge of the green he made out two points of white that he instantly knew to be tents. There are, by nature, no white things in the desert.

He turned, glanced strangely at Rezala, and waved his hand.

"We shall find strangers today. I think they are Roumis."

The dream darted back into the girl's mind, and she became at once prodigiously interested. She looked at Feverill. Did he remember the dream?

"Perhaps there may be women!"

If Feverill was interested she could not tell, but he gave no sign. If these were Christians they would be the first he had seen for months. Then, with an involuntary smile, he reflected that to them he would be like any other Arab. A curious situation, this. He rather liked it.

"I would be so happy to talk to a Nedjez woman," added Rezala plaintively.

"The Nedjez woman would like it, too," said Feverill.

El Dhid set up and looked at him very hard. "What do you know of such women? Have they dealings with a panther?"

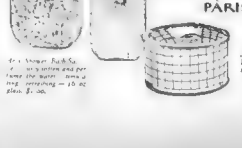
"I have seen them in many places, and was able to make myself understood," said Feverill, calmly.

The father of Rezala did not answer at once, but was watching his prospective son-in-law very closely for the last three days since they left El Harib, and was wondering "Preciosa Beauty Secrets." Over edition is limited and first come first served. Simply mail the coupon with 25c to cover packing and mailing. Send today to make sure of getting your copy.

free for the cost of mailing

Prices quoted apply to U.S.A. only.

CHERAMY
PARIS - NEW YORK



A fire-fighter is as good as his muscles

7 out of 10 fire-fighters questioned use this to avoid muscle lameness

A FIRE-FIGHTER has to keep his muscles always strong and supple. He must be able to climb and jump with the agility and swiftness of a cat—to perform almost superhuman feats of strength.

And yet think of the conditions under which he works! Out in all kinds of weather, drenched for hours with the spray from the big hose, he is constantly exposed to the chilling that causes stiffness of the muscles, rheumatism, bad congestions. And his heavy muscles strain—the risks he takes cannot but bring a certain amount of lumbagos and numerous minor injuries.

We went right to the fire-fighters themselves and asked them how they ward off the results of chilling—what they use for lameness, stiffness, congestions, injuries.

Out of hundreds questioned, 7 out of 10 said they use Sloan's.

All workers who face exposure and strain praise it

In every walk of life where men and women work hard—face exposure—run the risk of accidents—you'll find Sloan's Liniment the stand-by. It saves them hours of pain, days of lost time.

Read this statement from a lifeguard at Coney Island:

"I have been a lifeguard for the City of New York for many years, and sometimes after being out on the beach all day in rainy weather, I come home aching all over with muscular rheumatism. But as soon as I apply Sloan's Liniment the pain goes away. I also find it good for a rub down after a long swim or a rescue, and I always carry Sloan's Liniment in my first-aid kit." *Walter C. Monyhart, 918 Gravesend Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.*

And this from a policeman: "I have had Sloan's Liniment give me great relief when all others fail. I recommend Sloan's for all pains in the back and legs. I do a lot of walking and am exposed to all kinds of weather." *W. R. Christy, 1933 Master St., Philadelphia, Pa.*

One of the fire-fighters questioned. *7 out of 10 told us that they use Sloan's to protect them from exposure and strain*

Sloan's is sure—quick

What makes Sloan's Liniment relieve pain where all other liniments fail?

Simply because Sloan's works by stirring up the body's own powers to heal itself. It doesn't just deaden the pain. It gets at the cause. It stirs up the circulation—breaks congestion—clears out germs and poisons. The pain stops because the trouble is gone. You can get a bottle that will last a long time for 35 cents at any druggist's. Use it for:

Rheumatism	*Lame muscles*
Sciatica	*Stiff neck*
Lumbago	*Colds and congestions*
Neuralgia	

Sprains and bruises

The company doctor of one of the biggest industries of the country says of Sloan's: "People whose work exposes them to strain or to damp and cold usually suffer from a good deal of muscular soreness. We find that Sloan's gives them quick, positive relief."

SLOAN'S *Endorsed universally by those who do the world's hard work*

My Most Precious *Beauty Secret*

by Vera Reynolds

VERA REYNOLDS: *Lovely young Paris-De Miribi star appearing in picture of original title "Le Mien Perez" and "Walking Back".*

THE greatest secret in charm and beauty the success of my dreams—that's how Vera Reynolds describes the secret of her loveliness. Every girl wants to have them, and for keeping. Some women are more secret of them with one, or three, or six, and you may have as much as you can afford in your own home even day by simply mailing the coupon below.

Learn from Miss Reynolds the secret of complete relaxation. Learn how, no matter how strenuous your life and work, how wearing and aging, you may easily retain your youthful appearance and freshness of your teens, while your form yet rounded in curves, your skin shows never a trace of wrinkle.

And Miss Reynolds' secret is but one of twenty, all given in what is probably one of the most unique and valuable little books ever printed, a book of beauty secrets written by 20 of the most noted and beautiful women of the screen—a book which you may have for the small cost of packing and postage, if you send the coupon below.

Write Today for This Amazing Book

If you spent thousands of dollars with the world's greatest beauty specialists, you could hardly obtain more valuable information and advice than is contained in this one priceless little volume. Remember it is written by women who know women who must know, because they must retain their unique loveliness and fascination, or their entire career is over. Learn how one gorgeous star attains that glorious surrole of hair—how another who is far, far past her teens preserves the perfect, rose-petal skin and lovely rounded contour of a young girl—how a third has achieved her lovely arms and hands—the secret of youthful slenderness without a hint of scrawniness—a dozen little tricks of make-up known only to the greatest experts in make-up.

You'll find it all in this amazing book. Attractively bound and profusely illustrated, if sold through the usual channels it would probably cost a dollar or more. But Cheramy offers it to you now, together with a generous container of the lovely April Showers Talc, for only 25c (to cover cost of making).

Rightly called the Perfume of Youth, April Showers is gay, laughing, youthful as the Springtime—yet smartly sophisticated, a favorite with the Parisienne. To know the exquisite April Showers toiletries is to adopt them as your own. Frankly, that is why we would like to send you the talc.

But you must write at once if you want the book "Precious Beauty Secrets". Our edition is limited and first come first served. Simply mail the coupon with 25c to cover packing and mailing. Send today to make sure of getting your copy.

free for the cost of mailing

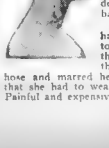
Prices quoted apply to U.S.A. only.

CHERAMY
PARIS - NEW YORK

Many Here Get Rid of Superfluous Hair by Novel French Method

Clear Arms, Legs and Neck, Quickly and Safely

By following the advice of her aunt, who is employed in a well known beauty parlor, Miss Gloria Johnson, like hundreds of local women, discovered how quickly, pleasantly and inexpensively superfluous hair can now be removed from the arms, legs, under-arms and back of neck.



Miss Johnson had tried vainly to get rid of hair that showed through her silk hose and marred her forearms so that she had to wear long sleeves. Painful and expensive methods had irritated her skin without removing the hair.

Her aunt's advice proved a blessing! Applying X-Bazin Cream like a cold cream, she left it on only five minutes and then washed it off like soap. Every trace of unwanted hair had gone, and she found her skin soft, clean, smooth as a child's. Now, she reports, she wears evening gowns and sheer hose without hesitation.

Thousands of women have followed the advice of beauty doctors and used X-BAZIN cream, made after the formula of Dr. Xavier Bazin, the famous French specialist. A generous tube with certified directions may be had of your druggist or toilet goods dealer for 50c. Trial 10c tubes at the better 5c and 10c Stores.

X-BAZIN CREAM
Removes Superfluous Hair
Painless, Inexpensive and Quick
"Put on Like Cold Cream, Wash off Like Soap."

(Continued on Page 21)

New Hair Style from New York

"I've a little time to myself," says Mildred Wood, Jackson New York City girl who lives at 1164 Jackson Street. "But what I do in that time is a help to me to learn the new ways so many of my girl friends are doing their hair. Now I just put a few dashes of Danderine on my brush every time I go out. It makes my hair easy to dress and bobs it in place. And I feel it's doing a good work. I scratch my head briefly and my hair is always gleaming and silky instead of looking dull and stringy like it did before I started using Danderine."

Danderine does more than to bring out the natural lustre, life and beauty of you, hair. It removes all the dust, dirt and oil from your hair—invigorates and refreshes your scalp—keeps dandruff away. All drug stores have the 35c bottles. Loosen dandruff and a healthy scalp for a few cents!

DANDERINE
"The One Minute Hair Beautifier"

For a Weak Back

Put an *Allcock's Plaster* on the weak spot. It will not only remove any pain, but will strengthen the part to which it is applied, and restore energy, and make life a pleasure instead of a burden.

Always Ask for
ALLCOCK'S PLASTER
A Remedy of 80 Years' Standing

1928, by American Weekly Inc. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

The Unlit Lamp

By Sinclair Murray

(Continued from Page 20)

became aware of Rezala's eyes, searching him, large, anxious, pleading, asking him a thousand questions. This thing—all of it—was written. It absorbed her as had nothing else in her whole life—and she feared it. Innumerable points she wanted to know, because, by instinct, she felt that these were his sort of people. He was like that when not a Berber. A sort of god!

But she did not dare to speak, yet, and El Dhid, swallowing his own curiosity, led a little nearer the village. Dismounting, he made a sign to his servants to pitch the shelter.

The camels, at a tapping on their huge bony knees, groaned mightily and came complaining to the earth. Silent men in white appeared from the mud-walled houses. The half naked children glanced at the new arrivals and turned back to that which was more wonderful by far. Then arose the Bedouin camp of El Dhid a stone's throw from the white tents of the Pollitts of Bryanston Square.

The cycle was nearly closed, nearly complete, but not quite. Thirty miles to the south, where the ice-cold Springs of Dra leap to sunlight from beneath the feet of the Jebel Ban, a small, pock-marked man, the end of whose nose was missing, sat in the middle of a circle of wild-eyed Nomads. He talked in the dialect of Igidi, and his words lit a quick fire in every untamed breast.

CHAPTER XVII.

THE sun, dipping behind the red shoulders of the Jebel Ban, flung league-long shadows over the hot face of the desert. The shimmer in the air cooled to a still clarity, so that to look eastward was to look out over a solidified sea whose dwindling perspective was amazingly sharp. There was no wind, and from the camp of the Roumis a threadlike pencil of grey smoke climbed skyward, its tenuous membrane dissolving in the motionless atmosphere.

Vere and Mrs. Pollitt, increasingly intrigued with the present situation, were watching Rezala who sat alone at the door of her father's tent, and, consumed with curiosity, they called Casgrain to aid.

"We want to talk to that girl," announced Mrs. Pollitt. "She looks perfectly fascinating, but she won't understand a word. Can't you introduce us?"

He nodded, having known at once by Rezala's unveiled face that it would be permitted to speak to her, and went over. Rezala, missing nothing of this, felt very excited.

"If it is your wish, the Negleez ladies would talk with you," he said, smiling.

She immediately smiled back. She liked this man's face, liked the look in his eyes, and he spoke her own tongue as though born to it. Heart fluttering, she followed him. The other two, uncertain whether to shake hands, made room for her between them.

Rezala sat down as a leaf sinks to the ground. These women had short hair, while her own fell in one long thick braid. It was very strange. The skin at their necks was very white, and her own a pale biscuit brown. She was attracted by the expression of the elder, and secretly feared lest the blue eyes and gold hair of the other woman have their effect on El Nemir. But perhaps this was the kind from which, by the mercy of Providence, he was free.

There enued a conversation with Casgrain as go-between. Rezala began by timidly trying her English, but was too nervous to get more than a few broken words. Then she called in assistance. She learned from the older woman that the other Roumi was her husband, and the interpreter was not husband to the other. This made it more important than ever to fortify her own position, and just at this moment Feverill came out of the mud-walled house of Massoud, and moved toward them.

Vere turned and stared at him. His hair still revealed only his eyes, but there was something about his figure and walk that gave her an extraordinary impression. Ridiculous! He stood, a white-shrouded Arab from the wilderness, only a few feet away.

"Ask who he is," she said quickly.

"I would like to talk to him. Does he speak English or French?"

Rezala, with a sharp glance at the man's impassive face, shook her head energetically. "Tell her that he understands not English." She was thoroughly frightened now.

The man's eye looked faintly amused, and Vere knew that he had understood something. She felt baffled and disappointed.

"Good day," she said, determined to draw out some response.

He made a grave salute, the same as she had seen Massoud give Casgrain. From what little she could discern of his face, he looked intelligent. He was tall and straight, his skin a copper bronze, his naked feet thrust into thick-soled sandals of soft leather. Then, because he could not possibly understand, she put a question to Casgrain.

"Are the eyes of Arabs often as gray as that?"

"Yes, but only among the Berbers. It's nothing unusual. Almost English eyes, aren't they? Do you want to talk to him? He's going to marry this girl."

She glanced at Rezala, who was staring at the man, her whole soul in her eyes. Nothing could have been more eloquent, and here, if anywhere, thought Vere, was wild love. But the man, for his part, signaled nothing back.

"Tell him, please, that I hope they'll both be very happy."

Casgrain put this into faultless and flowery Arabic, adorning it with every possible ancient compliment to the girl's beauty and the man's strength. The eyes of El Nemir looked remotely amused, and he made the same salute as before. Rezala was infinitely relieved, it being quite evident now that this girl was to be married to the Roumi with the short black beard.

"I hope the woman with the gold hair will be happy with you, too," put in Rezala, not to be outdone in civility.

Casgrain got rather red, then laughed, and Vere made him explain. He did this rather unwillingly, conscious that the Arab was regarding him with a cool, hard stare. It was the stare with which men weigh each other, finally and dispassionately. But he did not speak. He made a sign to Rezala, and the two moved off to the tent of El Dhid.

El Dhid, advancing, salaamed, then asked in a very composed voice if he might have a few words with the Roumi who spoke Arabic. He had come away from a purely formal visit to Massoud not over comfortable. No definite reason that he could pitch on for this, but, apart from the matter of Rezala's dream he rather felt that for the immediate present it might be well to increase the size of the party, if possible.

Perhaps it was the fleeting gleam he thought he discerned in Massoud's eye when divulging the information that the Roumis were travelling north next day. El Nemir was beside him at the time, but said nothing. Or perhaps it was because El Dhid had recently heard in El Harib that the Touareg Nomads were coming nearer the Jebel Ban this year than ever before.

He really could not quite decide what it was. He knew perfectly well that these wild tribes would never bother him, but could imagine their licking up a party like those Roumis, and holding them for ransom at a very high price. But, probably, the real root of his feeling was Massoud's unspeakable reputation.

Thus, spurred by he knew not what, he opened negotiations with Casgrain by saying who and what he himself was, where he abode, the name of his daughter and that of her future husband.

"My lord travels east with his friends tomorrow?" he asked when that was all clear.

"Yes. They would see something of the desert, and we make for Beni Abbes."

"By way of El Harib?" asked the old man thoughtfully.

"That was our thought."

"If it is the will of God, I return shortly to El Harib myself. But first we go a little north by the Jebel Ban, then east. Why do you not come with us? Is there something that calls you to Beni Abbes?"

He was so earnest that Casgrain looked at him thoughtfully.

"Only the wish of women."

"It is written that the wish of a woman changes like the wind through a tamarisk bush. Would you not come with us, then go North by the caravan route from Timbuktu as far as Kedima? Thence the solid road leads on to Fez."

"It is in your mind that this is safer?"

El Dhid shrugged his shoulders. "Between El Harib and Beni-Abbes is a poor country for the Roumi."

"Nomads!" The word came sharply.

"It may be Nomads. Those there are that journeyed that way a year ago, and have not arrived yet. Nor have they returned. Also, if you come to El Harib it is likely that you can join a caravan of traders going to Fez. These people are rough, but very honest, also there is no danger. And in El Harib my house shall be yours."

Casgrain, admitting to being puzzled, bowed his thanks. It evidently behooved him to be very careful. He could not imagine any tribe of Nomads attacking El Dhid, for Arab did not rob Arab in wholesale fashion like this. It was always the Roumi they sought. The oasis home of El Dhid! That should please everyone. Then he began to wonder about Massoud.

"This headman of El Felja—is he honest? Tell me for my own ear and none other."

El Dhid cleared his throat and just managed to spit this time.

"Were I to sleep beside Massoud I would swallow my purse before I closed my eyes. But it is safe enough to have camels from him. They at least are honest."

Casgrain made up his mind at once. He had his own reasons for wanting this desert journey, and the new proposal was doubly attractive. It did not really matter where they went for the next week or so, and the presence of the girl and her lover introduced an element that appealed to him enormously. El Dhid looked honest, was obviously an established man, and traveled like one who could afford to travel.

"I will talk about this matter with the others, saying nothing of that which lies between me and thee, and give you the word afterwards. But we cannot go before noon on the morrow."

"What is an hour or a day in the years of a man's life? Tell me at sunrise, and peace be with you."

CHAPTER XVIII.

EL FELJA is but a small green patch in an uncharted wilderness of tawny rock, arid soil and shifting sand. It ends almost where it begins, and the last of its dwindling pools delimits the minute area where vegetation of any kind may survive. A hundred feet further is the edge of the desert.

Here sat Michael Feverill when the sun descended on the most extraordinary day of his life. He did not attempt to find any explanation, and accepted the situation with fatalistic irony. This was Africa. In one tent was his wife, in the other the girl who expected him to marry her.

His thoughts went back—back. He was aware that these last months of wandering had had a certain definite effect, and he was devoid of the acid that formerly ate into his heart. In a rather unexpected way he regarded himself less of a man with a grudge against the world. The healing touch of the desert had done that much for him—he who had determined to be free of women. And now——!

What did one do in a case like this? Should he cast aside his Berber cloak? He smiled to remember how fatally well it had served him. What would Vere do then—Vere who had followed all unconsciously to this mud-walled meeting place? But if he did announce himself, what else must he do? He could not appear as the husband of Vere. No obligations on either side!

That brought in Casgrain. He had learned in the village who Casgrain was, where he came from and what he did, the Berbers in Pollitt's party having been very ready to talk. But there was more than that. In Casgrain he saw a man in love with Vere. Why not? This wife of his, this disturbing and hitherto unexplainable woman, was enough to rouse love in any man—any normal man. And, reflected Feverill, he himself had not been normal last June. So why should not this farce be ended, and Casgrain marry her?

He winced a little at that and promptly feared at himself for wincing. Jealous!—was he getting jealous? Absurd! The girl was his, formally and temporarily, but not to take. Suppose he were to smash the mutual agreement, and take her? At this thought the desert seemed to ask what manner of man he was to hesitate—or whether he was a man at all.

Then Rezala, warm, passionate, hungry for love—Rezala in contrast with this wife of his—Rezala who at a crook of the finger would follow him, exultant, to the heart of the sands of Igidi. Had Vere something of that desert fire, he would not hesitate. Perhaps she had—for Casgrain. And Casgrain was on fire. One could see that.

He imagined himself the husband of Rezala. Rezala in his arms. There would be a year, perhaps two, even three, before the flame of that union died down. Then what? He began to grope, trying to picture the rest of his life after that. When Rezala had given all she had to give—when the inevitable calm came before the equally inevitable storm—what then?

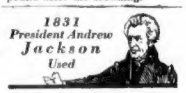
In her own way she was complete, alluring, almost destructive. She was like the sirocco with its fiery breath. But what had the centuries done for this lovely illiterate? Ideas, aspirations, associations, none of these were hers, this flower of the desert, this daughter of the leaning palm. But he, Feverill, in spite of his alien soul, was linked, every fibre of him, with

(Continued on Page 22)

Roast Chicken.

DRESS, clean and stuff chicken. Tie wings and legs. Rub with butter, flour and salt, using about 2 tablespoons flour, 2 tablespoons butter and 1½ teaspoons salt. Place in quick oven and bake about ½ hour or until delicately browned, baste frequently, reduce heat and continue cooking, allowing about 20 minutes for each pound after the browning.

1831
President Andrew Jackson Used



GRAY'S OINTMENT

For 108 years best treatment for Boils, Carbuncles, Sores, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Stings, etc. Science has never equaled or improved upon it.

SAMPLE SENT FREE

together with our 1928 Almanac with Horoscopes, Recipes and Household Helps. Write for yours.

At All Good Drug Stores, 25c

Since 1820

Manufactured by W. F. GRAY & Co. Nashville Tennessee

LOVELY MRS RICHARD PORTER DAVIDSON

of Washington

GRAND DAUGHTER OF MARK HANNA

Mrs. Davidson's unusual beauty always finds its perfect setting in an exquisite taste and smartness in dress. The contrast of this smartly tailored trotteur and her own stirring beauty is characteristic of the lovely subtle effects she achieves

Large dark eyes, wide-set beneath delicately arched brows, and a smooth, creamy complexion make Mrs. Davidson one of the most beautiful women in Washington society. This delightful portrait is by the famous English artist, Olive Snell, who exhibits her delightful work in New York each year.

In this white satin gown by Vionnet, the warm rich tones of Mrs. Davidson's lovely skin and hair are happily accented. The daughter of a famous beauty, her radiant loveliness richly carries on the traditional beauty of the women of her family.

MRS. RICHARD PORTER DAVIDSON—daughter of the renowned beauty Daisy Gordon of Cleveland and granddaughter of Mark Hanna, the famous "Senator from Ohio," is young and beautiful.

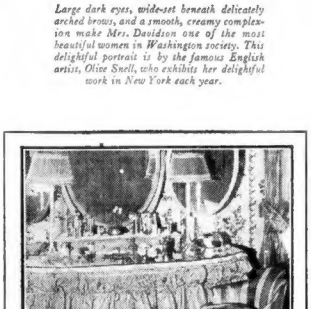
With chestnut-tinted hair and great brown eyes, she is a glowing figure in the more exclusive salons of the Capital and the brilliant international assemblies for which Washington is famed.

A strictly modern young woman with that urge toward achievement which is characteristic of women today, Mrs. Davidson has accepted the challenge of business and has also proven her ability in this field.

But in spite of varied interests and days crowded with action, Mrs. Davidson's beauty is as fresh as the day she came out—for she learned long since, the value of Pond's Two Creams for the care and protection of her lovely skin.

"OF course Pond's Creams aren't new to me," she says, "I've adored them for years—their matchless snowy texture, their intriguing fragrance, the prompt magic of their effect upon the skin!

"Delightful, too, are the new Pond's Skin Freshener and Tissues—to complete the perfect method of keeping the skin young!"



On Mrs. Davidson's dressing table—exquisite in old rose and pale green taffeta—stand two slender lamps of delicate green glass. And, reflecting the lamp's soft rays, jade green jars of Pond's Two Creams and the tonic Skin Freshener.

To guard the skin of youth, or to restore its fragile beauty, use these four enchanting preparations.

FIRST, as always, cleanse your skin with Pond's light and fragrant Cold Cream.

THEN—with Pond's Cleansing Tissues, softer than fine old linen, wipe away gently and completely every trace of oil and dust.

NEXT—tone and firm the skin with Pond's Skin Freshener. It closes the pores, leaves your skin refreshed and fine, without a trace of oiliness.

LAST—for a final touch of loveliness apply the merest breath of Pond's Vanishing Cream.

Do this during the day. And always before retiring cleanse and refresh your skin once more with the Cold Cream and Freshener.

Try these delicious Pond's preparations—know the extra freshening and invigoration they bring. Send today for the complete equipment, enough for a week's exquisite care of your skin.

A New Offer: Trial sizes of Pond's new Skin Freshener and Cleansing Tissues—and the Two famous Creams! **Send this coupon and 10¢.**

POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY, Dept. N.
142 Hudson Street, New York, N. Y.

Name_____

Street_____

City_____ State_____

© 1928, by American Weekly, Inc. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

The Unlit Lamp By Sinclair Murray

(Continued from Page 21)

tradition. The Crusaders, lying with crossed feet in the marble peace of a Dorset chancel claimed him as their son. He was, in a way, immortal. Was Rezala immortal in this fashion?

Torn thus asunder by arrow-headed thoughts, the body of Feverill stirred, complained, revolted. He had to be honest with himself. He wanted both women and was worthy of neither. But Casgrain looked worthy. One had to admit that. Could he, Michael Feverill, therefore go to his wife—now—and say, "I was wrong, and a fool. I want you. Come with me."

"El Nemir!"

He turned. It was Rezala, coming toward him from the low-pitched tent of El Dhid; Rezala with love in her eyes. She sat close to him, putting the warmth of her shoulder against his. It was his arms she wanted.

She did not speak for a moment and he, still ridden by a multitude of self questions, blamed himself for being so cool. She at least was honest, and he was not.

"Today, when I talked with the Roumis, did I say what was right?" she asked after a long silence.

"Yes, that was quite right."

"You did not want them to know that you were a Negiree? I hope you did not."

"No, there was no reason for it," he said, moved by sudden tenderness.

"And the one with gold hair—did you think her very beautiful?" She had been struggling with this for hours.

"Not more than yourself, Rezala."

That pleased her and she sent him a long look as though to tell him a thousand things and make a thousand promises. In the half light she was more than ever lovely, her dark eyes seeming to have captured a tender and inner illumination from the afterglow that was reflected with a subdued lucency.

Her flowerlike face, as seen in this semi-obscurity, was utterly appealing. Under her cloak the perfectly-modelled arms were bare to the shoulder. Never had the African night brought to a man a woman of more allure than hers.

"Are you sure," she asked in a low voice, "that after we are married you will not want to do what I cannot do?"

She put this timidly, profoundly aware of the difference between herself and the woman with gold hair—that visitor from an outer world, very formidable and mysterious to this daughter of the desert. She could only face it if she were completely loved. And if she lost the man she loved, she would kill herself.

Unreality rose like a cloud behind the flame of desire, and Feverill found it difficult to answer. He might want, would almost certainly want to do countless things that she couldn't. Why did she add to his uncertainties like this? A few days ago he had pictured her in the cities of Europe, but now the clear eyes of another woman, very near him at this moment, proclaimed that this was out of the question. That was her place, not Rezala's. And to lift Rezala out of Africa, to the north, was to transplant a passion flower to Iceland.

"Where do you want to live?" He wondered greatly what she would say.

Wise beyond her years, she surprised him.

"Not far from the desert, and in some place where strangers would pass. I cannot be like them, I understand this, but you can teach me more English and I would talk with them."

"You would not like to go across the sea?"

"I might lose you there. Then I would die."

He began to be afraid of what he had created. Or had he created it? Was it not Africa that flung their souls together and watched them wear themselves out with hope and passion, fear and loneliness, the playthings of some vast and ironical scheme?

She went on talking in the same low voice, her shoulder still against his, talking like an artless child, blending in herself a terrific appeal and an abyss of innocent ignorance. It seemed now that a man whose lot was cast here might do no better than take her and mould her to some form of modern life in the wilderness, because here she could contribute much. But not elsewhere.

Thus, thought Feverill, the body of him responding to her touch, the mind of him questioning the fundamentals of existence as never before. One woman had betrayed him. Another used him, asking all and offering nothing. This third one asked nothing and was ready to give all. Which of them was the truest woman? Only one answer to that, but the soul of the man remained unconvinced.

"Look!" whispered Rezala.

Two figures were visible, moving slowly. He recognized Vere and Casgrain, and for a second felt like roaring with sardonic laughter. His wife being made love to under his own eyes! Here was a sight for the gods. And surely the thing that was Africa—the old, unnameable, ruthless spirit of her—would be content this night. That spirit seemed to take form till it became a vast shrouded opaqueness leaning gigantic arms on the Jebel Ban and looking down with a cosmic indifference at these all too earnest pigmies. What did they matter?

"I think they love each other very much." Rezala's voice was soft. Now, if ever, she would make this man her own.

He replied so absently that, offended and hurt, she drew away a little. He did not seem to notice this, having, in truth, arrived suddenly at one of the crossroads of life. There came to him something that, afterwards, he could only believe was a breath of immortality. With it a tremendous conviction that he had been put into the world for a purpose—and the purpose was not what he contemplated now. For the first time in his whole existence he meant something to himself.

What this was he could not yet tell. As far as he understood at the moment, the mysterious instructions—sent from somewhere—were that he was to wait. He was to hold his essential self in reserve, not wasting it in unprofitable passions, saving body and brain for a test that was not far off, and trusting in destiny as he never had trusted before.

The result of this was that he watched the other two with an extraordinary mixture of feelings; and when Rezala, perceiving that he was not thinking of her, left him almost in tears, he made no attempt to follow.

To Be Continued Next Sunday.

Copyright, 1928, by Sinclair Murray. All Rights Reserved.

Three Days of Terror By J. S. Fletcher

(Continued from Page 18)

much astonished—they ask if we have any survivors on board. . . . We reply, yes, we have Honorable Mr. Wynyard, Mr. Graham, Mr. Gettis, all very sick; two ladies also. . . . They say right-oh, their commander is coming aboard."

"Oh, tell them to bring their doctor!" I exclaimed.

We stood at the side while the gig of the Avenger put off and was rapidly pulled across to us. As she came near we recognized her commander, and then Eustace Wynyard, and the latter caught sight of Evelyn and waved his hand joyfully to her. Both men, on gaining the deck of the President Ebert, lost little time in making ceremonious greeting to her captain and officers, after which they rushed at us as if they were going to hug us.

"By Jove, Miss Beachcroft!" said Commander Leyland, as he vigorously shook my hand, "I am glad to find you alive and well. I am all in a fog—I don't know what it all means. I was sent to find the Malvolio, get Wynyard off her, find out from him where a certain M. de Reineville had carried you, Miss Wynyard, and Graham to, and bring you all away. Here you all are, strangely enough."

"It is not so strange," I said. "Suppose you ask the captain to take us all into his cabin and let us get things put straight."

"That's a clever idea," he said, and in a few minutes Evelyn and I, Leyland and Eustace, the German captain and his first officer, were all in the conclave. Leyland became businesslike on the instant.

"This is how I happen to be here," he said. "On the morning of the surrender to the Dictators—"

"What!" Evelyn and I exclaimed simultaneously. "Surrender!"

Leyland hung his head. I think he blushed.

"It's true," he said. "The Government surrendered the morning after you left. Well, never mind—that morning, or early in the afternoon, somebody at the Treasury found a curious document in Mr. Wynyard's private room. It appeared to have been written by the Chancellor himself early that morning. It was rather vague, but it said that he believed himself to have fallen into the power of the Dictators, and that before that power seized upon him altogether, he wished to ask his fellow colleagues to see to his ward, Miss Beachcroft, and his nephew. He added that as for himself he was being drawn away. Well, there was a fine to-do. The wires were set working in all directions.

"They found that Miss Wynyard, Miss Beachcroft, and Mr. Graham had sailed from Gravesend in M. de Reineville's yacht early in the morning, and that M. de Reineville himself, with Mr. Wynyard and another companion, had chartered one of the fastest Wilson liners from Hull and left that port at half-past one in the afternoon. All this was found out within a few hours; in fact there was word to stop the Malvolio received at Hull within two hours of her sailing. The Avenger was at the Nore and was selected as the fastest ship handy, and before night we were off. I don't know whether I have made it all clear," concluded Leyland, looking at the Germans, "but here we are, you know, and now I'd like to know what's happened."

I believe that Leyland and Eustace Wynyard thought they were having bad dreams as I told them what had happened. Then they thought we were all mad, or either mad or lying.

Leyland rose and asked the German captain to accompany him to the sick men in the doctor's charge. They went away and came back with pale faces and an air of distaste of what they had seen, and they sat down again, and for a while said nothing.

"Well," said the German captain, at last, "you have seen and heard."

"More than I ever wished to hear or see," answered Leyland with a shudder.

Then he looked at me. "Miss Beachcroft," he said, "you and Miss Wynyard had better withdraw. We are going to settle matters."

We left them with their chairs and heads drawn close together, and we went on deck and waited for half an hour wondering what they would do. At last the two Englishmen came out, both walking with an alert, confident step; with them came the German captain, smiling joyously. He caught sight of me and waved his hand.

"Ah!" he said. "We have decided to blow that Island into the Sea."

It was, I think, about noon when we came in sight of the Island again, and reduced our speed to a gentle motion. Curiosity began to get strong in me; I felt that I must be on deck where I could see.

I know nothing whatever about nautical warfare or about big guns, and I cannot write in technical language about what followed. All that I know is that for about an hour the two warships poured such a storm of shot upon that Island as perhaps no single limited area ever received in the same space of time.

We were so far away that it was impossible to see exactly how things went on, but after the firing had ceased for a time and the smoke of the big guns had cleared off, we saw that the castle of rosy-hued stone or marble had been leveled to the ground and that flames were bursting out from various parts of the Island. Some exchange of signals went on between the two warships, and after a time Commander Leyland once more came aboard the President Ebert. He smiled when he found me in the captain's conning-tower. But I did not smile when I heard what it was that he had come to propose. He actually wanted to form a joint volunteer party of English and Germans, to go ashore and examine the Island.

To Be Concluded Next Sunday.

Copyright, 1928, by Stribe. All Rights Reserved.

Mlle. Dalbane, the "Death Flower," Whose Lovers All Meet Tragic Ends

(Continued from Double Page)

triple row of chalky cubes of heroin, fall on the carpet.

When the crestfallen detective reported his failure and discomfiture to Bacquart, the criminologist decided on an original move. A less accomplished psychologist would have changed his method of attack, would have multiplied ingenious schemes to trap Marthe Dalbane into the necessary signature of acceptance—and would have found that quick-thinking lady as wary of the last one as of the first.

Bacquart put the case to the crestfallen detective:

"Do you think that 'lightning never strikes twice in the same place'?"

The detective admitted that he had heard that such was the case.

"Well, learn that the reverse is true," chuckled Bacquart. "I say that lightning always strikes twice in the same place. The proof——"

The next afternoon at the same hour in the same disguise and with another Marseilles packet in his hand, the same detective rang at Mlle. Dalbane's doorbell.

This time the clever Marthe accepted the packet without hesitation. As she dipped her pen in ink for the signature she turned to the detective and laughed:

"Yesterday—you'll never guess what I suspected—I thought you were a detective!"

"You know that's just what I thought," agreed the detective, "and when they gave me another package looking just the same and from the same place, I was sure you wouldn't take it from me. I was thinking of getting someone else to deliver it."

"No," said Marthe, as she signed the receipt. "When you came back a second time, I knew it must be all right, because no detective would be so stupid as to try the same thing twice."

"You are right," admitted the messenger, "I certainly would never have done it and had no idea it would work, but nevertheless, I am a detective and you must come with me."

A little later she was in the presence of her old adversary again, Judge Bacquart. He spoke rather kindly, explaining that she would be tried in a few weeks and probably convicted. As a first offender she would receive only a small fine, which she could afford, and he would promise her something that would do her much good. He would see to it that she took the drug cure.

The "Death Flower" was then set free, as is the custom in such cases, with only a warning that she must not leave Paris until after the trial. Marthe went home in despair and her sharp eye told her that she was being shadowed. She had no drugs, dared not hunt for any nor have them sent to her, and, worst of all, she was faced with that terror of terrors, the cure. Yet only a few blocks away was a famous surgeon who had deeply admired her, who probably still admired her, and in his hospital was plenty of drugs. Marthe began to think busily and bitterly.

At breakfast next morning, Judge Bacquart was shocked to read in his morning paper that the lovely "Death Flower," Marthe Dalbane, had attempted suicide by swallowing veronal tablets. It was thought likely she would die. But reading the next paragraph the judge laughed out loud.

"Again that woman thinks faster than I do," he said. "She thinks while I sleep."

The paper stated that Mlle. Dalbane had been taken to Dr. Martel's hospital and that the eminent surgeon had been unsparing in his efforts to save her.

Next week the final chapter from the curiously fatal career of Marthe Dalbane, the mysterious French beauty known as the "Death Flower."

FREE A GENEROUS SAMPLE

AMAMI SHAMPOO

It imparts to the hair the sheen of sparkling cleanliness and leaves a delightful bouquet you'll never tire of. Shimmers dandruff. Does not color the scalp. Send this ad with your name and address. We will send the sample absolutely free.

PRICHARD & CONSTANCE
Dept. 85 49 Warren Street, New York

ITALIAN ACCORDEONS

We manufacture and import all kinds of first class hand-made Italian Accordeons. The best is the cheapest. Ten years guarantee. Our prices are lower than any other maker's.

Free Accordeon instruction to buyers. Write for FREE catalog.

RUATTA SERENELLI & CO.,
1014 Blue Island Ave., Dept. J, Chicago, Ill.

(*Above*) BOWLING TO REDUCE is both entertaining and effective, says Miss Helen Byrne, New York beauty specialist. Here are four more smiles whose brilliance is largely due to Pepsodent.

Remove Dingy Film on Teeth to Make Them Whiter

You merely think your teeth are dull, "off color." The new dental way amazes —it combats serious tooth and gum disorders, too

YOU will never know how gleaming white teeth can be, nor how healthy, until you have removed the film that clouds them. Ordinary brushing fails to remove film successfully. You must remove it scientifically according to dental opinion.

For this purpose specially, a new and different dentifrice is being advised by dentists, called Pepsodent. What it does to make teeth beautiful and keep them healthier seems almost magical.

Film is that slippery, granular coating that forms on teeth. Run your tongue across your teeth and you will feel it.

It clings to teeth, gets into crevices and stays. It absorbs the stains from food and smoking and gives that dull, tarnished look.

Germs by the millions breed in film. It fosters bacteria of decay and serious tooth and gum disorders.

Film is the basis of tartar. And tartar plus germs is an established cause of pyorrhea.

Pepsodent, through the most recent findings of dental chemistry and dental practice, acts in a new and different manner. It first curdles the film and then removes it by gentle safety to enamel.

It acts further to firm the gums. The alkalinity of saliva is multiplied to combat the acids of decay. It cleanses hygienically in a way nothing else does.

Millions have discovered it on dentists' advice. Millions use it because they know it keeps teeth whiter, brighter and healthier than they thought was possible. Get it at your druggist's. Or send coupon for 10-day tube and note the difference in your smile.

Send for 10-day Free Tube

(*Above*) A NEW ICE STAR is Mary Percola, who is fancy skating champion of Michigan, and is, at present, appearing before society in several cities at private exhibitions. Pepsodent keeps her smile charmingly bright.

SMILES ARE DAZZLING WHITE when film is gone. Teeth sparkle like polished jewels. Gums firm to healthy coral tint. Thus this new scientific way of dental care becomes one of the greatest beauty treatments of the day, and, with its unique therapeutic and prophylactic qualities, a great aid in oral hygiene.

PEPSODENT
The Quality Dentifrice—Removes Film from Teeth

(*Above*) REMOVING FILM EACH DAY does in a small way what your dentist does by cleaning teeth. Thus Anne Pomeroy is urged by her doctor to use Pepsodent, the special film-removing dentifrice.

FREE 10-DAY TUBE

Mail coupon to
The Pepsodent Co.,
Dept. 853, 1104 S. Wabash Ave.,
Chicago, Ill., U. S. A.

Name .....

Address .....

City..... Only one tube to a family 2798

(*Above*) AT BILOXI Miss Joan Oglesby and Raymond Whitehouse await the remainder of their foursome. Such smiles as theirs can be expected from Pepsodent alone.

© 1928, by American Weekly, Inc. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

Don't Let Your Baby Suffer at Teething Time

By Anna Lane

So many mothers write me that they have "tried everything" to help their suffering little ones during the troublesome teething period, that I am glad to be able to recommend a lotion which will really bring immediate relief.

Some years ago the noted baby specialist, Dr. D. B. Hand, developed a prescription for the teething babies whom he treated in his extensive private practice. Later this lotion was made available to mothers generally through all drug stores.

I know many families where it has been used for three generations and have in my files thousands of letters explaining how it gave immediate relief even in most severe cases of inflamed, swollen, aching gums.

Just rub Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion on baby's gums—you will find it entirely harmless—no narcotics or other harmful drugs—only natural healing, cooling fluids.

DR. HAND'S Teething Lotion

I have a letter from Mrs. J. W. Fletcher, in which she says: "I rub the gums three to four times a day with Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion, which removes the fever and swelling in the gums, eases the pain and helps baby to rest."

If your baby is giving you trouble with cutting teeth, I am sure you will find this lotion a really marvelous relief—for both of you!

Just mail me a 2c stamp and the name of your druggist. A bottle containing enough for 8 or 8 applications will go to you by return mail. Miss Anna Lane, 433 Arch St., Dept. 14, Philadelphia, Pa.

TOOTHACHE!

Use Dent's Toothache Gum. Not a chewing gum. Applied in cavity It—
(1) Stops toothache instantly
(2) Cleanses and protects cavity
(3) Retards further decay
(4) Destroys all odor.
Does not spoil or dry up like liquids. All druggists or by mail, 25c. Made for 38 years by C. S. Dent & Co., Detroit.

DENT'S TOOTHACHE GUM

What the Well-Dressed Kitchen Will Wear

By Mrs. Christine Frederick,
The Distinguished Authority on Household Efficiency.

MARCH housefurnishing sales are to the fore, and wise is the provident housewife who takes advantage of them. She may need only a few pots, pans or small kitchen tools, or she may be considering an entire new Spring outfit for the kitchen. For today the kitchen is no longer the neglected dark spot of the home as it used to be. Gone are the days when a plain wood table, the kitchen stove and a few shelves with an unattractive cast-off chair was the portion of Dinah or Lizzie. No indeed, the mistress has become her own maid and chooses what her well-dressed kitchen will wear with as much thought and discrimination as she does the decorating of other rooms in the house.

Let us start with the structure and wall treatment of the kitchen. The smaller the space the better, as long as it is arranged for efficient and step-saving work. The housewife who belittles the small kitchen should remember that the dining-car kitchen serves a hundred persons every meal and that the ship's kitchen or galley is often but a few feet in space. Size is not the thing. Arrangement, spacing, and selection of the right tool for the purpose needed, is all important. Any kitchen can be made larger by the use of light tones on walls, on trim and in the fittings. There has wisely been a reaction against the all-white kitchen so popular a few years ago. It looked like an operating room, lacked all charm and was tremendously difficult to keep clean. Thus it has vanished. But tones of cream, buff, yellow, warm gray, cheerful blue and the bright apple jade or pea green are ideal for kitchen decorating. So, too, black and white, perhaps with mandarin red is smart.

Having chosen the main color plan, the housewife can follow it out in fittings from the March sales. She will find these displays a riot of color. She may find a green garbage pail, a red waffle iron, and a whole set of kitchen knives boasting cobalt blue handles. But in her eagerness to bring color into the kitchen, let me warn that she not forget that the first principle in choosing equipment should be use and practicability. "Do I need this pot or appliance?" "How often will it be used in my family?" "Is it well designed?" "What is its shape from the point of view of comfort in use, amount of fuel used, ease in washing, and space on the pantry shelf when laid away?"

Too many kitchens are crowded with little novelties which are seldom used. On the other hand, many housewives hesitate before buying an appliance which would save them steps, labor or time every day in the week. The really basic question when buying is number of times of use—in short, "the investment point of view," which men have when they outfit their factories or plants. For example, a woman may be delighted with a "cute" cherry seeder which costs only a dollar. She may delightedly take it home. The same day she may have refused to pay ten dollars for a wheel-tray on which she could load all the dishes of a meal and carry the soiled ones back again to the kitchen. Which cost the most, cherry seeder or the tray? She may use the seeder 5 or 10 times during the cherry season, while the tray would be used 1,095 times in one year.

Pots and pans were never so beautiful or intriguing. But still they should be bought on a basis of size, shape and use as well as color. Overly large pots are heavy to lift and take up too much space. Pots that are too small "cockle" in the burner, tilt and spill. Pots with small bottoms waste fuel because they do not offer a large enough surface to the flame. Unless handles are smooth and put on at the right angle for easy lifting, they cause fatigue during work. If a pot is intended for heating up a little milk, making cocoa or warming beans, it should be bought in small size just for this purpose, and not a large pot which is more difficult and useless to wash. The really good cook never has too many tools! But those he or she does use are chosen for quality and 100 per cent efficient performance.

In considering what the well-dressed kitchen will wear, divide the kitchen into different groups. Thus, there is the preparing group consisting of cabinet (or table) with every beater, colander, masher, bowl which could be used in preparing. Ask yourself, are these of the best shape and type for the purpose intended? Have I too many, not enough, or not the right ones? Seek the answer in wise selection in the March sales.

Move on to the cooking group. Look at it. It consists of the range, whether gas, electric, or any other cooking device or appliance. It includes also the skillets, roasters, casseroles, broilers, every piece with which actual cooking is performed. Here again, is your kitchen a 1928 model, or is it still harboring pans that are Victorian in weight, material, shape or other point of view? In short, bring your kitchen cooking up to date. This may involve buying a waterless cooker, a fireless, pressure or similar cooking unit. It may urge you to seek a new and better type insulated range. It may force you to select a skillet which does not go up in the middle and down on the side so that food is burned or scorched. Size up every item and discard all those which do not do the work in the best manner.

Appetizing Menus for the Week

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
Breakfast	*Breakfast*	*Breakfast*	*Breakfast*	*Breakfast*	*Breakfast*	*Breakfast*
Oatmeal with Raisins, Toast, Coffee.	Fruit Juice, Codfish Cakes, Toasted Rolls, Coffee.	Prunes with Lemon, Poached Eggs on Buttered Toast, Coffee.	Stewed Dried Fruit, Scrambled Shad Roe and Eggs. Muffins, Coffee.	Whole Wheat Cereal, Top Milk, Broiled Bacon, Corn Oysters, Toasted Left-over Muffins, Coffee.	Canned Tomato Juice, Cereal Beef Hash, Rolls, Coffee.	Fruit, French Omelet, Muffins, Coffee.
Luncheon	*Luncheon*	*Luncheon*	*Luncheon*	*Luncheon*	*Luncheon*	*Dinner*
Potato and Liver Pie.	Stewed Dried Lima Beans, Cabbage and Green Pepper Salad, Apple Butter, Tea.	Mexican Corn Pudding, Tomato Jelly Salad, French Dressing, Fruit Turnovers.	Deviled Leeks on Toast, Deep Apple Pie with Hard Sauce.	Deviled Ham Sandwiches, Crackers, Pickles, Apricot Trifle, Half Cups Coffee.	Baked Beans, Raisin Brown Bread, Apple Snow with Finely Chopped Pistachio Nuts.	Beef Loaf, Brown Mushroom Sauce, String Beans with Okra and Tomatoes, Rhubarb and Banana Whip, One-Egg Cake.
Lettuce Salad, Jelly Jumbles, Tea.	*Dinner*	*Dinner*	*Dinner*	*Dinner*	*Dinner*	*Supper*
Dinner	Roast of Lamb, Browned Potatoes, Green Peas, Apple Mint Jelly, Pear Salad. French Dressing, Favorite Cake, Half Cups Coffee.	Thinly Sliced Cold Lamb, Mint Jelly, Vegetables in Casserole, Snow Balls with Chocolate Sauce.	Kornols of Pork with Brown Sauce, Steamed Rice, Creamed Sweet Potatoes, Grated Raw Carrot Salad, Lemon Jelly with Whipped Cream.	Sausage Balls, Mashed Potatoes, Buttered Spinach or Cauliflower, Emergency Pudding (Left-over Fruits or Juices).	Brunswick Stew, Corn Bread, One-Two-Three Dessert.	Left-over Brunswick Stew, Reheated Rolls, Orange Cup.
Baked Bean and Tomato Soup, Croutons, Corn Souffle, Creamed Potatoes, Jellied Relish Salad, Gingerbread with Marshmallow Sauce.						

FREE! Instructions and Decals for Making Lovely Sweet Peas

NOW, by a new method, you can make these dainty sweet peas easily at home—perfect, delicate-hued blossoms your friends will insist are real.

Making beautiful flowers of Dennison's Crepe Paper is a delightful new craft that is popular everywhere. They cost so little and are simple to make. You can make flowers of every color and variety, from pale narcissus to glowing crimson roses and golden poppies. They are smart for home decoration and lovely for personal wear. They make gay centerpieces at luncheons and dinners and banquets. They are charming for favors. And they're easy to sell.

Special Demonstration Offer

So that you may prove to your complete satisfaction how easily you can make flowers by this new plan, we will send you absolutely free complete instructions and materials for making sweet peas. Simply send this coupon.

Dennison-crafT

Dennison's, Dept. 15-Q, Framingham, Mass.
I am interested in your new method of making Crepe Paper Flowers. Please send me free sample instructions and materials for making Sweet Peas

Name .....
Street (or R.F.D.) .....
City ..... State .....
Why not let us include some of these famous Dennison books? Check those you want and we will send them 5¢ for each.
.... Crepe Paper Costumes — .... Sealing Wax Craft
.... Table Decorations — .... Weaving Paper Rugs
.... Decorating Halls — .... Party Magazine (10¢)
.... Lamp Shade Packet (25¢)

Old Recipes That Have Never Failed

By Mary Lee Swann,
The Well-Known Writer and Lecturer on Cooking.

Apples for Parties.

PARE and core apples. Place in baking dish. Sprinkle generously with sugar and put 2 or 3 tiny red cinnamon or spice candies in each apple and add a little water. Bake in a hot oven until nearly transparent.

Waldorf Salad.

MIX lightly 1 cup sliced apples, 1 cup diced celery, 1 tablespoon lemon juice and ½ teaspoon salt. Add ½ cup broken nut meats and 1 cup mayonnaise and mix well, using a fork so that the apple slices will not be crushed. Serve on crisp lettuce.

Wafers.

SIFT 1 pint flour with 1 teaspoon salt. Work in 2½ tablespoons lard and add ice water to make a stiff dough. Roll very thin. Cut out with biscuit cutter and prick with a fork. Bake until delicately colored.

Tasty Dessert.

FOR a change in dessert, cut up oranges, bananas and pineapple (and a little apple if desired). Cover with sugar. A little water may be added if there is not enough juice. Serve in sherbet glasses, together with any fancy cake.

American Weekly Patterns

A STYLISH MODEL FOR YOUTHFUL FIGURES (6083). The pattern is cut in 3 sizes: 16, 18 and 20 years. An 18-year size, if made as illustrated, will require 1¼ yards of 32-inch lining or other material for the underbody and 3⅛ yards of 39-inch material for the dress.

AN ATTRACTIVE GOWN (6079). The pattern is cut in 6 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. To make the dress as illustrated for a 38-inch size will require 1 yard of 32-inch lining for the underbody and 4¼ yards of 35-inch material, together with ½ yard of contrasting material.

A PRACTICAL MORNING FROCK FOR WOMEN OF MATURE FIGURE (6087). The pattern is cut in 9 sizes: 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52 and 54 inches bust measure. A 42-inch size will require 4⅝ yards of 36-inch material together with ⅝ yard of contrasting material.

A PRETTY FROCK FOR A LITTLE MISS (6090). The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 4, 6, 8 and 10 years. A 6-year size will require 2 yards of 36-inch material, together with ⅛ yard of contrasting material for facing on the belt and 1⅞ yards of narrow bias binding put on as illustrated.

A COMFORTABLE SUIT FOR THE SMALL BOY (6099). The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 2, 4, 6 and 8 years. A 6-year size will require 2¾ yards of 27-inch material, together with ⅝ yard of contrasting material.

To obtain any one of these desirable patterns, fill in the accompanying coupon and mail, with 12c in silver or stamps for each pattern (each number represents one pattern), to

AMERICAN WEEKLY PATTERNS,
P. O. BOX NO. 280,
CITY HALL STATION,
NEW YORK, N. Y.

AMERICAN WEEKLY PATTERNS,
P. O. Box No. 280, City Hall Station,
New York, N. Y.
12c EACH

6083....Years | 6087....Bust
6079....Bust | 6090....Years
6099....Years

Name .....
St. & No. .....
City & State .....

Send 10c in silver or stamps for our Up-to-Date Spring and Summer 1928 Book of Fashions, in colors, with comprehensive dress-making suggestions.

"WHY, BILLY . . .
HOW CAN YOU EAT
WITH SUCH DIRTY HANDS?"
27 Germ Diseases that hands may carry
—just from touching things
Compiled by LIFE EXTENSION INSTITUTE

This purifying toilet soap guards family health

Removes *germs* from hands as well as dirt

AS A CAREFUL MOTHER—what better way to guard your loved ones against disease—than to warn them against germ-laden hands?

Your children may think you're too fussy about clean hands. But you'll find they can be made to realize the importance of removing germs from hands frequently—especially before eating—if the dangers are really explained.

A simple health precaution

Tell youngsters why our hands can't avoid picking up germs along with dirt. Show them how many times a day our hands *must* touch things where germs may hide—books, toys, door-knobs, money, telephones. Much-handled, unavoidable things that may leave germs on our hands—to be passed into the mouth.

Name for your family some of the 27 germ diseases, listed above, that the Life Extension Institute says hands *may* spread.

And above all else, for greater safety, just see that *everyone* in your home always uses this delightful, purifying toilet soap that millions enjoy—Lifebuoy. Its bland and abundant antiseptic lather removes *germs* as well as dirt.

Millions enjoy its clean *scent*

Children, men and women too, quickly learn to love Lifebuoy's pleasant *clean* scent—which tells you Lifebuoy purifies—yet which quickly evaporates after rinsing.

And the same gentle, antiseptic Lifebuoy lather that guards health by removing germs—keeps skins fresh and clear by purifying pores. Prevents embarrassing body odor, too.

Use Lifebuoy a week and you'll use it for life. Get some today.

LEVER BROS. CO., *Cambridge, Mass.*

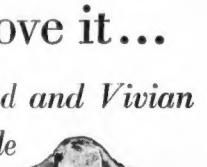
LIFEBUOY

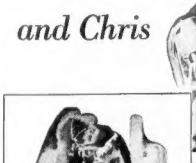
FOR FACE? LIFEBUOY HEALTH SOAP HANDS? BATH?

PROTECTS HEALTH — STOPS BODY ODOR

To prove it...

Here's David and Vivian and Gertrude and Chris





Vivian is the daughter of Mrs. E. Brashear, 1301 South Walker St., Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. Vivian was put on Eagle Brand at nine days of age, and kept on this milk throughout the entire feeding period. Her mother writes: "Vivian is now eleven years old. The school physician says she is exceptionally healthy. Our dentist says her teeth and mouth formation are as near perfect as he has ever seen."

David Richardson of Fresno, California, was recently crowned king of the babies of his home town. Four leading physicians examined all contestants in a baby contest and pronounced David "the most perfect." His mother writes to tell us this with pride—and to say that David has been "a constant and exclusive user of Eagle Brand since he was two months old."

Here's another prize winner—Gertrude Newell, 72 Oakland Ave., Jersey City, N. J. At one year old she was the proud possessor of two 100% health certificates, a medal and a loving cup. Not to mention sixteen teeth! The photograph shows her at the age of two. Mrs. Newell writes: "My doctor told me to put Gertrude on Eagle Brand when she was six weeks old. She has never been sick a day since."

Chris Kitchler lives at 2324 Florence St., Victoria, Canada. The doctor prescribed Eagle Brand for Chris when he was two weeks old. His very proud father writes: "If you had seen that baby go for that milk it would have done your heart good. We kept him on it until he was old enough to go on solid food." As for Chris's health his father says: "The picture speaks for itself!"

THE millions of sturdy children who have been raised on Eagle Brand furnish overwhelming proof of its value as an infant food. It is pure, fresh, whole cow's milk, modified by the addition of refined sugar and condensed by the removal of most of the water. The sugar furnishes the carbohydrates required by all infants. The milk supplies bone and tissue-building materials and growth-promoting vitamins. And in ease of digestion Eagle Brand can only be compared to mother's milk!

If you cannot nurse your baby, we suggest that you and your physician consider this food. It is always pure and uniform. Safe for traveling or for use in hot climates. Send for free booklets, containing practical feeding information and suggestions for the supplementary foods—orange or tomato juice, cereals, cod liver oil, etc.,—now generally advised by physicians. Just mail the coupon!

L.-o.-h. W.—9-18-28.

THE BORDEN COMPANY, Borden Building
350 Madison Avenue, New York, N. Y.

Please send me my free copies of "Baby's Welfare" and "What Other Mothers Say." My baby is ..... months old.

Name .....
Address .....
City ..... State .....

© 1928, by American Weekly, Inc. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

Why—"not a cough in a carload"

Possibly you think that "not a cough in a carload" . . . is just an advertising phrase . . . Wrong! It is more than a slogan . . . it's a fact! For these reasons: [1] *The finest tobaccos that grow* [2] Only the "heart-leaves" from the heart of the tobacco plant [3] Selected for their silkiness and ripeness to insure that *honey-like smoothness* [4] Extra long mellowing and ageing in a temperature of mid-July sunshine [5] All tobacco, pure tobacco, *the finest tobaccos that grow*

OLD GOLD

SMOOTHER . . . *BETTER* . . . NOT A COUGH IN A CARLOAD